Supplement to The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1871.

THE STOLEN VOUCHERS.

A Fac-Similie of New-York County Book-Keeping.

THE COURT-HOUSE WARRANTS IN THEIR ORIGINAL ORDER

Expenditures in Full of Various Departments and Civil and Criminal Courts.

MINOR ILLUSTRATIONS OF SWINDLING.

The long array of accounts which follows represents all the information which the books of the Controller's Office present in regard to the vouchers said to have been stolen by HAGERTY and BAULUS at the instigation of the men who had reason to fear the consequence of the revelation which would have been made by the production of these papers. It must be observed that there are a great many items of expenditure for which the detailed vouchers were stolen, which were not necessarily of a fraudulent character. The thieves had to make a clean sweep of the place of deposit for the Ingersoll, Garvey, Keyser and other similar vouchers, and of course carried with them a good many others which afforded no condemnatory evidence against the Ring.

The following exhibit, apart from its importance in a legal sense, has a special value as affording a very clear insight into the mode of County book-keeping. We have on several occasions explained how the hocus-pocus of putting accounts of precisely the same character under two or three different heads facilitated the concealment of gross frauds upon the Treasury. An inspection of what follows will give additional force to this explanation. The working apparatus of fraud is laid bare, and the significance of "adjusted claims," "County liabilities," "contingencies," "riot damages," &c., will now be more readily understood. The larger proportion of these figures has already been fully systematized and digested in the TIMES pamphlet on Tammany frauds. A reference to the separate arrangement of the items there made will be necessary to elucidate the accounts now printed. That very small portion of them which has not already appeared in these columns may furnish the occasion of future comment. The entire list should be retained, or, taken together with the TIMES pamphlet, it will be an indispensable guide to a full understanding of the very important and exciting developments of which it will shortly be made the pivot in our local Courts.

1870.

ARMORIES AND DRILL-ROOMS.

Date.	Reg. No.	Warr. No.		
Dec. 30—126	4772	Orlando Meaes, salary as Inspector of Armories, October, 1870		$150 00

CONTINGENCIES—TAX COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Oct. 31—24	6072	Michael Coleman, services acting Assistant Tax Commissioners' office, Oct., 1870		$833 33
Oct. 31—50	79	Michael Coleman, petty expenses office		77 30

DISBURSEMENTS AND FEES OF COUNTY OFFICES AND WITNESSES.

June 9—194	2773	C. A. Stetson & Son, refreshments furnished Grand Jury-room, Feb. 22, 1869		$64 85

ELECTION EXPENSES.

June 24—75	2782	Andrew Leonard, services during naturalization, Superior Court, 1868 and 1869		$250 00
Oct. 7—116	4966	New-York *Abend-Zeitung*, advertising canvass election, May, 1870		1,063 00

CARE AND MANAGEMENT OF McCOMB'S DAM BRIDGE.

Jan. 25— 2	81	W. A. Bradbrook, one-half amount bill of coal, Dec. 4, 1866, to Feb. 4, 1869		$6 00
Jan. 25— 7	86	Theo. F. Tone, one-half amount bill of coal, Feb. 8, 1869		4 00
July 21—15	2297	C. O. Hubbel, coal furnished Nov. 3, 1868		12 00
July 21—17	2299	J. Columins' Sons, removing timber for bridge, Nov. 9, 1868		10 00

SALARIES, EXECUTIVE.

Jan. 25— 7	120 to 188	G. H. Andrews and others, Bar-roll Tax Commissioner's Office, January, 1870		$15,416 83

ADJUSTED CLAIMS.

Jan. 25— 1	6	New-York Printing Company, printing for Executive Departments, and Judiciary, March 29 to Oct. 31, 1869	173,021 86	
Jan. 25— 2	7	New-York Printing Co., printing for Board of Supervisors, May 10 to Oct. 31, 1869	191,865 62	
Jan. 25— 3	9	N. Y. Printing Co., stationery and blank-books for the County, May 3 to Oct. 31, 1869	43,615 00	
Jan. 25— 4	8	Manufac. Stationers, stationery and blank-books for the County, March 1 to April 26, 1869	12,994 48	
Jan. 25— 5	10	Treasurer's Account, Advertising for the County, June 2 to Oct. 30	30,019 60	
Jan. 25— 6	16	James McGowan, services Board of County Canvassers, November, 1868	600 00	
Jan. 25— 7	19	W. C. Rogers & Co., stationery furnished the County Jan. 7 to Dec. 29, 1869	22,063 99	
Jan. 25— 8	20	Keyser & Co., plumbing, labor and materials County buildings, April 24 to July 3, '68.	38,000 00	
Jan. 25— 9	21	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, Dec. 23, 1869	3,188 20	
Jan. 25—10	22	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, Dec. 23, 1868	9,493,54	
Jan. 25—11	31	G. S. Miller, work, labor and materials, County buildings, Aug. 19 to Sept. 11, 1868	20,391 64	
Jan. 25—12	32	G. S. Miller, carpenter-work and materials, County buildings, June 4, 1869	23,006 38	
Jan. 25—13	63	Ingersoll & Co., furniture furnished County buildings, July 17, 1868	20,655 79	
Jan. 25—14	64	W. C. Rogers & Co., ledgers for consolidated debt and bonds, Aug. 15, 1869	45 00	
Jan. 25—15	66	George S. Miller, alteration and repairs, labor, &c., County buildings, Aug. 5, 1868	26,042 99	
Jan. 25—16	67	Ingersoll & Co., furniture furnished County buildings, May 15, 1868	22,556 00	
Jan. 25—17	70	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, Oct. 29 to Dec. 15, 1868	943 57	
Jan. 25—18	71	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, July 20, 1868	218 64	
Jan. 25—19	72	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, Dec. 31, 1868	18 15	
Jan. 25—20	73	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, Aug. 20 to Oct 20, 1868	662 73	
Jan. 25—21	74	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, July 18 to Sept. 5, 1868	1,662 77	
Jan. 25—22	75	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, July 8 to 20th, 1868	254 32	
Jan. 25—23	76	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, repairs, &c., County buildings, July 18, 1868	190 68	
Jan. 25—24	77	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, work, labor and materials furnished to buildings and offices, Jan. 1, 7, 13, and June 1	259 88	
Jan. 25—25	78	Estate of Lewis Carpenter, work, labor and materials furnished to buildings and offices, Nov. 11, 1868, to Feb. 20, 1869	311 47	
Jan. 27—26	329	G. S. Miller, carpenter-labor and materials furnished buildings and offices, Sept. 23, 1868	25,305 49	
Jan. 27—27	330	A. Hall, Jr., painting-labor and materials furnished to buildings and offices, Jan. 4 to 29, 1869	190 88	
Jan. 27—28	331	A. Hall, Jr., painting labor and materials furnished to buildings and offices, Oct. 20, 1868	1,549 39	
Jan. 27—29	333	C. H. Jacobus, carpenter-work and materials furnished to buildings and offices, June 1, 1869		
Jan. 27—31	334	C. H. Jacobus, carpenter-work and materials furnished to buildings and offices, April 21 to Sept. 8, 1868	1,389 25	
Jan. 27—32	495	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal and wood furnished this County, March 6 to 20, 1869	3,470 61	
Jan. 27—33	496	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal furnished this County, March 20 to April 20, 1869	1,104 50	
Jan. 27—34	497	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal furnished this County, March 20 to April 20, 1869	1,669 00	
Jan. 27—35	498	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal and wood furnished this County, Dec. 23 to Feb. 7, 1869	2,700 00	
Jan. 27—36	499	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal and wood furnished this County, March 6 to May 15, 1869	3,200 00	
Jan. 27—37	500	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal and wood furnished this County, March 6 to May 15, 1869	3,197 50	
Jan. 27—38	501	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal and wood furnished this County, Dec. 23 to Feb. 27, 1869	5,854 00	
Feb. 1—39	568	J. T. Barnard & Sons, coal and wood furnished this County, April 1 to May 8, 1869	1,738 00	
Feb. 1—40	567	T. W. Roe & Co., law and blank books furnished this County, Nov. 27, 1868	969 00	
Feb. 1—41	568	T. W. Roe & Co., stationery furnished this County, Nov. 24, 1868	13,789 31	
Feb. 1—42	569	T. W. Roe & Co., stationery furnished this County, Dec. 1, 1868	12,775 98	
Feb. 1—43	594	Ingersoll & Co., balance due on bill for furniture, of March 15, 1869, paid June 30, ($20,000 on account)	12,200 43	
Feb. 1—44	596	T. W. Roe & Co., bal. due on bill for stationery, March 15, 1868, of amt., ($6,943 60)	1,386 92	
Feb. 1—45	596	J. O. Seymour & Co., bal. due on bill for stationery, Feb. 1 to 22, 1869, of ac't., ($4,889 34)	4,481 45	
Feb. 1—47	598	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery, &c., furnished this Co., April 1 to 22, 1868	15,546 74	
Feb. 1—48	625	T. W. Roe & Co., stationery, &c., furnished this County Feb. 9, 1869	7,846 38	
Feb. 1—49	624	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery, &c., furnished this Co., May 1 to 25, 1868	11,707 67	
Feb. 1—50	625	Ingersoll & Co., office furniture furnished this County Aug. 21, 1869	6,316 65	
Feb. 1—51	626	Ingersoll & Co., office furniture furnished this County Sept. 20, 1869	29,404 48	
Feb. 1—52	627	Ingersoll & Co., office furniture furnished this County Sept. 9, 1869	21,212 77	
Feb. 1—53	962	Ingersoll & Co., office furniture furnished this County Oct. 6, 1869	26,961 90	
March 1—54	1068	David Bagley, services as messenger Supreme Court, Sept. 1 to Dec. 31, 1869	39,037 16	
March 1—55	1071	R. W. Peckham, holding Supreme Court in this District, May 3 to 20, 1869	300 00	
March 1—56	1070	J. Mullen, holding Supreme Court in this District, May 3 to 20, 1869	300 00	
March 1—57	1076	T. W. Roe & Co., stationery furnished this County, June 6, 1868	12,105 04	
March 1—58	1097	L. Kasinski, services as interpreter Supreme Court, years 1866 to 1868	500 00	
March 1—60	1098	L. Kasinski, services as interpreter Supreme Court, Jan. 1 to June 1, 1869	500 00	
March 1—61	1099	Jas. A. Monaghan, repairing and rebinding book County Clerk's Office, April 8, 1869	3,061 45	
March 1—62	1100	Jas. A. Monaghan, repairing and rebinding book Register's Office, April 8, 1869	3,196 85	
March 1—63	1101	Jas. A. Monaghan, repairing and rebinding book Receiver of Taxes, April 8, 1869	3,175 92	
March 1—64	1105	Geo. S. Miller, work, labor and materials furnished County buildings and offices, May 15, 1869, upon account Board Supervisors	20,225 00	
March 22—66	1107	Keyser & Co., plumbing, labor and materials furnished County building and offices, May 4 to July 22, 1869	20,215 67	
March 22—67	1108	T. W. Roe & Co., stationery, &c., furnished County offices, May 31, 1869	13,741 41	
April 8—68	1530	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials furnished County buildings and offices, Nov. 1, 1869	24,578 86	
April 8—69	1531	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, Nov. 19, 1869	24,391 05	
April 8—70	1532	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, Nov. 19, 1869	29,655 29	
April 8—71	1533	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, Nov. 22, 1869	25,931 83	
April 8—72	1534	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, Nov. 27, 1869	28,264 86	
April 8—73	1535	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, Nov. 29, 1869	20,461 98	
April 8—74	1536	Geo. S. Smith, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, Aug. 7, 1869	15,909 69	
April 8—75	1537	Geo. S. Smith, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, July 23, 1869	22,494 74	
April 8—76	1538	Geo. S. Smith, work, labor and materials, County buildings, on acc't. Board Supervisors, June 10, 1869		
May 10—77	2022	James J. Roosevelt, balance due him as Justice Supreme Court, years 1853 to 1861, (see voucher 25,770 of 1868)	21,419 99	
Dec. 29—78	6082	H. J. Porkes, professional services as attorney in suits vs. Board of Supervisors years 1867, 1868	7,709 46	
Dec. 29—79	6083	D. J. Dean, professional services as attorney in suits vs. Board Supervisors	5,128 20	
			3,021 88	

COUNTY LIABILITIES.

May 5— 1	1994	Cummins S. Bedford, Jr., legal services while Ass't Dist.-Attorney, years 1865 to 1868	$6,500 00	
May 5— 2	1995	Chas. Worley, making abstracts and copying records, Board of Supervisors, year 1869	500 00	
May 5— 3	1996	Peter Rannion, making abstracts and copying records, Board of Supervisors, year 1869	500 00	
May 5— 4	1997	Michael I. Kelly, making abstracts and copying records, Board of Supervisors, yr. 1869	500 00	
May 5— 5	2012	J. A. Smith, carpets furnished new County Court-house, June 22, 1869	14,092 26	
May 5— 6	2013	A. J. Garvey, plasterers and mason-work, new County Court-house, Dec. 4, 1869	45,025 07	
May 5— 7	2014	Ingersoll & Co., furniture, &c., new County Court-house, Dec. 16, 1869	54,952 87	
May 5— 9	2016	J. A. Smith, curtains, shades, &c., new County Court-house, Sept. 13, 1869	36,069 60	
May 5—10	2017	C. D. Bollar & Co., furniture, &c., new County Court-house, Oct. 18, 1869	38,114 06	
May 5—11	2018	C. D. Bollar & Co., furniture, &c., new County Court-house, Oct. 26, 1869	39,260 17	
May 5—12	2019	George S. Miller, carpenter-work, new County Court-house, May 18, 1869	42,129 67	
May 5—13	2020	A. Oakey Hall, disbursements as District-Attorney during the year 1867	1,500 00	
May 5—14	2021	Jos. B. Young, contingent expenses office Clerk Board Supervisors to Nov. 24, 1869	550 00	
May 5—15	2022	Jos. B. Young, contingent expenses office Clerk Board Supervisors to Jan. 1, 1870	499 35	
May 15—16	2026	George S. Miller, carpenter-work, new County Court-house, Sept. 29, 1869	38,902 98	
May 15—17	2027	C. D. Bollar & Co., cabinet-work, new County Court-house, July 18, 1869	69,979 00	
May 15—18	2028	A. J. Garvey, plastering, new County Court-house, Dec. 6, 1869	45,325 62	
May 15—19	2029	A. J. Garvey, painting and decorating, new County Court-house, Dec. 23, 1869	44,599 00	
May 21—21	2035	J. A. Smith, carpets and shades, new County Court-house, Feb. 21, 1870	24,515 73	
May 21—22	2036	C. D. Bollar & Co., fitting up new County Court-house, March 6, 1870	39,980 16	
May 21—23	2037	C. D. Bollar & Co., fitting up new County Court-house, Jan. 20, 1870	69,614 09	
May 21—24	2038	Ingersoll & Co., cabinet-work, new County Court-house, July 23, 1870	70,117 50	
May 21—25	2039	Ingersoll & Co., cabinet-work, new County Court-house, Oct. 17, 1869	64,964 02	
May 21—26	2040	A. J. Garvey, plastering and mason-work, new County Court-house, Dec. 11, 1869	42,444 46	
May 21—27	2041	A. J. Garvey, painting and decorating, new County Court-house, Dec. 21, 1869	44,606 91	
May 21—28	2042	A. J. Garvey, painting and decorating, new County Court-house, Dec. 23, 1869	44,321 16	
May 21—29	2043	Geo. S. Miller, carpenter-work, new County Court-house, Dec. 18, 1869	24,920 66	
May 25—30	2044	Keyser & Co., plumbing, &c., new County Court-house, May 22, 1869 to March 18, 1870	31,007 79	
May 25—31	2045	Keyser & Co., plumbing, &c., new County Court-house, Feb. 18 to April 22, 1870	38,093 70	
May 25—32	2047	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting, &c., new County Court-house, April 20 to Oct. 18, 1869	38,445 84	
May 25—34	2048	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting, &c., new County Court-house, May 3 to July 24, 1869	37,448 02	
May 27—35	2304	A. J. Garvey, materials and labor, Dec. 24, 1869	46,970 42	
May 27—36	2308	C. D. Bollar & Co., cabinet-work to Aug. 28, 1869	125,000 00	
May 28—37	2390	A. J. Garvey, material and labor, Dec. 24, 1869	62,300 81	
May 28—38	2391	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Aug. 31, 1869	39,361 67	
May 28—39	2392	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting on new Court-house Nov. 16, 1869 to April 1, 1870	21,014 88	
May 28—40	2393	Ingersoll & Co., furniture to County buildings and offices, Oct. 21, 1869	46,814 09	
May 28—41	2394	Ingersoll & Co., furniture to County buildings and offices, Nov. 3, 1869	66,844 19	
May 28—42	2395	J. A. Smith, carpets to new County Court-house, Feb. 21, 1870	71,023 46	
May 28—43	2396	J. Kendrick, machinery oil furnished, new County Court-house Aug. 19 to Nov. 20, '69	1,314 36	
May 28—44	2397	John O'Brien, thermometers furnished new County Court-house May, 1870	7,500 00	
May 28—45	2443	Ingersoll & Co., furniture, &c., Court-rooms and offices, Dec. 27, 1869	68,218 82	
May 30—46	2444	A. J. Garvey, materials and labor new Court-house, Dec. 24, 1869	40,696 84	
May 30—47	2461	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes, &c., furnished this County Dec. 16, 1869 to Jan. 4, 1870	65,615 76	
June 2—48	2481	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes, &c., furnished this County July 24, 1867 to Dec. 14, 1869	32,583 51	
June 2—49	2482	Ingersoll & Co., furniture furnished this County Feb. 5, 1870	54,030 26	
June 2—50	2483	A. J. Garvey, materials and labor new County Court-house, Dec. 24, 1869	48,323 16	
June 2—51	2484	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and office, Nov. 29, 1869	41,399 36	
June 2—52	2485	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and office, Nov. 26, 1869	41,180 43	
June 2—53	2487	A. J. Smith, carpets, &c., County buildings and office, Dec. 27, 1869	63,176 07	
June 2—55	2488	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., County buildings and office, Sept. 22, 1869	37,326 03	
June 2—56	2504	J. A. Smith, carpets, &c., County Court-house, Aug. 4, 1869	42,291 45	
June 2—57	2506	J. A. Smith, carpets, &c., County buildings and offices, June 21, 1869	46,269 22	
June 2—58	2506	J. A. Smith, shades, County buildings and offices, Sept. 16, 1869	36,087 25	
June 2—59	2507	A. J. Garvey, labor and materials new Court-house, Dec. 16, 1869	41,583 43	
June 2—60	2508	A. J. Garvey, labor and materials new Court-house, Dec. 24, 1869	40,972 16	
June 2—61	2509	A. J. Garvey, labor and materials new Court-house, Dec. 24, 1869	40,683 45	
June 2—62	2510	A. J. Garvey, labor and materials new Court-house, Dec. 24, 1869	45,774 26	
June 2—63	2511	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Dec. 18, 1869	22,381 73	
June 2—64	2512	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Oct. 25, 1869	35,663 82	
June 2—65	2513	A. W. Lockwood, articles furnished armories and drill-rooms, April 4 to July 14, 1869	6,067 43	
June 2—66	2514	A. W. Lockwood, articles furnished County Courts and offices, July 7, '69 to Dec. 9, '69.	6,416 00	
June 2—67	2515	A. W. Lockwood, articles furnished County Courts and offices, Sept. 10 to Dec. 29, '68.	6,620 55	
June 2—68	2516	Keyser & Co., plumbing County buildings and offices, June 5, 1869, to Feb. 15, 1870	11,800 31	
June 2—69	2517	Keyser & Co., plumbing County buildings and offices, May 29, 1869, to March 19, 1870	11,794 16	
June 2—70	2518	Keyser & Co., plumbing County buildings and offices, June 10, 1869, to March 29, 1870	19,326 31	
June 2—71	2519	Keyser & Co., plumbing County buildings and offices, Nov. 30, 1869, to March 1, 1870	726 65	
June 7—72	2522	New-York Printing Co., printing for Legislative Dept. Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, 1869	12,272 06	
June 7—73	2529	New-York Printing Co., stationery, &c., furnished this County Jan. 1 to March 21, '70.	26,512 84	
June 7—74	2529	New-York Printing Co. stationery, &c., furnished this County Nov. 2 to Dec. 31, '69.	21,544 00	
June 7—75	2524	New-York Printing Co. printing for Ex. Dept. and Judiciary Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, '69	109,500 08	
June 7—76	2525	New-York Printing Co. printing for Legislative Dept. Jan. 4 to March 7, 1870	10,298 83	
June 7—77	2526	New-York Printing Co. printing for Ex. Dept. and Judiciary Jan. 3 to March 31, '70.	109,407 65	
June 7—78	2527	Transcript Association, advertising for Board Supervisors Nov. 1 to 20, 1869	27,846 00	
June 7—79	2528	Transcript Association, advertising for Board Supervisors Dec. 1 to 31, 1869	1,422 45	
June 7—80	2529	Transcript Association, publishing canvass Jan. 4 to March 26, 1870	5,708 32	
June 7—81	2530	The Manuf. Stationers, stationery, furnished this County Jan. 3 to March 31, '70.	15,847 81	
June 7—82	2531	The Manufacturing Stationers, stationery furnished the Co., May 1 to Dec. 31, 1869	43,470 81	
June 7—83	2532	M. J. Martin, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—84	2533	J. B. Young, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—85	2534	Pat. McMallin, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—86	2535	G. Gerson, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—87	2536	C. F. Wheeler, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—88	2537	C. N. Wheelwright, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—89	2538	W. J. Kane, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—90	2539	S. C. Lynes, Jr., services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—91	2540	R. A. Storrs, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—92	2541	R. M. Cozzens, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—93	2542	R. Al. Woodward, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—94	2543	James Watson, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—95	2544	Chas. Turner, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—96	2545	J. J. Cummings, services cl'k to Spec. Com. on Banks, and of B'd Sup., to April 19, 1870	2,000 00	
June 7—97	2546	D. S. Yelick, extra services as Stenog'r Spec. Com., years July, 1868, to Dec., 1869	1,000 00	
June 7—98	2547	J. J. Houghtalin, services preparing annual report Committee, 1869	1,000 00	
June 7—99	2567	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Nov. 20, 1869	41,300 00	
June 7—100	2576	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Dec. 9, 1869	25,000 30	
June 10—101	2579	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Dec. 21, 1869	41,160 65	
June 10—102	2580	C. D. Bollar & Co., cabinet-work on new County Court-house, April 16, 1870	67,487 21	
June 10—103	2681	Ingersoll & Co., furniture and clock for County Court-house, March 28, 1870	66,719 10	
June 10—104	2682	Geo. S. Miller, fitting up County Court-house, Jan. 13, 1870	44,474 30	
June 10—105	2683	J. W. Smith, awnings furnished County buildings and offices, April 15, 1870	12,198 80	
June 10—107	2685	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes, &c., furnished County buildings and offices, Jan. 13 to March 8, 1870	36,405 69	
June 10—108	2686	New-York *Daily News*, advertising sundry notices for this County, June 10, 1869, to April 26, 1870	24,580 00	
June 10—109	2689	Ingersoll & Co., furniture, &c., County buildings and offices, April 18, 1870	96,299 07	
June 10—110	2690	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Nov. 4, 1869	47,774 31	
June 10—111	2691	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Dec. 20, 1869	45,102 77	
June 17—112	2761	Halsey & Co., coal and wood, Co. buildings and offices, Nov. 8, 1869, to March 30, 1870.	67,181 83	
June 17—113	2763	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Nov. 16, 1869	48,026 04	
June 17—114	2769	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Jan. 28, 1870	48,768 21	
June 17—115	2784	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., County buildings and offices, Nov. 3, 1869	45,097 67	
June 17—116	2785	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes, &c., County buildings and offices, March 14 to 26, 1870.	49,170 43	
June 17—117	2786	Ward & Stanton, fencing County Court-house yard, Court-house, &c., March, 1868	14,068 13	
June 20—118	2788	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., armories and drill-rooms, Oct. 26, 1869	49,900 83	
June 20—119	2789	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., armories and drill-rooms, June 29, 1869	44,601 06	
June 20—120	2790	Geo. S. Miller, carpenter-work, new Court-house, Feb. 8, 1870	40,966 41	
June 20—121	2791	Ingersoll & Co., cabinet-work, new Court-house	36,922 33	
June 20—122	2792	C. E. Jacobus, carpenter-work, County buildings, &c., Jan. 3, 1869, to Feb. 15, 1870	8,100 38	
June 20—124	2794	Baker & Gardner, stationery furnished this County, May 19, 1868, to Dec. 1, 1869	505 32	
June 24—125	2803	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting, &c., Co. buildings and offices, Jan. 2 to March 14, 1870	7,692 96	
June 24—126	2803	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting, &c., Co. buildings and offices, May 4 to Sept. 2, 1869	8,496 80	
June 24—127	2804	A. G. Miller, cabinet-work in new County Court-house, Jan. 8, 1870	40,962 96	
June 24—128	2805	J. A. Smith, carpets, &c., armories and drill-rooms, Dec. 23, 1869	36,441 43	
June 24—129	2806	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., armories and drill-rooms, Dec. 28, 1869	45,383 76	
June 24—130	2807	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., armories and drill-rooms, Dec. 2, 1869	45,756 37	
June 24—132	2808	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes County Courts and offices, April 8 and 13, 1870	19,817 77	
June 24—133	2809	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes County Courts and offices, April 28 and 26, 1869	13,492 18	
June 24—134	2810	Richard O'Gorman, fees in bank cases, refunding taxes 1863 and 1864	5,000 00	
June 24—135	2811	Ed. Marrener, articles furnished Co. Courts and offices, Oct. 3, '69, to March 19, '70.	38,400 00	
June 24—136	2820	Ingersoll & Co., cabinet-work and furniture for armories and drill-rooms, Dec. 27, '69.	58,890 38	
June 24—138	2821	A. G. Miller, cabinet-work and furniture Co. buildings and offices, March 29, '70.	66,163 22	
June 27—137	2822	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., Co. buildings and offices Feb. 28, 1870	44,874 59	
June 27—139	2824	J. McE. Davidson & Co., safes, &c., Co. Court-rooms and offices, April 2 to 6, '70.	63,075 37	
June 30—140	2825	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., various armories and drill-rooms, Aug. 8, 1869	40,549 24	
June 30—141	2997	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., various armories and drill-rooms, Nov. 23, 1869	44,995 99	
June 30—142	2998	Ingersoll & Co., cabinet-work armories and drill-rooms Feb. 6, 1870	54,083 83	
June 30—143	2999	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., armories and drill-rooms, Sept. 8, 1869	35,726 20	
June 30—144	3000	C. D. Bollar & Co., cabinet-work, armories and drill-rooms, Jan. 7, 1870	45,198 26	
June 30—145	3001	C. H. Jacobus, repairs to 69th Regiment armory and drill-room, May 14, 1869	3,012 67	
June 30—146	3272	A. J. Garvey, repairs, &c., various, Nov. 20, 1869	44,002 38	
June 30—147	3280	A. G. Miller, cabinet-work, April 5, 1870	55,869 01	
June 30—148	3281	C. D. Bollar & Co., fitting up, March 12, 1870	37,072 16	
June 30—149	3282	J. A. Smith, carpets, &c., March 16, 1870	37,436 97	
June 30—150	3283	Ingersoll & Co., cabinet-work, March 26	29,139 00	
July 8—151	3284	Geo. S. Miller, repairs, &c., armories and drill-rooms, Feb. 19, 1870	38,468 38	
July 8—152	3285	Geo. S. Miller, repairs to various armories and drill-rooms, March 2, 1870	45,047 32	
July 8—153	3286	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting, &c., vs. armories & drill-rooms, June 16 to Oct. 30, '69.	33,549 67	
July 8—154	3287	Archibald Hall, Jr., painting, &c., vs. armories & drill-rooms, Jan. 18 to March 12, '70.	8,802 51	
July 19—156	3336	Est. of John S. Voorhis, dec'd, law-books furnished this Co., Nov. 18, '63, to Feb. 14, '65.	3,114 70	
July 19—157	3349	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., April 1 to May, '68.	6,185 57	
July 19—158	3350	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., May 11 to June 15, '69.	8,819 85	
July 19—159	3351	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., June 10 to July 31, '69.	6,868 35	
July 19—160	3362	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., Aug. 1 to Feb. 5, '69.	10,487 43	
July 19—161	3363	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., June 2 to Sept. 30, '69.	7,377 43	
July 19—162	3364	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., Oct. 1 to 20	20,169 10	
July 19—163	3365	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., Nov. 1 to 30	19,367 45	
July 19—164	3366	J. O. Seymour, Kennard & Hay, stationery furnished this Co., Dec. 1 to 31	19,618 27	
July 26—165	3504	J. A. Smith, carpets, &c., new County Court-house, April 17, 1870	72,619 61	
July 26—166	3

1869. **ARMORIES AND DRILL-ROOMS—Continued.**

Date.	Recd. No.	Warrant No.		
June	7—110	2022	G. S. Miller, work, labor and materials for armories account Board of Supervisors, March 30 to April 16, 1869	15,494 07
June	7—111	2023	J. A. Smith, work, labor and materials for armories account Board of Supervisors, to March 13, 1869	22,436 33
June	7—112	2024	A. V. Lockwood, work, labor and materials for armories account Board of Supervisors, Jan. 31 to May 9, 1869	2,900 45
June	13—113	2099	Tim Carr, services as Armorer Sixty-ninth Regiment, Jan. 1 to May 1, 1869	156 00
June	17—114	2111	D. A. Thompson, services as Armorer Seventy-ninth Regt., June, 1868, to March, 1869	605 00
June	17—115	2112	H. Krehl, services as Armorer First Regiment, Nov. 19, 1867, to April 30, 1869	681 00
June	30—116	2694	O. Moore, services as Inspector Armories, June, 1869	150 00
July	9—117	2690	J. H. Wilcox, services as Armorer Ninth Regiment, Sept. 1, 1868, to April 1, 1869	212 00
July	10—118	2696	J. Eazen, rent armory Ninety-fifth Regiment, August, 1868, to August, 1869	601 66
July	10—119	2696	F. D. Tierney, services as Armorer Eighth Regiment, Jan. 1, 1868, to Jan. 1, 1869	469 50
July	10—120	2697	S. O'Brien, services as Armorer, No. 62 Chrystie-street, Nov. 1, 1868, to June 1, 1869	318 00
July	10—121	2698	Lewis Michaels, services as Armorer, No. 161 Orchard-street, Sept. 1, '68, to June 1, 1869	404 00
July	10—122	2726	T. Carr, services as Armorer Sixty-ninth Regiment, Aug. 1 to Dec. 31, 1869	156 00
July	31—123	3007	O. Moore, salary as Inspector Armories, July, 1869	150 00
July	31—124	3008	V. G. Hall, Ex., one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, 11th and 12th sts., 4th and 7th ave.	1,150 00
July	31—125	3209	C. B. Wood, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, No. 600 Sixth-avenue	1,125 00
July	31—126	3210	C. B. Wood, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 619 Sixth-av. and 1,260 Broadway	875 00
July	31—127	3211	J. A. Ryerson and Ira Brown, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, '69, 71 and 73 University-pl.	625 00
July	31—128	3212	W. T. & G. W. Ryerson, Exs., 1 quarter's rent to Aug. 1, '69, 2d floor 119 to 126 W. 23d-st.	2,750 00
July	31—129	3213	Ryerson, Brown & Davis, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, '69, 2d floor 119 to 126 W. 23d-st.	1,375 00
July	31—130	3214	A. B. Lane, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Hallgate, corner Seventh-street	1,500 00
July	31—131	3215	J. Hillenbrand, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 126 to 130 Hester-street	1,250 00
July	31—132	3216	W. D. F. & E. A. Manice, 1 quarter's rent to Aug. 1, '69, Manice B'ldg, B'way & 4th-av.	1,250 00
July	31—133	3217	F. W. Sterry, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, fourth floor No. 694 Broadway	1,250 00
July	31—134	3218	L. Ingersoll & W. W. Watson, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, No. 63 Chrystie-street	1,250 00
July	31—135	3219	W. Garrison, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Lyric Hall, 47th-street and Broadway	1,250 00
July	31—136	3220	H. Brunet, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 62 and 64 Greene-street	1,000 00
July	31—137	3221	Kunzer & Grube, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 37 and 37½ Bowery	1,125 00
July	31—138	3222	F. Horn, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, No. 24 Avenue A	1,000 00
July	31—139	3223	W. P. Turnure, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 321 and 323 Fourth-avenue	1,000 00
July	31—140	3224	L. S. Stockwell, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, No. 440 Broadway	1,500 00
July	31—141	3225	E. C. Barnet, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 201 and 203 Bowery	750 00
July	31—142	3226	C. F. Dickel, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Nos. 7, 9 and 11 West 26th-street	1,500 00
July	31—143	3227	F. Stevens, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, Manice Building, Broadway and 4th-av.	1,500 00
July	31—144	3228	W. D. F. & E. A. Manice, 1 quarter's rent to Aug. 1, '69, Manice B'dg, B'way & 4th-av.	1,250 00
Aug.	4—145	3267	W. D. F. & E. A. Manice, 1 quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869, 22 and 24 Delancey-street	1,500 00
Aug.	4—146	3268	E. Kahn, one quarter's rent to Aug. 1, 1869	1,000 00
Aug.	31—147	3457	O. Moore, salary as Inspector Armories, Aug. 1, 1869	150 00
Sept.	10—148	3646	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and material furnished armories and drill-rooms upon account Board Supervisors to May 16, 1869	7,991 00
Sept.	10—149	3647	A. J. Garvey, work, labor and materials furnished armories and drill-rooms upon account Board Supervisors to June 16, 1869	18,810 00
Sept.	10—150	3648	Keyser & Co., plumbing-work furnished armories and drill-rooms upon account Board Supervisors, May 17 to June 30, 1869	25,631 94
Sept.	10—151	3649	Ingersoll & Co., furniture, &c., furnished armories and drill-rooms upon account Board Supervisors, May 26, 1869	30,116 56
Sept.	10—152	3650	C. D. Boller & Co., work, labor and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, July 1, 1869	26,119 78
Sept.	10—153	3651	Geo. S. Miller, work, labor and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, May 26 to June 9, 1869	14,130 38
Sept.	10—154	3652	A. H. Ely, painting, material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, June 19 to July 8, 1869	3,942 50
Sept.	27—155	3653	A. J. Garvey, work and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, June 4, 1869	61,741 70
Sept.	30—156	3654	A. J. Garvey, work and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, June 6, 1869	18,009 30
Sept.	30—157	3657	A. S. Miller, work and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, July 3, 1869	49,790 69
Sept.	30—158	3659	O. Moore, salary as Inspector Armories, September, 1869	150 00
Sept.	30—159	3660	C. D. Boller & Co., work, labor and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, September, 1869	44,727 45
Sept.	30—160	3661	A. Marsh, upholstery and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, Sept. 2, 1869, to June 13, 1869	49,484 00
Sept.	30—161	3662	Keyser & Co., work, labor and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, March 16 to June 30, 1869	18,697 30
Oct.	11—162	3705	Geo. S. Miller, work, labor and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, May 26 to June 30, 1869	49,769 80
Oct.	11—163	3706	Keyser & Co., work, labor and material furnished armories and D. R. upon account Board Supervisors, Jan. 15 to July 5, 1869	14,070 69
Oct.	30—164	4152	O. Moore, salary as Inspector Armories, month October, 1869	150 00
Oct.	30—165	4153	F. Stevens, one quarter rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Nos. 221 to 227 Delancey-street	1,500 00
Oct.	30—166	4154	Kunzer & Grube, one quarter rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Nos. 37 and 37½ Bowery	1,125 00
Oct.	30—167	4155	E. C. Barnet, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Nos. 201 and 203 Bowery and No. 52 First-st.	750 00
Oct.	30—168	4156	C. F. Dickel, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Nos. 7, 9 and 11 West 26th-st.	1,500 00
Oct.	30—169	4157	L. S. Stockwell, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 3d, 3d and 4th floors No. 440 Broadway	2,500 00
Oct.	30—170	4158	J. Hillenbrand, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 1st, 2d and 3d floors Nos. 126 to 130 Hester-st.	1,250 00
Oct.	30—171	4159	V. G. Hall, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Palace Garden Ground	1,150 00
Oct.	30—172	4160	F. Horan, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, No. 19 Avenue A	875 00
Oct.	30—173	4161	W. Garrison, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 2d floor Lyric Hall, Broadway and 47th-st.	1,250 00
Oct.	30—174	4162	C. B. Wood, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 2d and 3d floor 619 6th-av., and 1,260 B'way	2,000 00
Oct.	30—175	4163	Ryerson, Brown & Davis, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 2d floor 119 to 126 West 23d-st.	1,375 00
Oct.	30—176	4164	J. A. Ryerson & Ira Brown, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 2d floor 71 and 73 University-pl.	625 00
Oct.	30—177	4165	A. S. Lane, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Hallgate Hall-place	1,500 00
Oct.	30—178	4166	W. D. F. & E. A. Manice, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, B'way, 4th-av., 24th and 25th sts.	3,750 00
Oct.	30—179	4167	W. T. & G. W. Ryerson, exs., one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, pt. 2d floor 119 to 126 W. 23d-st.	2,750 00
Oct.	30—180	4168	F. W. Sterry, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 4th floor No. 694 Broadway	1,250 00
Oct.	30—181	4169	E. Kahn, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, Nos. 22 to 24 Delancey-st.	1,000 00
Oct.	30—182	4170	L. Ingersoll & W. W. Watson, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 3d and 4th floors 63 Chrystie-st.	1,250 00
Oct.	30—183	4171	H. Brunet, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, upper floor Nos. 62 and 64 West Houston-st.	2,000 00
Oct.	30—184	4172	W. P. Turnure, one qr. rent to Nov. 1, 1869, 3d and 4th floors Nos. 321 and 323 4th-av.	1,000 00
Nov.	30—185	4563	O. Moore, salary Inspector Armories and Drill-rooms, November, 1869	150 00
Dec.	31—186	5410	O. Moore, salary Inspector Armories and Drill-rooms, December, 1869	150 00

ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS.

Feb.	19— 1	982	Treasurer of Institution, clothing pupils in Institution year 1869	6970 00

COPYING RECORDS IN OFFICE OF CLERK COURT COMMON PLEAS.

Oct.	12— 1	3816	E. McCue, copying records in office Clerk Court Common Pleas, June, 1869	$106 00
Oct.	12— 2	3817	E. McCue, copying records in office Clerk Court Common Pleas, July, 1869	94 00
Oct.	12— 3	3818	E. McCue, copying records in office Clerk Court Common Pleas, August, 1869	97 00
Nov.	16— 4	4877	E. McCue, copying records in office Clerk Court Common Pleas, September, 1869	69 00
Dec.	3— 5	5043	E. McCue, copying records in office Clerk Court Common Pleas to Dec. 1, 1869	69 50

1869. CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF COLES ON HARLEM BRIDGE.

Jan.	26— 4	408	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, January, 1869	$63 33
Feb.	27— 2	621	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, February, 1869	63 33
March	31— 4	1733	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, March, 1869	63 33
April	30— 4	2432	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, April, 1869	63 33
May	31— 6	3040	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, May, 1869	63 33
June	30— 4	3671	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, June, 1869	63 33
July	31— 6	4160	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, July, 1869	63 33
Aug.	31— 6	4426	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, August, 1869	63 33
Sept.	30— 9	5097	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, September, 1869	63 33
Oct.	30—10	4105	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, October, 1869	63 33
Nov.	30—11	4945	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, November, 1869	63 33
Dec.	31—12	5408	Denis Hanley, salary as Keeper Old Third-avenue Bridge, December, 1869	63 33

CONTINGENCIES CONTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Feb.	12— 1	554	Seymour & Co., carriage hire Controller's Office to May, 1869	117 61
Feb.	24— 2	563	Seconds Manufacturing Company, stamp for County Bureau, Feb. 16, 1869	12 50
May	13— 3	1621	R. B. Connolly, expenses at Albany in relation to Tax Levy of 1869	600 00
May	13— 4	1631	T. F. Maher, services as temporary clerk County Bureau, Jan. 1 to April 30, 1869	600 00
May	13— 5	1632	James Watson, expenses at Albany in relation to Tax Levy of 1869	600 00
May	20— 6	1638	R. A. Storrs, expenses at Albany in relation to County Tax Levy	400 40
June	3— 7	2369	G. F. Bradley, services in Receiver of Taxes Office, October and November, 1868	300 00
June	25— 8	2716	H. Stoerz, Assistant Deputy Controller in County office, 1868-69	113 00
July	15— 9	2728	C. W. Lawrence, Watchman County Bureau, six months to June 30, 1869	150 00
July	15—10	2729	M. Reagan, expenses of Clerk Controller, on County account to July 2, 1869	113 00
Aug.	4—11	2964	J. Watson, contingent expenses County Bureau, Jan. 1 to July 1, 1869	224 00
Aug.	4—12	2965	C. B. Woodruff, services temporary clerk County Bureau, July, 1869	100 00
Aug.	4—13	2966	P. McGuiness, services temporary clerk County Bureau, July, 1869	60 00
Sept.	7—14	3613	C. W. Lawrence, contingent expenses clerk to Controller on Co. acc't to Aug. 31, 1869	78 70
Sept.	7—15	3614	P. Jarvis, services temporary clerk County Bureau, June, July and August, 1869	300 00
Sept.	7—16	3617	J. F. Bergen, services temporary clerk, July 1 to January, 1869	300 00
Sept.	7—17	3618	C. B. Woodruff, services temporary clerk, August, 1869	100 00
Sept.	7—18	3621	W. Smith, services temporary clerk, August, 1869	75 00
Sept.	7—19	3622	L. Spallon, services temporary clerk, August, 1869	75 00
Sept.	20— 20	3671 and 3672	C. B. Woodruff, services temporary clerk, September, 1869	300 00
Oct.	12— 21	3815	C. W. Lawrence, contingent expenses of office to Clerk to Controller to Oct. 9	46 31
Oct.	12— 22	3861	W. Smith, services temporary clerk County Bureau, September	75 00
Oct.	12— 23	3862	L. Spallon, services temporary clerk County Bureau, September	75 00
Oct.	12— 24	3863	Ed. Lennon, services temporary clerk County Bureau, August and September, 1869	200 00
Oct.	20— 25	4006	W. H. Merriam, services temporary clerk Co. Bureau, August and September, 1869	200 00
Nov.	4— 26	4522	P. Jarvis, services temporary clerk County Bureau, October and September	150 00
Nov.	16— 27	4868	C. B. Woodruff, services temporary clerk County Bureau, October and September	150 00
Nov.	16— 28	4869	John Delmore, August, September and October	150 00
Nov.	16— 29	4868	J. J. Bevins, Jan. 1 to May 31	800 00
Dec.	1— 30	5039 and 5061	P. Jarvis and others, Nov. 31	216 66
Dec.	16— 31	5120 and 5616	C. W. Lawrence, petty expenses clerk to Controller to Dec. 9	36 89
Dec.	31— 32	5618 and 5619	P. Jarvis and others, salaries temporary clerks County Bureau, December	966 32
Dec.	31— 33	5619	M. Reagan, watchman County Bureau six months	150 00
Dec.	31— 34	5620	P. F. Mahon, clerk County Bureau six months to Nov. 1	500 00

CONTINGENCIES—INSPECTION OF BUILDINGS.

June	17— 1	2116	J. J. Bowes & Bro., repairs to railing in office, March 26, 1869	$75 21
June	17— 2	2117	J. E. & W. W. Cornell, iron-work for Building Department, March, 1869	53 83
June	17— 3	2118	K. Kreskel, safe for Building Department, June, 1869	125 00
June	17— 4	2119	W. A. Speight, painting for Building Department, March, 1869	300 63
June	17— 5	2120	W. A. Speight, stationery for Building Department, to March, 1869	194 75
June	17— 6	2121	W. A. Speight, stationery for Building Department, March, 1869	425 00
June	17— 7	2122	J. J. Tindall, affidavits for Building Department, April 30, 1868, to May 10, 1869	590 25
June	17— 8	2123	Henry Dudley, Secretary, sweeping buildings for Building Department, Oct. 2, 1868, to June 1, 1869	300 00
June	17— 9	2124	C. L. Bates, locks for Department buildings, February, 1869	20 70
June	17—10	2125	E. D. Beesford, articles for Department buildings, Aug. 16, 1868, to March 8, 1869	22 75
June	17—11	2126	Alfred Ives, plumbing for Department buildings, Jan. 4, 1869	241 40
June	17—12	2127	W. H. Glass, Postage for Department buildings, June 1, 1867, to June 1, 1869	75 40
June	17—13	2128	Austin & Throckmorton, repairing clocks for Department buildings, to March 9, 1869	10 00
June	17—14	2129	S. W. Chadbourne, taking down building No. 100 South-street	60 40
July	31—15	1398	H. Dudley, Secretary, surveys and ex. for Unsafe Building Department, May 25 to July 15, 1869	170 45
July	15—16	1399	H. Braisted, salary as clerk to attorney of Building Department, Jan. 1 to June 1, 1869	300 00
Oct.	12—17	2824	J. L. Burns, salary as messenger of Unsafe Building Dep't, June 1 to Sept. 30, 1869	66 68
Oct.	12—18	2825	M. A. Wilson, maps furnished to Building Department, Oct. 15, 1869	20 72
Oct.	12—19	2826	J. J. Tindall, administering affidavits for Building Department, June 30 to Sept. 30, 1869	263 12
Oct.	12—20	2827	S. O. Clapp, extra services as clerk to Building Dep't, June 1 to June 30, 1869	66 68
Oct.	12—21	2828	G. W. Dean, Jr., ice furnished Unsafe Building Dep't, November, 1868, to Oct'r, 1869	159 38
Oct.	12—22	2829	G. W. Butt, horse and wagon for Unsafe Building Dep't, Jan. 1, 1867, to Jan. 1, 1869	697 00
Oct.	12—23	2830	Duke & Moore, carpenter-work for Unsafe Building Department, September, 1869	116 00
Oct.	12—24	2831	T. Wallace, extra inspector for Unsafe Building Department, July, 1869	50 00
Oct.	12—25	2832	H. Hudley, surveys made for Unsafe Building Department, July 26 to Aug. 15, 1869	50 00
Oct.	12—26	2833	G. W. Buckman, extra services for Unsafe Building Dep't, six months to Sept. 30, 1869	100 02
Oct.	20—27	4103	W. A. Speight, stationery for Unsafe Building Department, Sept. 8, 1869	239 50

CORONERS' FEES.

Feb.	27— 1	995	J. Cushman, post-mortem examinations, Oct. 5 to Dec. 31, 1868	
Feb.	27— 2	996	T. C. Knox, post-mortem examinations, Oct. 5 to Dec. 31, 1868	
Feb.	27— 3	997	W. Beach, post-mortem examinations, Sept. 25 to Dec. 16, 1868	
Feb.	27— 4	998	J. Beach, post-mortem examinations, Oct. 9 to Dec. 30, 1868	
Feb.	27— 5	1015	J. Healy, services as messenger to Coroners, October, November, December, 1868	
May	19— 6	2070	Wm. Schirmer, services as Coroner, quarter to Dec. 31, 1868	
May	19— 7	1685	A. B. Rollins, services as Coroner, quarter to Dec. 31, 1868	
May	19— 8	1686	P. H. Keenan, services as Coroner, quarter to Dec. 31, 1868	
May	19— 9	1687	C. Flynn, services as Coroner, quarter to Dec. 31, 1868	
May	24—10	1706	C. G. Feyhaus, services as interpreter to Coroners, Nov. 27, 1868	
June	2—11	1964	W. Schirmer, services as Coroner, quarter to March 31, 1869	
June	8—12	1965	C. F. Flynn, services as Coroner, quarter to March 31, 1869	
June	8—13	1966	A. B. Rollins, services as Coroner, quarter to March 31, 1869	
June	8—14	1967	P. H. Keenan, services as Coroner, quarter to March 31, 1869	
June	8—15	1968	W. Beach, post-mortem examinations, July 1 to Sept. 30, 1868, Jan. 1 to March 31, 1869	
June	7—16	2042	E. Hellinghi, post-mortem examinations, April 10 to 19, 1869	
June	7—17	2043	J. Cushman, post-mortem examinations, Jan. 1 to March 31, 1869	
June	7—18	2045	W. Shine, post-mortem examinations, Jan. 1 to March 31, 1869	
June	7—19	2044	T. C. Knox, post-mortem examinations, July 1 to Sept. 30, 1868	
June	7—20	2046	J. Beach, post-mortem examinations, July 1 to Sept. 30, '68, and Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, '69	
June	8—21	2076	T. C. Knox, post-mortem examinations, quarter to March 31, 1869	
July	16—22	2740	C. Flynn, services as Coroner, quarter to June 30, 1869	
July	16—23	2731	A. B. Rollins, services as Coroner, quarter to June 30, 1869	
July	16—24	2732	P. H. Keenan, services as Coroner, quarter to June 30, 1869	
July	16—25	2733	W. Schirmer, services as Coroner, quarter to June 30, 1869	
July	16—26	2734	R. Ogden Doremus, chemical analysis, by order of Coroner, May 15, 1869	
Dec.	9—27	5049	W. Shine, post-mortem examinations, quarter to June 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—28	5050	W. Shine, post-mortem examinations, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—29	5051	J. Cushman, post-mortem examinations, quarter to June 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—30	5052	J. Cushman, post-mortem examinations, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—31	5053	J. Beach, post-mortem examinations, quarter to June 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—32	5054	J. Beach, post-mortem examinations, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—33	5055	W. Beach, post-mortem examinations, six months to Sept. 30, 1869	
Dec.	9—34	5056	B. B. Rosenberg, services as interpreter at inquest to May 31, 1869	

COUNTY CONTINGENCIES.

Jan.	9— 1	36	P. Dunn, Acting Messenger to Board of Supervisors to Jan. 7, 1869	
Jan.	11— 2	44	H. Kreps, gilt for resolutions Board of Supervisors Dec. 15, 1868	84 00
May	14— 3	1622	J. B. Young, office expenses Board of Supervisors to Feb. 12, 1869	278 00
May	14— 4	1624	J. B. Young, office expenses Board of Supervisors to April 19, 1869	534 25
May	19— 5	1633	C. Corson, services preparing official reports Board of Supervisors for year 1868	945 00
May	19— 6	1634	E. C. Wilcox, services as stenographer to Board County Supervisors for year 1868	1,500 00
May	19— 7	1629	R. S. Holmes, services to various Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	1,000 00
May	19— 8	1630	J. B. Young, services to various Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	500 00
May	19— 9	1637	E. A. Woodward, services to various Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	500 00
May	19—10	1638	Jas. McGowan, services to various Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	[illegible]
May	19—11	1639	J. Newman, services preparing and compiling report County of N. Y. year 1867	1,000 00
May	19—12	1640	J. Nolan, services Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	500 00
May	19—13	1641	J. H. Kalleg, services Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	500 00
May	19—14	1642	David Fox, services Committees Board of Supervisors for year 1868	500 00
May	19—15	1643	A. J. Ballerton, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	250 00
May	19—16	1644	J. D. Newman, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	250 00
May	19—17	1645	F. Reifert, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	250 00
May	19—18	1646	E. M. Baldwin, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	250 00
May	19—19	1647	F. O'Donnell, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	250 00
May	19—20	1648	D. S. Hart, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	500 00
May	19—21	1649	C. O. Joline, facilitating business Mayor's office for year 1868	500 00
May	19—22	1660	P. Durnin, Acting Messenger to Board of Supervisors to Feb. 12, 1869	99 00
May	19—23	1661	P. Durnin, Acting Messenger to Board of Supervisors to April 19, 1869	100 00
May	20—24	1685	C. E. Loew, services as Secretary to Board County Canvassers for year 1868	1,000 00
May	24—25	1691	J. B. Young, services procuring files of bills before Legislature, 1869	450 00
June	3—26	1969	P. Durnin, Acting Messenger to Board of Supervisors to May 31, 1869	196 00
June	3—27	1960	J. B. Young, contingent expenses Clerk's office Board of Supervisors to May 31, 1869	453 00
July	7—28	2691	J. R. Connolly, indexing records Board of Supervisors, January, 1869	475 00
July	7—29	2692	E. M. Cosgna, copying records Board of Supervisors, January, 1869	300 00
July	10—30	2690	W. C. Rogers & Co., printing revenue bonds, Jan. 15, 1869	200 00
July	16—31	2712	T. Golden, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	250 00
July	16—32	2714	John Hoey, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	250 00
July	16—33	2715	F. Bleffert, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	250 00
July	16—34	2716	F. O'Donnell, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	250 00
July	16—35	2717	H. Scholler, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	250 00
July	16—36	2718	C. O. Joline, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	250 00
July	16—37	2719	D. S. Hart, facilitating County business Mayor's office six months, June 30, 1869	500 00
July	16—38	2720	J. R. Young, contingent expenses office Clerk Board Supervisors to July 5, 1869	500 00
July	19—39	2770	A. W. Oliver, services assorting documents Surrogate's office, May, 1869	336 75
July	26—40	2773	P. Burns, services assorting documents Surrogate's office, May, 1869	50 00
July	26—41	2779	P. Burns, services assorting documents Surrogate's office, June, 1869	75 00
July	26—42	2780	C. W. Bradford, services assorting documents Surrogate's office, Jan. to April 30, '69	75 00
Aug.	4—43	2867	D. Stanton, engrossing and preparing resolutions Board Supervisors, July 1, 1869	333 33
Sept.	7—44	3610	T. Moloney, postage bills for Surrogate's office, Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, 1868	275 00
Sept.	7—45	3630	T. Moloney, postage bills for Surrogate's office, Jan. 1 to April 30, 1869	15 00
Sept.	9—46	3636	M. Martin, serving notices of unpaid letters year 1868, Jan. 27, 1869	17 00
Sept.	9—47	3637	J. T. Webster, serving notices unpaid letters year 1868, Jan. 19, 1869	189 36
Sept.	9—48	3638	M. Hart, serving notices of unpaid letters year 1868, Jan. 26, 1869	41 70
Sept.	9—49	3639	J. Marquis, serving notices of unpaid letters year 1868, Jan. 30, 1869	83 25
Sept.	10—50	3648	J. B. Young, contingent expenses Clerk's office Board Supervisors to Sept. 17, 1869	533 00
Sept.	20—51	3654	P. Dumin, services acting messenger Board Supervisors, Sept. 17, 1869	261 00
Oct.	4—52	3759	P. Dumin, services acting messenger Board Supervisors, Sept. 1869	49 00
Oct.	6—53	3831	J. B. Young, services accountant to Com. on annual taxes of 1869	1,800 00
Oct.	12—54	3860	J. H. Hart, examining and copying Sixth Ward, 2 vols. Eighteenth Ward, 1869	806 50
Oct.	12—55	3862	J. K. Lewis, examining and copying Eleventh Ward, 41 vols. Nineteenth Ward, '69	1,213 75
Oct.	12—56	3863	R. R. Gelmes and E. A. Woodward, examining and copying personal tax-books, '69	3,709 75
Oct.	12—57	3864	H. Murch, examining and copying Ninth and Twentieth Wards, 1869	1,078 25
Oct.	12—58	3866	G. Logue, examining and copying 2 vols. Twelfth Ward, 1869	838 44
Oct.	12—59	3867	J. R. Keenan, examining and copying First, Third and Thirteenth Wards, 1869	900 00
Oct.	12—60	3868	Jas. Keyes, examining Seventh Ward, 1869	200 00
Oct.	12—61	3869	W. M. Jellife, examining Eighth Ward, 1869	297 12
Oct.	12—62	3870	C. W. Wheelwright, examining 2 vols. Twenty-second Ward, 1869	770 04
Oct.	12—63	3871	F. C. Murray, examining 1 vol. Twelfth Ward, 1869	938 00
Oct.	12—64	3872	J. Houghtalin, copying original and duplicate tax-books year 1869	1,200 00
Oct.	12—65	3873	R. A. Storrs, copying original and duplicate tax-books year 1869	1,200 00
Oct.	12—66	3874	J. Watson, copying original and duplicate tax-books year 1869	1,200 00
Oct.	12—67	3875	S. C. Lynes, Jr., copying original and duplicate tax-books year 1869	1,200 00
Oct.	12—68	3876	J. A. Fithian, copying original and duplicate tax-books year 1869	1,200 00
Oct.	12—69	3877	J. H. Kitchell, examining and copying Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards, year 1869	365 01
Oct.	12—70	3878	Eugen Durnin, examining and copying Fourth, Fifth, Sixteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth and Twenty-first Wards, 1869	2,196 15

REPAIRING AND PRESERVING RECORDS IN COUNTY CLERKS OFFICE.

June	30— 1	506 to 530	H. Vergnes and others, services temporary clerks County Clerk's office, January, '69	1,216 64
Feb.	27— 2	1006 to 1011	M. Vergnes and others, services temporary clerks County Clerk's office, February, '69	1,046 00
April	6— 3	1306 to 1319	H. Vergnes and others, services temporary clerks County Clerk's office, March, 1869	1,146 00
May	31— 4	1992 to 1996	C. M. Vergnes and others, services temporary clerks County Clerk's office, April, '69	4,016 63
July	31— 5	2690 to 2694	C. M. Verques and others, services temporary clerks County Clerk's office, July, 1869	1,751 20
Aug.	31— 7	3970 to 3974	C. M. Verques and others, services temporary clerks County

LIGHTING, CLEANING, AND SUPPLIES—Continued.

Dec. 31— 615	3828	A. Scully, cleaning rooms Coroners' office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—616	3829	C. Riley, cleaning rooms Coroners' office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—617	3830	M. Ryan, cleaning rooms Sheriff's office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—618	3860	J. Maher, cleaning rooms City Clerk's office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—619	3861	M. C. O'Donnell, cleaning rooms Sheriff's office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—620	3862	C. Corbett, cleaning rooms Tax Commissioners' office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—621	3863	M. Wynne, cleaning rooms Tax Commissioners' office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—622	3864	M. Ryan, cleaning rooms Surveyor's office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—623	3866	J. Forsyth, cleaning rooms Unsafe Building Department, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—624	3867	H. M. Phillips, cleaning rooms Unsafe Buildings Department, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—625	3868	E. Brown, cleaning rooms City Judge's office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—626	3869	J. K. Hackett, cleaning rooms Recorder's office, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—627	3869	M. A. Clark, cleaning rooms County Bureau, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—628	3870	F. Sutton, cleaning closets new City Hall, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—629	3871	J. Sheane, cleaning halls new City Hall, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—630	3872	J. Byrne, carrying coal new City Hall, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—631	3873	M. Morgan, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—632	3877	M. Scully, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—633	3878	M. Dowling, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—634	3879	C. Meyer, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—635	3880	C. Reiner, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—636	3881	M. Reed, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—637	3882	A. Dolan, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—638	3883	A. Chadwick, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—639	3884	M. Clancey, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—640	3886	B. Brennan, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—641	3888	M. T. Dooley, cleaning rooms Superior Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—642	3887	M. Ryan, cleaning rooms Superior Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—643	3889	M. Haly, cleaning rooms Superior Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—644	3890	M. A. Newman, cleaning rooms Superior Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—645	3890	E. Ruff, cleaning rooms Superior Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—646	3892	M. Hawkins, cleaning rooms Superior Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—647	3893	E. Burns, cleaning rooms Common Pleas Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—648	3893	E. Hanley, cleaning rooms Common Pleas Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—649	3894	M. McCarty, cleaning rooms Common Pleas Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—650	3896	M. Healy, cleaning rooms Common Pleas Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—651	3896	E. Kennedy, cleaning rooms Common Pleas Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—652	3897	M. Fahnell, cleaning rooms Supreme Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—653	3898	C. Clossy, cleaning rooms Marine Court, December, 1869			54 00
Dec. 31—654	3899	E. P. McDermott, services Janitor Sheriff's office, December, 1869			100 00
Dec. 31—655	3900	J. Holdoon, services Janitor County Clerk's office, December, 1869			83 33
Dec. 31—656	3402	T. Dempsey, services Janitor new Court-house, December, 1869			83 34
Dec. 31—657	3403	J. Haskell, services Assistant Janitor new Court-house, December, 1869			125 00
Dec. 31—658	3404	J. C. King, services Watchman new Court-house, December, 1869			100 00
Dec. 31—659	3404	J. Burke, services Janitor new Court-house, December, 1869			100 00
Dec. 31—660	3888	C. W. Aldcroftes, making abstracts and copying records, Sup., year 1869			100 00

McCOMB'S DAM BRIDGE, CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF.

Jan. 31— 1	904	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, January, 1869			83 33
Feb. 27— 2	922	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, February, 1869			83 33
March 31— 3	1224	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, March, 1869			83 34
April 30— 4	1322	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, April, 1869			83 33
May 31— 5	1841	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, May, 1869			83 33
June 21— 6	2130	B. Kelly, repairs to McComb's Dam Bridge to Nov. 8, 1868			8,194 00
June 30— 7	2201	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, June, 1869			83 34
July 16— 8	2724	——, repairs to McComb's Dam Bridge, Aug. 8, 1868, to Jan. 1, 1869			49 13
July 31— 9	2101	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, July, 1869			83 33
Aug. 31— 10	3022	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, August, 1869			83 33
Sept. 30— 11	3622	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, September, 1869			83 34
Oct. 31— 12	4164	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, October, 1869			83 33
Nov. 30— 13	4944	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, November, 1869			83 33
Dec. 31— 14	5407	W. H. Florence, salary as keeper of McComb's Dam Bridge, December, 1869			83 34

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH FUND.

Feb. 27— 1	994	Eighth National Bank requisition Met. Board of Health Fund, Feb. 7, 1869			$30,000 00
July 31— 2	2700	Eighth National Bank requisition Met. Board of Health Fund, dated April 5, 1869			30,000 00
Sept. 30— 3	3621	Treasurer State New-York, for amounts of requisition, Feb. 7, 1869			25,000 00
Oct. 13— 4	3622	Eighth National Bank for use of Met. Board of Health, this City			25,126 15

NEW-YORK JUVENILE ASYLUM.

Feb. 9— 1	849	A. R. Whetmore, support of children in inst'n, Dec., 1868, to Jan., 1869			$11,406 60
April 6— 2	1321	A. R. Whetmore, support of children in inst'n, February and March, 1869			10,841 50
April 26— 3	1333	A. R. Whetmore, bal. due on acct. building purposes, act March, 1868			10,000 00
June 5— 4	2016	A. R. Whetmore, support of children in inst'n, months April and May, 1869			11,222 00
Aug. 13— 5	3221	A. R. Whetmore, support of children in inst'n, months of June and July, 1869			11,264 85
Oct. 13— 6	3221	A. R. Whetmore, support of children in inst'n, months of August and September, 1869			11,223 37
Dec. 9— 7	3889	A. R. Whetmore, support of children in inst'n, months October and November, 1869			10,873 10

NEW-YORK STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

March 18— 1	1669	E. A. Wetmore, Prest., support of patients in inst'n six months, to Feb. 1, 1869			$1,499 55
Sept. 8— 2	3615	E. A. Wetmore, Prest., support of patients in inst'n six months, to Aug. 1, 1869			1,600 39

MAGDALEN FEMALE BENEVOLENT ASYLUM.

Mar. 18— 1	1665	Mrs. Chas. Fearing, Treasurer, support institution to Nov. 1, 1868			$650 00

NURSERY AND CHILD'S HOSPITAL.

Jan. 15— 1	....	Mary F. Stoughton, Treasurer, support of children in inst'n, quarter to Dec. 31, 1868			$3,065 95
April 6— 2	....	Mary F. Stoughton, Treasurer, support of children in inst'n, quarter to Mar. 31, 1869			1,367 00
Oct. 13— 3	....	Mary F. Stoughton, Treasurer, support of children in inst'n, April to Oct. 1, 1869			6,207 45

POLICE FUND.

Jan. 22— 1	73	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Jan., 1869			$219,857 69
Feb. 24— 2	504	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Feb., 1869			219,857 69
March 24— 3	1066	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, March, 1869			219,857 69
April 19— 4	1326	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, April, 1869			219,857 69
May 24— 5	1699	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, May, 1869			219,857 69
June 30— 6	2130	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, June, 1869			219,857 69
July 26— 7	2775	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, July, 1869			219,857 69
Aug. 31— 8	3022	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Aug., 1869			219,857 69
Sept. 30— 9	3653	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Sept., 1869			219,857 69
Oct. 30— 10	4100	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Oct., 1869			219,857 69
Nov. 19— 11	4595	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Nov., 1869			219,857 69
Dec. 31— 12	5408	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bank requisition to pay Police in this County, Dec., 1869			219,857 69

POLICE CONTINGENT EXPENSES.

July 26— 1	2770	H. Smith, Treasurer, half of the amount appropriated 1869 for this purpose			$7,175 00
Oct. 11— 2	3788	H. Smith, Treasurer, half of the amount appropriated 1869 for this purpose			2,507 50
Dec. 9— 3	5009	H. Smith, Treasurer, half of the amount appropriated 1869 for this purpose			2,507 50

PRINTING FOR EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND JUDICIARY.

May 24— 1	1701	New-York Printing Company, printing for County, Jan. 1 to 31, 1869			$8,989 75
May 24— 2	1702	New-York Printing Company, printing for County, March 1 to March 6, 1869			12,307 60
May 24— 3	1704	New-York Printing Company, printing for County, April 1 to 30, 1869			12,080 12

PRINTING FOR LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

May 24— 1	1698	New-York Printing Company, printing for Board of Supervisors, Jan. 19 to 22, 1869			$14,427 50
May 24— 2	1699	New-York Printing Company, printing for Board of Supervisors, Feb. 16 to 26, 1869			15,944 50
May 24— 3	1700	New-York Printing Company, printing for Board of Supervisors, March 8 to 26, 1869			15,554 00
May 24— 4	1701	New-York Printing Company, printing for Board of Supervisors, April 1 to 26, 1869			12,961 10

SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF DESTITUTE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHILDREN.

Jan. 9— 1	1	H. J. Anderson, President, support of children in institution to Dec. 31, 1868			$22,976 48
April 6— 2	1320	Society Protection of Destitute Children, support of children to March 31, 1869			23,338 87
July 16— 3	1721	H. J. Anderson, President, support of children to June 30, 1869			24,651 05
Oct. 13— 4	3819	Treasurer of the Society, support of children to Sept. 30, 1869			25,923 98

SALARIES, LEGISLATIVE.

Jan. 20— 1	84 to 95	Walter Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, January, 1869			$1,999 92
Jan. 30— 2	96 to 105	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., January, 1869			1,191 65
Feb. 27— 3	1066 to 1076	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, February, 1869			1,999 92
Feb. 27— 4	1077 to 1090	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., February, 1869			1,191 65
March 31— 5	1091 to 1105	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., March, 1869			1,191 70
March 31— 6	1106 to 1120	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, March, 1869			2,000 16
April 30— 7	1121 to 1135	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, April, 1869			1,999 92
April 30— 8	1136 to 1148	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., April, 1869			1,191 65
May 31— 9	1149 to 1163	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, May, 1869			1,999 92
May 31— 10	1164 to 1178	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., May, 1869			1,191 65
June 30— 11	1179 to 1192	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, June, 1869			2,000 16
June 30— 12	1193 to 1206	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., June, 1869			1,191 70
July 31— 13	1207 to 1220	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, July, 1869			1,991 92
July 31— 14	1221 to 1234	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., July, 1869			1,191 65
Aug. 31— 15	1235 to 1248	W. Roche and others, salaries as Supervisors, August, 1869			1,999 92
Aug. 31— 16	1249 to 1262	J. B. Young and others, salaries as clerks, &c., August, 1869			1,191 65
Sept. 30— 17	3779	J. Watson, County Auditor, to pay-roll of Board of Supervisors, September, 1869			2,000 16
Sept. 30— 18	3780	J. Watson, County Auditor, to pay-roll of clerks to Board of Supervisors, September, 1869			1,191 70
Oct. 30— 19	4062 to 4076	W. Roche and others, salary as Supervisors, October, 1869			1,999 92
Oct. 30— 20	4077 to 4090	J. B. Young and others, salary as clerks, &c., October, 1869			1,191 65
Nov. 2— 21	4615 to 4628	J. B. Young and others, salary as clerks, &c., November, 1869			1,191 65
Nov. 30— 22	4629 to 4642	W. Roche and others, salary as Supervisors, November, 1869			1,999 92
Dec. 31— 23	5410 to 5423	W. Roche and others, salary as Supervisors, December, 1869			2,000 16
Dec. 31— 24	5424 to 5437	J. B. Young and others, salary as clerks, &c., December, 1869			1,191 70

SALARIES, EXECUTIVE.

Jan. 6— 1	10 to 18	M. Goodman and others, services as Temp'y Clerks, Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, 1868			$879 00
Jan. 30— 2	106 to 114	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll of Controller, &c., January, 1869			2,874 96
Jan. 30— 3	115 to 148	J. W. Allen and others, pay-roll of Tax Commissioners, January, 1869			7,454 85
Jan. 30— 4	149 to 162	J. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Superintendent Unsafe Buildings, January, 1869			6,268 31
Jan. 30— 5	163 to 180	T. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks County Bureau, January, 1869			2,197 99
Jan. 30— 6	181	A. Oakey Hall, salary as Mayor, January, 1869			416 66
Jan. 30— 7	182 to 201	A. J. Smith, salaries of Attorney and Clerks, Bureau of Arrears, January, 1869			1,250 00
Feb. 27— 8	202 to 204	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll Controllers, February, 1869			2,874 96
Feb. 27— 9	205 to 219	J. W. Allen and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners, &c., February, 1869			7,459 19
Feb. 27— 10	220 to 234	J. M. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Superintendent Unsafe Buildings, Feb'y, 1869			6,268 31
Feb. 27— 11	235	A. Oakey Hall, salary as Mayor, February, 1869			416 66
Feb. 27— 12	236	A. J. Smith, salaries Attorney and Clerks Bureau Pl. Taxes, February, 1869			1,250 00
Feb. 27— 13	237 to 251	T. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks County Bureau, February, 1869			2,134 99
Feb. 27— 14	252	C. M. Depew and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners, February, 1869			416 66
March 31— 15	253 to 267	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll Controller, &c., March, 1869			2,875 06
March 31— 16	268 to 282	J. W. Allen and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners, &c., March, 1869			7,475 20
March 31— 17	283 to 297	J. M. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Superintendent Unsafe Buildings, March, 1869			6,268 31
March 31— 18	298	A. Oakey Hall, salary as Mayor, March, 1869			416 66
March 31— 19	299 to 1298	A. J. Smith, salaries of Attorney and Clerks Bureau Collector of Arrears of Taxes, March, 1869			1,250 00
March 31— 20	1299 to 1345	T. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks, County Bureau, March, 1869			2,131 00
April 30— 21	1346	A. Oakey Hall, salary as Mayor, April, 1869			416 66
April 30— 22	1347 to 1362	A. J. Smith, salaries of Attorney &c., Bureau Col. Arrears of Taxes, April, 1869			1,250 00
April 30— 23	1363 to 1403	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll Controller, &c., April, 1869			2,874 96
April 30— 24	1404 to 1406	J. W. Allen and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners, &c., April, 1869			7,275 00
April 30— 25	1407 to 1436	J. M. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Superintendent Unsafe Buildings, April, 1869			6,268 31
April 30— 26	1437 to 1457	T. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks County Bureau, April, 1869			2,134 99
May 19— 27	1630	P. B. Sweeny, fees as Asst. County Treasurer for year 1869			10,000 00
May 31— 28	1749	A. Oakey Hall, salary as Mayor, May, 1869			416 66
May 31— 29	1750	A. J. Smith, salaries Attorney and Clerks Bureau Personal Taxes, May, 1869			1,250 00
May 31— 30	1751	J. Healy, salary as Messenger to Coroners, Jan. 1 to May 31, 1869			208 33
May 31— 31	1752 to 1765	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll Controller, &c., May, 1869			2,874 96
May 31— 32	1766 to 1778	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, to pay-roll Unsafe Building Department, May, 1869			6,268 31
May 31— 33	1779 to 1790	H. Jones and others, pay-roll Assistant Janitor, &c., County Jail, May, 1869			2,444 46
May 31— 34	1791 to 1801	T. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks, County Bureau, May, 1869			2,015 99
May 31— 35	1802 to 1931	J. W. Allen and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners, &c., May, 1869			8,000 00
June 7— 36	1932 to 2031	J. O. Stevens and others, pay-roll Under Sheriff, &c., Jan. 1 to May 31, 1869			2,799 00
June 29— 37	2032 to 2154	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll Controller, &c., June, 1869			2,874 96
June 30— 38	2155 to 2175	J. Mee and others, pay-roll Deputy Jailer and County Jail to June, 1869			[illegible]
June 30— 39	2176 to 2189	J. O. Stevens and others, pay-roll Under Sheriff, &c., June, 1869			2,799 00
June 30— 40	2190	J. Healey, salary as Messenger to Coroner, June, 1869			208 33
June 30— 41	2204	A. Oakey Hall, salary as Mayor, June, 1869			416 66
June 30— 42	2205	A. J. Smith and others, salary as Atty County Bureau of Pl. Taxes, June, 1869			2,125 00
June 30— 43	2273 to 2409	G. H. Andrews and others, pay-roll Commissioner of Taxes, June, 1869			9,000 00
June 30— 44	2410 to 2440	J. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Superintendent Unsafe Buildings, June, 1869			6,268 31
June 30— 45	2441 to 2604	T. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks County Bureau, June, 1869			2,050 99
June 30— 46	2605	W. Kellock, services in Tax Commissioners, June 19 to June 30, 1869			150 00
July 31— 47	2606 to 2637	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll County Bureau, July, 1869			2,875 00
July 31— 48	2638 to 2678	G. H. Andrews and others' pay-roll Commissioners Taxes, &c., July, 1869			11,000 00
July 31— 49	2679 to 2911	J. M. Macgregor, pay-roll Unsafe Building Department, July, 1869			6,268 31
July 31— 50	2912 to 2925	J. O. Stevens and others' pay-roll Under Sheriff, &c., July, 1869			1,799 00
July 31— 51	2926 to 2929	J. Mee and others, pay-roll Deputy Janitor, &c., County Jail, July, 1869			208 33
July 31— 52	2930	A. O. Hall, salary Mayor, July, 1869			416 66
July 31— 53	2935	A. J. Smith, pay-roll Attorney and Clerks Bureau P. Taxes, July, 1869			1,250 00
July 31— 54	2936	J. Healey, salary Messenger to Coroners, July, 1869			208 33
July 31— 55	2273 to 2934	T. Nealis and others, services Temporary Clerks County Bureau, July, 1869			1,799 99
Aug. 31— 56	3431	A. O. Hall, salary Mayor, August, 1869			416 66
Aug. 31— 57	3432	A. J. Smith, pay-roll Attorney and Clerks Bureau P. Taxes, August, 1869			1,250 00
Aug. 31— 58	3433	J. Healey, salary Messenger to Coroners, August, 1869			208 33
Aug. 31— 59	3434 to 3447	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll County Bureau, August, 1869			2,874 96
Aug. 31— 60	3448 to 3491	G. H. Andrews and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners' Office, August, 1869			11,000 00
Aug. 31— 61	3492	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Unsafe Building Department, August, 1869			6,268 31
Aug. 31— 62	3493 to 3512	J. O. Stevens and others, pay-roll Under Sheriff, Clerks, &c., August, 1869			1,799 00
Aug. 31— 63	3513 to 3530	J. Mee and others, pay-roll Deputy Janitor, &c., County Jail, August, 1869			208 33
Aug. 31— 64	3531 to 3549	J. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks County Bureau, August, 1869			2,031 99
Sept. 30— 65	3561	A. O. Hall, salary Mayor, September, 1869			416 66
Sept. 30— 66	3562	A. J. Smith, pay-roll Att'y, Clerks, &c., Bureau Col. Arrears of Taxes, Sept., 1869			1,250 00
Sept. 30— 67	3563	J. Healey, salary Messenger to Coroners, September, 1869			208 33
Sept. 30— 68	3731	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Unsafe Building Department, Sept., 1869			6,268 31
Sept. 30— 69	3705 to 3770	G. H. Andrews and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners' Office, September, 1869			11,000 00
Sept. 30— 70	3771	James Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll County Bureau, September, 1869			2,875 00
Sept. 30— 72	3773	James Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Sheriff's Office, County Jail, Sept., 1869			208 33
Sept. 30— 73	3774	James Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Sheriff's Office, County Jail, Sept., 1869			1,799 00
Oct. 11— 74	3790	C. A. Arthur, salary Counsel to Tax Commissioners, July 5 to Sept. 30, 1869			2,500 00
Oct. 30— 75	4077 to 4080	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll County Bureau, October, 1869			2,874 96
Oct. 30— 76	4107	A. O. Hall, salary Mayor, October, 1869			416 66
Oct. 30— 77	4108	A. J. Smith, pay-roll Attorney and Clerks Bureau Arrears P. Taxes, 1869			1,250 00
Oct. 30— 78	4109	John Healey, salary Messenger to Coroners, October, 1869			208 33
Oct. 30— 79	4143	J. Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Sheriff's Office, October, 1869			1,799 00
Oct. 30— 80	4144 to 4161	J. Mee and others, pay-roll Deputy Janitor, &c., County Jail, October, 1869			208 33
Oct. 30— 81	4162 to 4255	G. H. Andrews and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners' Office, October, 1869			11,000 00
Oct. 30— 82	4256 to 4287	J. M. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Unsafe Building Department, October, 1869			6,268 31
Oct. 30— 83	4377 to 4409	T. J. Nealis, and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks, County Bureau, October, 1869			2,111 99
Nov. 5— 84	4509	C. A. Arthur, salary Counsel to Tax Commissioners, October, 1869			500 00
Nov. 30— 85	4597 to 4610	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll County Bureau, October, 1869			2,874 96
Nov. 30— 86	4628 to 4629	G. H. Andrews and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioner's Office, October, 1869			11,000 00
Nov. 30— 87	4630 to 4657	J. Mee and others, pay-roll County Jail, October, 1869			208 33
Nov. 30— 88	4658	J. Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Sheriff's Office, October, 1869			1,799 00
Nov. 30— 89	4673 to 4904	T. J. Nealis and others, pay-roll Temporary Clerks County Bureau, October, 1869			2,137 99
Nov. 30— 90	4939	A. O. Hall, salary Mayor, October, 1869			416 66
Nov. 30— 91	4940	A. J. Smith, pay-roll Attorney and Clerks Bureau Personal Taxes, October, 1869			1,250 00
Nov. 30— 92	4941	J. Healey, salary Messenger to Coroners, October, 1869			208 33
Nov. 30— 93	4947 to 4972	J. M. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Unsafe Buildings Department, October, 1869			6,268 31
Dec. 31— 94	5005 to 5414	C. A. Arthur, salary Counsel Commissioners Taxes, November, 1869			500 00
Dec. 31— 95	5415 to 5427	R. B. Connolly and others, pay-roll County Bureau, December, 1869			2,874 96
Dec. 31— 96	5428	A. O. Hall, salary Mayor			416 66
Dec. 31— 97	5429	A. J. Smith, pay-roll Attorney and Clerks Bureau Collector Personal Taxes			1,250 00
Dec. 31— 98	5430	J. Healey, salary messenger to Coroners			208 33
Dec. 31— 99	5431 to 5466	J. M. Macgregor and others, pay-roll Unsafe Building Department			6,268 31
Dec. 31—100	5467 to 5571	R. C. Sands and others, pay-roll Tax Commissioners' Office			11,000 00
Dec. 31—101	5572 to 5605	T. J. Nealis and others, pay-roll temporary Clerks County Bureau			2,049 00
Dec. 31—102	5606	J. Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Clerks, &c., Sheriff's Office			1,799 00
Dec. 31—103	5607	A. J. Smith, additional salary allowed Bureau Collector Arrears and Taxes, 1869			2,500 00
Dec. 31—104	5608 to 5615	J. Mee and others, pay-roll County Jail			833 33

SALARIES, JUDICIARY.

Jan. 30— 1	183 to 235	E. H. Kent and others, pay-roll Supreme Court, January, 1869			$6,453 21
Jan. 30— 2	236 to 271	J. M. Sweeny and others, pay-roll Superior Court, January, 1869			4,494 94
Jan. 30— 3	272 to 292	H. Alker and others, pay-roll Judges, &c., Marine Court, January, 1869			4,500 00
Jan. 30— 4	293 to 325	H. Vandervoort and others, pay-roll General Sessions, January, 1869			4,159 99
Jan. 30— 5	326 to 356	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Special Sessions, January, 1869			3,003 33
Jan. 30— 6	357	E. K. Johnston, salary Clerk Board Police Justices, January, 1869			41 66
Jan. 30— 7	358 to 365	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, January, 1869			3,085 25
Jan. 30— 8	366 to 397	J. H. Landon and others, pay-roll Court Common Pleas, January, 1869			3,331 19
Jan. 30— 9	398 to 406	H. A. Gambleton and others, pay-roll County Clerk's Office, January, 1869			2,000 70
Jan. 30— 10	407 to 418	W. B. Aiken and others, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, January, 1869			1,450 00
Jan. 30— 11	419 to 431	F. W. Pittman and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, January, 1869			966 66
Jan. 30— 12	432 to 438	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's Office, January, 1869			266 66
Jan. 30— 13	439	A. Eickhoff, salary Translator to Courts of Record, January, 1869			208 33
Feb. 27— 14	664 to 665	A. Eickhoff, salary Translator to Courts of Record, February, 1869			208 33
Feb. 27— 15	666 to 717	E. H. Kent and others, pay-roll Supreme Court, February, 1869			6,453 20
Feb. 27— 16	718 to 754	J. M. Sweeny and others, pay-roll Superior Court, February, 1869			4,494 94
Feb. 27— 17	755 to 771	J. H. Landon and others, pay-roll Court of Common Pleas, February, 1869			3,331 19
Feb. 27— 18	772 to 776	H. Alker and others, pay-roll Marine Court, February, 1869			4,500 00
Feb. 27— 19	777 to 816	H. A. Gambleton and others, pay-roll County Clerk's Office, February, 1869			2,000 70
Feb. 27— 20	817 to 824	H. Vandervoort and others, pay-roll General Sessions, February, 1869			4,159 99
Feb. 27— 21	825 to 860	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Special Sessions, February, 1869			3,003 33
Feb. 27— 22	861	E. K. Johnston, salary Clerk to Board of Police Justices, February, 1869			41 66
Feb. 27— 23	862 to 864	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's Office, February, 1869			266 33
Feb. 27— 24	865 and 867	W. Gerety and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, February, 1869			966 66
Feb. 27— 25	868 to 886	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, February, 1869			4,049 95
Feb. 27— 26	887 to 896	W. B. Aiken and others, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, February, 1869			1,450 00
March 31— 27	1166	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Supreme Court, March, 1869			14,825 62
March 31— 28	1168	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior

SALARIES, JUDICIARY—Continued.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
March 31— 83	1171 to 1178	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Special Sessions, March, 1869	1,883 33
March 31— 84	1179	R. H. Johnson, salary Clerk Board Police Justices, March, 1869	41 66
March 31— 85	1179 to 1188	G. L. Bedford and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, March, 1869	2,766 66
March 31— 86	1188	R. O'Gorman, salary as counsel to Board of Supervisors, quarter to March 31, 1869	500 00
March 31— 87	1188	A. Eickhoff, salary as Translator to Court's record, March, 1869	208 34
March 31— 88	1189 to 1203	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, March, 1869	4,050 96
March 31— 89	1204 to 1217	G. J. Tucker and others, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, March, 1869	3,170 90
March 31— 90	1218 to 1232	J. K. Hackett, pay-roll Recorder's Office, March, 1869	2,793 36
April 30— 91	1233	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court General Sessions, April, 1869	3,468 90
April 30— 92	1234	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior Court, April, 1869	4,621 21
April 30— 93	1235	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court of Common Pleas, April, 1869	2,951 16
April 30— 94	1236	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Marine Court, April, 1869	4,306 20
April 30— 95	1237	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court General Sessions, March, 1869	4,328 20
April 30— 96	1238	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll County Clerk's Office, April, 1869	2,005 73
April 30— 97	1239 to 1243	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Court Special Sessions, April, 1869	1,683 33
April 30— 98	1244	R. H. Johnson, salary as Clerk of Board Police Justices, April, 1869	41 66
April 30— 99	1245 to 1252	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, April, 1869	4,040 96
April 30—100	1253 to 1256	W. B. Aitken and others, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, April, 1869	1,450 66
April 30—101	1257 to 1261	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's Office, April, 1869	208 33
April 30—102	1262 to 1268	W. Gerasty and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, April, 1869	266 66
April 30—103	1269	A. Eickhoff, salary as Translator to Court's record, April, 1869	208 33
May 31—104	1270 to 1274	R. H. Reay and others, services serving Subpoenas Special Sessions, Jan. 1 to April 30, 1869	1,200 00
May 31—105	1275	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior Court, May, 1869	4,621 21
May 31—106	1276	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior Court, May, 1869	4,406 21
May 31—107	1277	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court Common Pleas, May, 1869	2,951 16
May 31—108	1278	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Marine Court, May, 1869	4,306 20
May 31—109	1279	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court General Sessions, May, 1869	4,128 22
May 31—110	1280	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, May, 1869	1,587 46
May 31—111	1281	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, May, 1869	4,040 96
May 31— 112	1282 to 1288	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Special Sessions, May, 1869	1,268 32
May 31— 113	1289	R. H. Johnson, salary Clerk to Board Police Justices, May, 1869	41 66
May 31— 114	1290 to 1294	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's Office, May, 1869	208 33
May 31— 115	1295 to 1299	W. Gerasty and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, May, 1869	266 66
May 31— 116	1300	A. Eickhoff, salary Translator to Court of Record, May, 1869	208 33
June 4— 117	1301	Jno. Doyle, salary as Mess. and Asst. Clerk Court Com. Pleas, Jan. 1 to April 30, 1869	200 00
June 10— 118	1302 to 1315	Chas. P. Daly and others, pay-roll to Court Common Pleas to June 30, 1869	11,006 37
June 10— 119	1316 to 1320	H. Alker and others, pay-roll Marine Court, June, 1869	4,306 49
June 10— 120	1321 to 1325	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, June, 1869	4,050 96
June 10— 121	1326 to 1330	E. E. Loew and others, pay-roll County Clerk's Office, quarter to June 30, 1869	2,018 79
June 10— 122	1331 to 1337	G. J. Tucker and others, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, June, 1869	3,204 20
June 10— 123	1338 to 1342	H. VanderVoort and others, pay-roll Court General Sessions, June, 1869	4,128 22
June 10— 124	1343 to 1347	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Court Special Sessions, June, 1869	1,283 33
June 10— 125	1348	R. H. Johnson, salary Clerk Board Police Justices, June, 1869	41 66
June 10— 126	1349 to 1353	J. K. Hackett and others, pay-roll Recorder's Office, June, 1869	2,793 36
June 10— 127	1354 to 1358	G. S. Bedford and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, June, 1869	2,766 66
June 10— 128	1359	A. Eickhoff, salary Translator to Courts of Record, June, 1869	208 34
June 10— 129	1360	E. O'Gorman, salary Counsel Board Supervisors, quarter to June 30, 1869	500 00
June 10— 130	1361 to 1365	G. G. Barnard and others, pay-roll Supreme Court, quarter to June 30, 1869	15,610 15
June 10— 131	1366 to 1370	J. M. Barbour and others, pay-roll Superior Court, quarter to June 30, 1869	20,506 33
July 10— 132	1371	E. J. Finlay, balance salary as Clerk Superior Court, Dec. 21, 1868	2,150 00
July 10— 133	1372	E. J. Knight, balance salary as Librarian Supreme Court, Feb. 18 to Dec. 31, 1868	250 00
July 10— 134	1373 to 1377	T. H. Landon and others, pay-roll Court Common Pleas, July, 1869	2,606 19
July 10— 135	1378	H. Alker and others, pay-roll Marine Court, July, 1869	4,785 29
July 10— 136	1379 to 1383	H. VanderVoort and others, pay-roll Court General Sessions, July, 1869	4,159 32
July 10— 137	1384	R. H. Johnston, salary Clerk Board Police Justices, July, 1869	41 66
July 10— 138	1385 to 1389	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Court Special Sessions, July, 1869	1,283 33
July 10— 139	1390 to 1394	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll, District-Attorney's office, July, 1869	4,040 96
July 10— 140	1395 to 1399	J. Porter and others, pay-roll, Recorder's office, July, 1869	208 33
July 10— 141	1400 to 1404	H. A. Gambleton and others, pay-roll, County Clerk's office, July, 1869	2,003 73
July 10— 142	1405	A. Eickhoff, salary translator to Court of Record, July, 1869	208 33
July 10— 143	1406 to 1410	E. H. Kent and others, pay-roll Supreme Court, July, 1869	6,653 30
July 10— 144	1411 to 1415	J. M. Sweeny and others, pay-roll Superior Court, July, 1869	5,103 21
July 10— 145	1416 to 1420	W. B. Aitken and others, pay-roll Surrogate's office, July, 1869	1,454 14
July 10— 146	1421 to 1425	W. Gerasty and others, pay-roll City Judges, July, 1869	266 66
Aug. 31— 147	1426	A. Eickhoff, salary translator Courts of Record, August, 1869	208 33
Aug. 31— 148	1427	R. H. Johnston, salary Clerk to Board Police Justices, August, 1869	41 66
Aug. 31—149 to 152	1428 to 1432	W. Gerasty and others, pay-roll City Judge's office, August, 1869	266 66
Aug. 31—150	1433	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Special Sessions, August, 1869	1,283 33
Aug. 31—151	1434	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll General Sessions, August, 1869	4,128 22
Aug. 31—152	1435	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, August, 1869	1,454 14
Aug. 31—153	1436	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, August, 1869	4,040 96
Aug. 31—154	1437	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll County Clerk's Office, August, 1869	2,005 73
Aug. 31—155	1438	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Marine Court, August, 1869	4,306 20
Aug. 31—156	1439	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court of Common Pleas, August, 1869	2,606 19
Aug. 31—157	1440	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior Court, August, 1869	5,106 21
Aug. 31—158	1441	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Supreme Court, August, 1869	7,259 26
Aug. 31—159	1442 to 1446	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's office, August, 1869	208 33
Sept. 30—160	1447	J. Cooper, salary Office Court Common Pleas, Jan. 1 to Aug. 31, 1869	800 00
Sept. 30—161	1448	R. O'Gorman, salary Counsel Board Supervisors, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	500 00
Sept. 30—162	1449	A. Eickhoff, salary Translator to Courts Record, September, 1869	208 34
Sept. 30—163	1450	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Surrogate's Office, September, 1869	3,204 20
Sept. 30—164	1451	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, September, 1869	4,040 96
Sept. 30—165	1452	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll County Clerk's Office, September, 1869	2,005 73
Sept. 30—166	1453	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll General Sessions, September, 1869	4,128 22
Sept. 30—167	1454	P. P. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Marine Court, September, 1869	4,306 20
Sept. 30—168	1455 to 1459	G. G. Barnard and others, pay-roll Justices Supreme Court, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	15,186 48
Sept. 30—169	1460 to 1464	J. M. Barbour and others, pay-roll Justices Supreme Court, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	20,106 33
Sept. 30—170	1465 to 1469	C. P. Daly and others, pay-roll Justices Court Common Pleas, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	12,058 43
Sept. 30—171	1470 to 1474	G. S. Bedford, Jr., and others, pay-roll City Judge's Office, quarter to Sept. 30, 1869	2,766 66
Sept. 30—172	1475	J. Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Special Sessions, September, 1869	1,283 33
Sept. 30—173	1476	R. H. Johnston, salary Clerk Board Police Justices, September, 1869	41 66
Sept. 30—174	1477	J. Watson, County Auditor, pay-roll Recorder's Office, September, 1869	2,793 36
Sept. 30—175	1478	P. B. Sweeny, City Treas., pay-roll increase of salaries Ct. Com. Pleas to Aug. 31, '69	1,281 51
Oct. 19—176	1479	P. Rush, salary as Officer Supreme Court July 1 to Sept. 30, 1869	200 00
Oct. 20—177	1480	A. Eickhoff, salary Translator to Courts Record, October, 1869	208 33
Oct. 20—178	1481 to 1485	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's Office, October, 1869	4,040 96
Oct. 20—179	1486 to 1490	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Supreme Court, October, 1869	7,259 26
Oct. 20—180	1491	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior Court, October, 1869	5,106 21
Oct. 20—181	1492	R. H. Johnston, Salary Clerk Board Police Justices, October, 1869	41 66
Oct. 20—182	1493	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court General Sessions, October, 1869	4,128 22
Oct. 20—183	1494 to 1498	W. B. Aitken and others, pay-roll Surrogate's office, October, 1869	1,454 14
Oct. 20—184	1499 to 1503	W. Gerasty and others, pay-roll City Judges, October, 1869	266 66
Oct. 20—185	1504	A. Eickhoff, salary translator Courts of Record, October, 1869	208 33
Oct. 20—186	1505 to 1509	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Special Sessions, October, 1869	1,283 33
Oct. 20—187	1510 to 1514	Hy Alker and others, pay-roll Marine Court, October, 1869	4,612 63
Oct. 20—188	1515 to 1519	T. H. Landon and others, pay-roll Court Common Pleas, October, 1869	3,068 29
Oct. 20—189	1520 to 1524	H. A. Gambleton and others, pay-roll County Clerk's office, October, 1869	2,003 73
Oct. 20—190	1525 to 1529	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's office, October, 1869	208 33
Nov. 20—191	1530	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Superior Court, November, 1869	5,106 21
Nov. 20—192	1531 to 1535	T. H. Landon and others, pay-roll Court Common Pleas, November, 1869	3,068 29
Nov. 20—193	1536 to 1540	Henry Alker and others, pay-roll Marine Court, November, 1869	4,612 63
Nov. 20—194	1541 to 1545	W. B. Aitken and others, pay-roll Surrogate's office, November, 1869	1,454 14
Nov. 20—195	1546 to 1550	S. B. Garvin and others, pay-roll District-Attorney's office, November, 1869	4,040 96
Nov. 20—196	1551	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court General Sessions, November, 1869	4,128 22
Nov. 20—197	1552 to 1556	J. Dowling and others, pay-roll Court Special Sessions, November, 1869	1,283 33
Nov. 20—198	1557	R. H. Johnston, salary Clerk Board Police Justices, November, 1869	41 66
Nov. 20—199	1558 to 1562	W. Gerasty and others, pay-roll City Judge's office, November, 1869	266 66
Nov. 20—200	1563	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Supreme Court, November, 1869	7,259 26
Nov. 20—201	1564 to 1568	H. A. Gambleton and others, pay-roll County Clerk's office, November, 1869	2,003 73
Nov. 20—202	1569	A. Eickhoff, salary translator Courts of Record, November, 1869	208 33
Dec. 2—203	1570 to 1574	J. Porter and others, pay-roll Recorder's office, November, 1869	208 33
Dec. 31—204	1575 to 1579	G. G. Barnard and others, pay-roll Judges' Clerks, &c., Supreme Court, quarter to Dec. 31, 1869	15,522 45
Dec. 31—205	1580 to 1584	J. M. Barbour and others, pay-roll Judges' Clerks, Superior Court, quarter to Dec. 31, 1869	20,406 33
Dec. 31—206	1585 to 1589	C. P. Daly and others, pay-roll Judges' Clerks, Court Common Pleas, quarter to Dec. 31, 1869	11,995 06
Dec. 31—207	1590	P. B. Sweeny, County Treasurer, pay-roll Court of General Sessions, December, 1869	4,128 36

TAX BONDS—REDEMPTION OF.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
Oct. 25— 1	4010 to 4014	American Exchange Bank and others, redemption of New-York County Tax Bonds, due Nov. 1, 1869	3,888 811 00

COUNTY REVENUE BONDS.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
Jan. 9— 1	2 to 23	Mutual Ins. Co. and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bonds of 1868, due Jan. 1, 1869	[illegible]
Oct. 15— 2	3024 to 3033	P. Goist and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bonds of 1869, due Oct. 15, 1869	[illegible]
Oct. 15— 3	3034 to 3043	Leather M'f'rs' Bk. and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bonds of 1869, due Oct. 15, 1869	[illegible]
Oct. 25— 4	3044 to 4023	Hks. of N. Y., Nat. Bk'g Ass. and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bds. of '68, Nov. 1, '69	[illegible]
Oct. 30— 5	4024 to 4100	Bowery Savings Bk. and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bds. of 1868, Nov. 1, 1869	[illegible]
Oct. 30— 6	4101 to 4466	Brooklyn Savings Bank, redemp. of Co. rev. bonds of 1868, Nov. 16, 1869	100,000 00
Nov. 10— 7	4467 to 4507	Atlantic Mut. Ins. Co. and others, redemp. of Co. bds. of 1868, Nov. 10, 1869	[illegible]
Nov. 16— 8	4508 to 4976	U. S. Trust Co. and others, redemp. of Co. Rev. bds. of 1868, Nov. 16, 1869	[illegible]
Nov. 30— 9	4977 to 5066	Sturgis and Fate D. Co. and others, redemption of Co. rev. bds. of 1868, Dec. 1, 1869	[illegible]
Dec. 6— 10	5067 to 5096	Bank for Savings, redemption of County revenue bonds of 1868, Dec. 6, 1869	[illegible]
Dec. 15— 11	5097 to 5140	N. Y. Historical Society and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bds. of 1868, Dec. 15, 1869	[illegible]
Dec. 20— 12	5141 to 5191	B'way Sav. Institution and others, redemp. of Co. rev. bds. of 1868, Dec. 20, 1869	692,500 00

COUNTY REVENUE BONDS FOR THE PAYMENT OF ADJUSTED CLAIMS.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
Jan. 25— 1	78 to 79	Nat. Shoe and Leather Bk. and others, return Co. rev. bds. due Feb. 1, 1869	2200,000 00
Oct. 30— 2	4492 to 4497	Brooklyn Savings Bank and others, redemp. Co. rev. bds. of 1868, due Dec. 1, 1869	150,000 00
Oct. 30— 3	4498 to 4504	Emigrant Ind. Savings Bank, redemption Co. rev. bds. of 1868, due Dec. 1, 1869	100,000 00
Nov. 30— 4	4505 to 5018	S. Brooklyn Sav. Inst. and others, redemption Co. rev. bds. of 1868, due Dec. 1, 1869	817,000 00
Nov. 5— 5	5019 to 5022	Coms. Sinking Fund and others, redemption Co. rev. bds. of 1868, due Dec. 1, 1869	800,000 00

RIOT DAMAGES.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
Jan. 30— 1	472 to 491	O. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, January, 1869	1,284 00
Feb. 27—2	969 to 973	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, February, 1869	933 00
March 15— 3	1053	J. H. Ostrom, damage by riots, clerks County Bureau, July, 1868	50 00
March 24— 4	1059	H. C. Hutchings, rotunda to use of Board of Supervisors, to Jan. 30, 1869	1,000 00
March 24— 5	1064	New-York Printing Company, printing third volume Riot Damages Report	7,201 80
March 31— 6	1247 to 1250	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, March, 1869	931 00
April 30— 7	1251 to 1255	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, April, 1869	933 00
May 31— 8	1256 to 1262	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, May, 1869	[illegible]
May 31— 9	1263	A. M. Bunnenger, damage by riots, July, 1868, Nos. 145 and 146½ Greenwich street	30 00
June 30—10	1264 to 1268	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, June, 1869	933 00
July 19—11	2172	Baker, Wells & Co., as E. R. & P., damage by riots, July, 1863, corner West and Houston streets	3,[illegible] 62
July 19—12	2173	E. O. Lawson, damage by riots, July, 1863, corner Washington and Houston streets	407 37
July 31—13	2266 to 2270	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, July, 1869	1,033 00
Aug. 14—14	2341 to 2343	W. C. Keyes & Co., book binding Riot Damages bonds, June 4, 1869	18 00
Aug. 31—15	2342 to 2353	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, August, 1869	1,[illegible] 00
Sept. 30—16	2765	A. Lieberman and others, damage by riots, July, 1863, at No. 604 Eighth-avenue	15 00
Sept. 30—17	2761	James Watson, County Auditor, to pay-roll temp. clerks County Bureau, Sept., 1869	1,[illegible] 00
Oct. 20—18	4400 to 4416	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, October, 1869	1,033 00
Nov. 20—19	4782 to 4792	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, November, 1869	1,033 00
Dec. 21—20	5077 to 5097	C. L. Thatcher and others, salaries of temp. clerks County Bureau, December, 1869	1,033 00
Dec. 31—21	5097	H. M. Collier, legal services in suits against Supervisors to Dec. 31, 1869	3,[illegible] 00

ASSESSMENT FUND—PUBLIC DRIVE, BETWEEN FIFTY-NINTH AND ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIFTH STS.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
Jan. 15— 1	49	Henry Starkweather, fee for collection, Public Drive, November, 1868	1[illegible] 01
Jan. 19— 2	80	Martha E. Dorunsinque, award No. 206 Public Drive, between 59th and 155th streets	8,[illegible] 01
Jan. 15— 3	85	J. Van Schaick, award Nos. 208 and 209 Public Drive	10,[illegible] 00
Jan. 20— 4	61	Heirs of J. R. Walton, award No. 128 Public Drive	1,[illegible] 00
Jan. 20— 5	62	M. Sturgis, for G. H. Ogden, attorney, award Nos. 136 and 144 Public Drive	22,[illegible] 00
Jan. 20— 6	361	Heirs of M. Halpin, of G. O'Neill and J. Hicks, executors, No. 26 Public Drive	13,[illegible] 00
Jan. 20— 7	362	Susan Hoffman, mortgage, award No. 26 Public Drive	2,100 00
Jan. 20— 8	363	Susan L. Hoffman, No. 26 Public Drive	2,[illegible] 00
Jan. 20— 9	364	H. Starkweather, fees on Public Drive, Collector of Assessments, December, 1868	1,041 66
Feb. 15— 10	555	H. Starkweather, fees on account of damages not assessed for the opening of Public Drive, 59th and 155th streets	47,[illegible] 45
Feb. 24— 11	562	H. Starkweather, fees for collection of Public Drive, January, 1869	1,421 84
Feb. 27— 12	919	Estate of R. L. Carman, mort'g, award No. 42 in matter P. D., 59th and 155th streets	4,[illegible] 00
March 9— 13	1036	T. M. Sheppard or C. H. Sheppard, attorney, award No. 26 in matter Public Drive, 59th and 155th streets	4,267 00
March 24— 14	1067	H. Starkweather, Collector of Assessments, fees collected on Boulevard, Feb. 18, 1869	401 72
April 19— 15	1224	Fr. L. Mesenagh, award No. 206 Public Drive between 59th and 155th streets	7[illegible] 00
April 26— 16	1234	H. Starkweather, fees for collecting on Public Drive between 59th and 155th streets, March, 1869	541 67
May 12— 17	1615	H. Kelly, award No. 75 Public Drive between 59th and 155th streets	5[illegible] 00
May 14— 18	1626	P. Dunn, T. Ray, and others, award No. 306 (unknown owners) Public Drive between 59th and 155th streets	461 00
May 14— 19	1629	N. A. Chasley, mort'g, award No. 306 (unknown owners) Public Drive between 59th and 155th streets	700 00
May 31— 20	1684	F. Rosenberg, award No. 154 Public Drive between 59th and 155th streets	2,045 00
May 31— 21	1690	H. Starkweather, fees for collection on Public Drive, month April, 1869	[illegible]
June 9— 22	1858	E. D. Brown, R. L. Shaw, trustees of Wm. Forgay, deceased, awards Nos. 301, 302 and 303, (unknown owners) P. D., 59th to 155th and One Hundred and Fifty-fifth and One Hundred and Fifty-ninth and One Hundred and Eighty-fifth streets	2,783 00
June 24— 23	2123	Heirs of J. Conkling, Elizabeth Mary Conkling, executrix, award No. 92, P. D., Fifty-ninth and One Hundred and Eighty-fifth streets	1,354 00
July 15— 24	2726	H. Starkweather, fees for collection Public Drive, May, 1869	471 27
July 15— 25	2727	H. Starkweather, fees for collection Public Drive, June, 1869	714 73
Aug. 4— 26	3240	H. W. Fuld and others, awards Nos. 479, 480 and 481, P. D.	4,[illegible] 00
Aug. 4— 27	3260	H. Starkweather, for pay of assistants opening of St. Nicholas and Twelfth avenues	3,721 00
Aug. 4— 28	3261	H. Starkweather, for pay of assistants opening Public Drive	8,[illegible] 00
Aug. 4— 29	3262	R. O'Gorman, fees allowed by Court out of above award	100 00
Aug. 4— 30	3263	C. Easton, attorney, fees allowed by Court out of above award	750 00
Aug. 4— 31	3359	H. Devine, services payment awards and collection assessments in Public Drive opening	2,500 00
Aug. 4— 32	3360	J. Davis, services payment awards and collection assessments in Public Drive opening	2,500 00
Aug. 4— 33	3361	J. Watson, services payment awards and collection assessments in Public Drive opening	2,500 00
Aug. 4— 34	3362	R. A. Storrs, services payment awards and collection assessments in Public Drive opening	2,500 00
Aug. 4— 35	3363	S. C. Lynes, services payment awards and collection assessments in Public Drive opening	1,000 00
Aug. 4— 36	3364	D. C. Smith, services payment awards and collection assessments in Public Drive opening	1,000 00
Sept. 30— 37	3815	H. Starkweather, services as Collector of Assessments, July, 1869, Public Drive	1,[illegible] 00
Sept. 30— 38	3870	H. Starkweather, services as Collector of Assessments, August, 1869	7,045 01
Nov. 16— 39	4973	Anson Heinck's Sons, printing for Public Drive assessment, Sept. 17, 1869	44 00
Dec. 15— 40	5125	J. Cudlepp and others, 151-216, award No. 74, unknown owners in matter Public Drive	2,[illegible] 00
Dec. 15— 41	5126	M. A. Cullen and others, 88-216, award No. 74, unknown owners in matter Public Drive	1,990 02

NEW COUNTY COURT-HOUSE.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
June 7— 1	2025	Keyser & Co., plumbing work, labor and materials furnished new County Court-house, upon account Board Supplies, to May 15, 1869	425,010 02
June 7— 2	2026	James Watson, co-Auditor pay-roll mechanics, laborers, &c., new County Court-house, upon account Board Supplies, May 9 to 23, 1869	54,985 65
June 7— 3	2027	James Watson, co-Auditor pay-roll mechanics, laborers, &c., new County Court-house, upon account Board Supplies, May 9 to 23, 1869	[illegible]
June 7— 4	2046	Ingersoll & Co., furniture, &c., furnished new County Court-house, upon account Board Supply, to April 8, 1869	90,923 40
June 7— 5	2047	C. D. Beller & Co., furniture, &c., furnished new County Court-house, upon account Board Supply, to May, 1869	120,429 48
June 9— 6	2087	Andrew J. Garvey, plastering-work, labor and materials furnished new County Court-house, upon account Board Supply, Nos. 1, 1869, to Jan. 1, 1869	29,986 65
June 9— 7	2088	A. J. Garvey, plastering-work, labor and materials furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, Feb. 1 to May 15, 1869	30,383 80
June 9— 8	2089	A. Hall, Jr., painting-work, labor and materials furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to May 17, 1869	44,236 10
June 19— 9	2090	J. A. Smith, carpets, oil-cloths, &c., furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to April 16, 1869	73,096 97
June 24— 10	2121	Ward & Stanton, on account iron floors and brass work furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to May 10, 1869	10,000 00
June 25— 11	2186	J. McE. Davidson, on account bill of sales furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, May 6, 1867, to March 4, 1869	20,000 00
July 13— 12	2702	New-York Printing Company, engraving book certificates furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to June 15, 1869	1,150 00
July 13— 13	2703	Ward & Stanton, iron floor and brass work furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to May 3, 1869	13,[illegible] 97
July 16— 14	2710	E. V. Haughwout, heating and ventilating new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, May 10, 1869	9,[illegible] 26
July 16— 15	2711	E. V. Haughwout, heating and ventilating new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, June 27, 1868, to May 10, 1869	26,[illegible] 43
July 26— 16	2774	J. McE. Davidson, balance bills for safes furnished new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, May 4, 1868, to March 4, 1869	19,[illegible] 00
Aug. 4— 17	3348	Michael Collins, services as laborer new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, Feb. 1 to June 19, 1869	325 50
Oct. 20— 18	4507	C. H. Tucker, services as Superintendent Construction new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to July 1, 1869	29,437 54
Nov. 16— 19	4894	C. H. Wakefield, services as Notary Public to new County Court-house upon account Board Supervisors, to May 25, 1869	225 00

ADJUSTED CLAIMS.

Date	Vouch. No.	Warr. No.	Payee	Amount
Jan. 1— 1	3	R. Ogden Doremus, chemical analysis of the "Rhode Children," July, 1868	61,[illegible] 00
Jan. 1— 2	4	A. Pennall, medical attendance during riots of July, 1868	1,[illegible] 00
Jan. 1— 3	57	J. McCowan, serving subpœnas, Special Sessions, December, 1868	28 00
Jan. 1— 4	77	B. Ely, repairing McComb's Dam Bridge, November, 1868	2,194 05
Jan. 1— 5	48	A. Oakey Hall, disbursements in office of District-Attorney, six months to Dec. 31, 1868	3,[illegible] 12
Jan. 1— 6	86	*Tribune* Association, advertising for County, April 4, 1864, May 6, 1868, to Dec. 29, 1868	10,[illegible] 98
Jan. 1— 7	87	James O'Brien, services as Sheriff, quarter to Dec. 31, 1868	12,[illegible] 26
Jan. 1— 8	88	NEW-YORK TIMES, advertising sundry notices, Aug. 19, 1863, to Dec. 23, 1867	2,[illegible] 00
Jan. 20— 9	71	New-York *Staats Zeitung*, advertising for County, Dec. 1, 1868	2,134 05
Jan. 25— 10	76	C. E. Loew, services as County Clerk, quarter Dec. 31, 1868	14,645 49
Jan. 25— 11	97	New-York *Staats Zeitung*, advertising list of polling-places, election, November, 1868	161 36
Jan. 30— 12	369	Keyser & Co., plumbing, material and labor furnished County Courts and offices, on account of Board of Supervisors, Jan. 20, 1868, to May 19, 1868	9,[illegible] 00
Jan. 30— 13	360	E. Hauck, rations furnished Fifth Regiment, Feb. 21 to 23, 1868	60 00
Feb. 10— 14	500	*New-Yorker Demokrat*, advertising sundry items for County, to Dec. 31, 1868	4,[illegible] 07
Feb. 10— 15	521	*Evening Post*, advertising sundry items for County, to Dec. 31, 1868	2,[illegible] 65
Feb. 27— 16	918	Wm. M. Tweed, Jr., services as counsel in suits against County, 1868	2,500 00
Feb. 27— 17	919	J. Egan, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 18	920	J. Higgins, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 19	921	J. S. K. Judge, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 20	922	W. Arnold, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 21	923	A. McIlberry, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 22	924	J. McMahon, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 23	925	R. Martinez, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8 to 21, 1868	37 00
Feb. 27— 24	926	R. Smith, services as officer Oyer and Terminer, Dec. 8

The New-York Times.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Destructive Fires in the Forests of New-York State.

Farm Houses Burned and Lives Reported to be Lost.

Threatened Revolution in Hayti in Favor of Salnave.

Defeat of Baez by Cabral at San Juan Confirmed.

An Impending Monetary Crisis in Paris.

A Military Establishment at Rome with Schools and Forts.

Progress of Reviving Business and Enterprise in Chicago.

FIRES IN THE WOODS.

Several Conflagrations in New-York Burning—Other Fires.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Extensive fires prevail in the swamps and woods of Monroe, Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Wayne and Seneca Counties. The wind has been blowing a perfect gale since yesterday morning, and much uneasiness is felt throughout the burning district. The smoke obscures the sun to such an extent that lights have to be used in buildings today in this city. Rain is very much needed. Reports are constantly coming in of fires in all directions.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 23.—About three acres of the forest, known as Chestnut Ridge, near this city, was burned yesterday. The flames were subdued by the united labors of the people of the neighborhood. The Montezuma marshes have been burning for several days. These marshes are two miles wide and about twelve miles in length. The grocery store of TRUMAN & SHAW, in this city, was burned last night. Loss, $4,000; partially insured. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

THOR, Oct. 23.—The woods near the Shaker settlement, about six miles from here, are on fire, and it is feared that considerable damage may be done.

Fires in the Shawangunk Mountains—Hackensack Enveloped in Smoke—Reported Loss of Life.

HOPEWELL, N. Y., Oct. 23.—A large fire is raging in the Shawangunk Mountains, near Fort Hixon. Several hundred acres have been already burned over. A large fire is also raging in the woods at Flatbush, near Rondout.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 23.—This city is enveloped in smoke. Reports are constantly coming of fires raging in the woods throughout the country. Two farm-houses and other buildings near Walworth, Wayne County, are reported burned. Several houses, straw and hay-stacks, with large woods, opposite Shakes Point, Canandaigua Lake, were burned today. It is also reported that a man was burned to death. A rumor comes from Albion that the Prussian settlement north of Albion, Orleans County, was burned today. The wind has changed this evening. The country is very dry, and there is no hope of the fires being extinguished until heavy rains fall.

THE WEST INDIES.

Apprehended Revolution in Hayti—Defeat of Baez in San Domingo—The Telegraphic Case at St. Thomas—Jamaican Finances—Marine Disasters.

HAVANA, Oct. 23.—Advices from Port-au-Prince to the 5th inst. state that President SAGET had left the Capital to visit the Southern Departments of the Republic. His arrival at Jacmel was daily expected. Rumors of another projected revolution were obtaining currency, and it was believed that partisans of Ex-President Gen. SALNAVE were assembling on the northern frontier, and at Monte Christi, in the Dominican Territory. They are aided by President BAEZ in their projected incursion. The name of Gen. SALDOMO, residing at present at St. Thomas, is currently mentioned in connection with future revolutionary movements. The iron-clad steamer *Atlanta* sailed from Philadelphia in December, 1869, for Port-au-Prince and was never heard from. Mr. SIDNEY DAKSMITH, of Philadelphia, now claims that the late President SALNAVE contracted with him for the steamer at a valuation of $150,000, and that $50,000 was paid on said contract. He has brought a suit against President SAGET for the balance of $100,000. The case is still before the Courts. The coffee crop of Hayti is being gathered. The yield will be large.

PUERTO PLATA, Oct. 5, via HAVANA, Oct. 22.—It is asserted that the fire which occasioned the destruction of Puerto Plata was caused by the opponents of the scheme of annexation to the United States. News from CABRAL and the revolutionary army confirm the report of an engagement with the forces of BAEZ. CABRAL remained in possession of San Juan while the army of BAEZ retreated with heavy loss.

ST. THOMAS, Oct. 16, via HAVANA, Oct. 22.—Sir CHARLES BRIGHT sailed, yesterday, for Europe in the steamer *Rhin*, his health requiring rest. His brother, Mr. EDWARD BRIGHT, remains in charge of the works. The American brigantine *Monte Christi*, from Martinique, for New-York, with a cargo of sugar, called here for medical assistance, the cook having stabbed the mate. She proceeded on her voyage this morning, leaving the cook in custody of the consul. A suit in Chancery regarding the steamer *Telegraph* has closed. The jury established at Tortola and awarded $19,000 indemnity to the owner.

KINGSTON, Oct. 22.—The Pacific mail steamship *Rising Star* sailed for Aspinwall yesterday. The Jamaica revenue returns just published show receipts amounting to $6,400, which is $400 beyond the estimates. The financial surplus may confidently be estimated at $12,000, which, added to surplus previously accumulated, will be devoted this year to the inauguration of great public works and the internal improvements. A bark, supposed to be the *Gunpant*, of Newport, Wales, has been cast away on Pilly Keys. She is supposed to be a total wreck.

SAN JUAN, Oct. 10, via HAVANA, Oct. 22.—On the 20th ult., the British ship *Lord Warden*, with a cargo of machinery, was lost on Goron, a reef twenty miles south of Mayaguez. A portion of the cargo was saved. The wreck has been sold.

Collision Between a Schooner and a Steamer Off Frying-Pan Shoals.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 23.—The schooner *Eugene Borda*, from New-York, for Jacksonville, has arrived here in distress. She reports running into an unknown steam-ship off Frying-pan Shoals, in thirteen fathoms of water, on Friday night last. The schooner lost her bowsprit, head-gear and broke windlass. The damage to the steam-ship is unknown, but it is supposed to be serious.

EUROPE.

Stringency in Money in Paris—A Military Establishment at Rome—The German Parliament—Spanish Politics.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—There is great scarcity of money in Paris, and the stringency is daily increasing. To relieve in some measure the pressure, the directors of the Bank of France today commenced to issue 25,000,000 francs in currency of small denomination.

An extensive military establishment is to be formed at Rome. It will comprise a school of artillery and arsenal within the city, and an entrenched camp and a series of forts outside. President THIERS will lay the foundation stone of the artillery school with appropriate ceremonies.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—At a meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, this morning, resolutions were unanimously adopted condemning the proposed protectionist modifications in the French Commercial Treaty.

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—In Parliament, today, a bill providing for the formation of an imperial war fund was introduced and referred to the Committee on the Budget of the Empire.

MADRID, Oct. 23.—The *Imparcial* says the effort to bring about a reconciliation between the supporters of SAGASTA and ZORILLA, and form coalition Ministry, have failed.

THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

Explanation from the Republic Insurance Company—The Grosvenor Tragedy—Letter from the Military Commander—Business Healthy and Quiet.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct 23.—The Republic Insurance Company publishes an advertisement this morning in which it undertakes to defend its action in reply to the criticisms of the Press. They say the losses of the Company by Chicago, not including other seven losses will not be less than $2,250,000, and will probably reach $2,500,000. To pay these losses the Company has in Government bonds at the present greatly reduced prices and cash available means only $900,000. To await the unavoidably slow and laborious process of a regular adjustment of claims, and attempt an assessment upon 4,000 stockholders, scattered all over the country from Massachusetts to Colorado and from Minnesota to Kentucky, would have involved an almost interminable delay and litigation. Meantime, as before stated, the poor and needy claimants would have to fall into the hands of sharpers and speculators. In view of all these considerations, the directors were led to the conviction that there was but one practicable course left them—to begin paying out at once, and without requiring formal proofs, twenty-five per cent on the dollar to the great number who preferred to accept that rather than risk delay and the possibility of the available assets being tied up and frittered away in litigation. This explanation is regarded as anything but satisfactory by the policy-holders, and expressions of dissatisfaction were very general among the sufferers. Later in the day it was reported that the Company would rescindsder their previous action and pay in full, as soon as claims against the Company could be adjusted. In the meantime they would pay twenty-five per cent, without waiting for adjustment. I am authorized to state that the Lumbermen's Insurance Company, which holds notes of stockholders for portions of stock, same as does the Republic, will also pay in full. This action will doubtless be followed by many other Chicago companies, and instead of all being bankrupt, many will pay and continue business.

The Coroner's inquest on the Grosvenor homicide has been in session all day, and has not yet reached a conclusion. The evidence taken thus far confirms essentially the account of the affair sent you Saturday night. Col. SHERMAN, who is young TREAT's commander, publishes a communication in the Chicago *Times* this morning in which he defends himself. Lieut. Gen. SHERMAN, whom the TIMES fiercely assails, and young TREAT, the sentry who committed the act. He says the volunteer military patrol was organized by him by concurrence of Mayor MASON, because the Police force was insufficient in strength and no regular force available. In view of the hundreds of murderers and thieves that had been turned loose in our midst, he defends the conduct of young TREAT. He also says that the excitement, which has been almost to fever heat, has not yet subsided. Many families are yet packed and ready to fly, and it is not surprising that the citizen soldier should be more or less affected by it as evinced by the unfortunate shooting of Col. GROSVENOR. This and the lateness of the hour, Col. GROSVENOR's strange replies and surprising conduct combined, alone brought about this result, and this young man TREAT, possibly by fright and an over-zealous desire to perform his new duties precipitated upon him by the emergency or possibly by an innocent error of judgment, certainly not of heart or criminal intent, was thus unfortunately instrumental in the death of our highly esteemed citizen. In conclusion, Col. SHERMAN warmly defends Gen. SHERIDAN, whom the TIMES assaults bitterly on general principles. He says: "Fighting the flames as heroically as he did the enemies of our country, plunging into danger as recklessly as he did into battle, and personally assisting in the preservation of property in which he had no interest as citizen or soldier, he challenged the admiration of many who had denied it before, and to the eyes of his friends added additional laurels to his already remarkable career."

The same quiet which has marked financial circles the past week is still maintained. The banks are more troubled with depositors than calls for money; at least most of the leading ones are. Of course when business gets fairly into action again, this will not be so; the calls for deposits will then be lively, and the depositors less active and persistent. The receipts of grain and lumber continue active, but transactions in the former at the Board of Trade are limited, while the demand for lumber is very great.

Foreign Aid—Kaiser Wilhelm Sends One Thousand Thalers.

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—The Emperor WILHELM has made a donation of 1,000 thalers for the relief of the Chicago sufferers.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The Liverpool subscriptions to the Chicago Relief Fund amount, this morning, to £16,000. Nottingham has contributed £1,000. The steamer *Russia*, which sailed on Saturday, took a large consignement of clothing and blankets, contributed at various points for the victims of the Western fires. The National Choral Society, numbering 1,000 members, will perform the oratorio of "The Messiah," at Albert Hall, Hyde Park, for the benefit of the Chicago sufferers.

Insurance Matters.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 23.—The Board of Directors of the Ætna Insurance Company have received the report of the adjuster, from Chicago, today, and their losses being above the amount first reported, it was unanimously resolved to pay all proper losses in Chicago, and to receive from stockholders subscriptions of $600,000, to make good the technical impairment of capital, and to continue business. Thirteen stockholders present subscribed the pro rata amount before the meeting adjourned.

CHICAGO, Oct. 23.—The Board of Directors of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company has given orders to rebuild their building here at once. It will be completed in sixty days.

The entire unburnt portion of the city is now supplied with water from the water-works. The Committee appointed at the recent meeting of the Rock River Conference, to ascertain the losses to Methodist Churches by fire, report as follows: Garrett Biblical Institute loses on buildings owned in the city $60,000; Methodist Church block, $150,000; Grace Church, $100,000; one Scandinavian and two German churches, $15,000; amount of insurance considered good, $60,000. The value of the school buildings and apparatus destroyed by fire is $300,000. Eight school-houses were burnt. The walls of two wings of the Court-house are found to be but slightly injured, and the condition will admit of immediate reconstruction. The Supervisors have ordered that work on the county wing be commenced at once, so that work inside can progress during the Winter. At a meeting yesterday of the congregation of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, it was ascertained that 6,000 worshipers of that church were burned out of their dwellings and were homeless. Their house of worship and mission school were destroyed. This is one of the most flourishing churches in the city. W. E. LONGWORTH, a carpenter, who lost everything by the fire, committed suicide yesterday. The Chamber of Commerce has decided to rebuild with stone. The new building will be superior to the old one in every respect.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Internal Revenue Officers' Conference with the Tobacco Men of Virginia—A Melancholy Incident—Miscellaneous.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The change in the tobacco tax and general changes in the manner of administering the law, so as to give greater protection to legitimate business, is a subject which will demand full consideration at the coming session of Congress, reinforced as it will be by the cogent recommendations of Commissioner DOUGLASS, who is gathering many facts to enable him to reach correct conclusions. As has already been stated in these dispatches, Supervisor PERSHERY and ISRAEL KINSHALL, Esq., chief of the Tobacco Division of the Internal Revenue Bureau, have been for some weeks past engaged in conferring with the manufacturers in Virginia on the subject. They held conferences in Richmond and Petersburg about the 14th inst., and on the 17th and 20th in Lynchburg and Danville respectively. These four points embrace 124 out of the 185 factories in Virginia, and the attendance at the conferences was very full. The purpose of these meetings was to endeavor to bring the Government and manufacturers in closer relations, the interests of the one being substantially the interests of the other. The best feeling prevailed at these meetings, and the officers found the manufacturers thoroughly acquainted with the requirements of the law, and that they were complying with them in good faith. They expressed a general friendliness toward the Government, and recognized the wisdom of levying a tax on tobacco as one of the luxuries best able to bear it, so long as revenue is required in its present amount. They unanimously agreed as to the necessity of a uniform rate of taxation on tobacco, without declaring at what rate it shall be fixed, preferring, of course, as low a rate as would be consistent with the amount of revenue required. They expressed a very strong desire for protection against dealers in leaf tobacco, through whom such a vast proportion of the product escapes into consumption without the payment of any tax, and demanded stringent provisions against peddlers, through whom now a great deal of fraud is perpetrated. They should be required to give bonds, register their wagons, keep regular books, and so on. In regard to the bonded warehouse system, the manufacturers very generally concurred in the idea of confining them exclusively to tobacco intended for export, but if continued as now used, they deemed their restriction to leading ports of entry unwise and injurious, and demanded that they should be extended to inland cities. If this could not be done, a majority of those consulted preferred the abolition of the warehouses and the enforced prepayment of the tax before the tobacco left the hands of the manufacturer. Supervisor PERSHERY presented to the manufacturers some figures showing a startling difference in reports for Virginia and North Carolina. In Virginia there are a hundred and eighty-five factories, with a capacity in bond for 20,894,000; in North Carolina two hundred and five factories, capacity in bond, 81,160,000. The collections from these manufactories in North Carolina for thirteen months ending March 1, 1869, on tobacco taxed, at sixteen cents, amounted to $136,889 64; and at thirty-two cents, $1,914,109 73. During the same time, in Virginia, the collections under the sixteen cents tax amounted to $824,601 22. On thirty-two cents, $9,264,012 26. Total in Virginia, $10,088,614 16; in North Carolina, $2,051,998 40. The collections in Virginia on tobacco for forty-four months prior to March 1, 1869, at a tax of 40 cents per pound amounted to $1,480,000. Since March, 1869, in thirty months, the amount collected under the reduced tax of 32 cents per pound was $10,088,614 16. In order to achieve uniformity of action by all parties the several conferences at Richmond, Petersburg, Lynchburg and Danville have united in passing substantially the following resolutions in each case:

Resolved, That the tobacco associations recommend a uniform tax on all tobacco; that we believe manufactured tobacco is a legitimate subject of taxation, and we recommend a uniform rate as low as would be consistent with the public revenue; that we respectfully request Congress to pass such laws as may be expedient and necessary to protect the interest of the manufacturers against the consumption of leaf tobacco, and to prevent its sale at retail; that it is the opinion of this meeting that the bonded warehouses for manufactured tobacco should be used exclusively for the reception of manufactured tobacco; that we further respectfully request Congress to pass such laws as may be required to prevent the frauds occurring from the peddling of manufactured tobacco.

LIBERAL AID FOR CHICAGO.

The contributions of the people of Washington for the relief of the sufferers by the Chicago, Wisconsin, and Michigan fires, have now reached a sum equal to $1 50 for every man, woman, and child in the District. Considering the character of the population, especially the great salaried portion thereof, this is a remarkable showing, and will compare favorably with any city in the country.

SALE OF MAJOR HODGE'S EFFECTS.

The sale of the personal effects of Ex-Paymaster HODGE today was a curious and sad spectacle. A large crowd of people, with no intention of purchasing, but attracted by curiosity, were in attendance, and every article was subjected to a merciless scrutiny. The furniture, which was modern and in good condition, brought good prices. The best of the library had evidently been disposed of, the remaining books being generally valueless. But a collection of coins quite rare were competed for with so much avidity that they brought nearly as much as the furniture on the first floor. Several half-pennies were sold as high as $10 and $11 each. The contemplation of all this and ending—the broken home, the crushed hearts, and the oblivion of the future—brought tears to the eyes even of those who simply came there to see.

A FAITHFUL OFFICER.

For over a month past Commissioner DOUGLASS of the Internal Revenue Bureau has been suffering from intermittent fever, yet has been daily at his desk, fighting off the insidious disease with his physician's prescriptions on the one side and the demands of duty on the other. Today was what he jocularly calls his wall day, but a pretty sick one at that, and it is plain that no demands of duty require such a devotion. Having been steadfastly in his place throughout the past year, the public service can spare him until he gets well.

CHANGING OFFICES.

The Department of Justice has about completed its removal to the new building of the Freedmen's Savings Bank, opposite the north wing of the Treasury. This not only brings the various divisions of the office together, but also vacates a considerable portion of the south wing of the Treasury for the use of its ever-crowded bureaus.

FAILURE OF A HOTEL-KEEPER.

The Metropolitan Hotel, a well-known house in days gone by on Pennsylvania avenue, was closed by legal proceedings today in consequence of the failure of its proprietor, and a load of passengers who sought its precincts from the morning trains were obliged to go elsewhere. This is the fourth large hotel closed this season, though one of the proprietors of Willard's is making extensive repairs, and, as he now offers it for rent, it is probable that it will be reopened.

Dispatches from the Associated Press.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The Civil Service Commission were today engaged in considering systems of promotion. Ex-Senator CATTELL took his place today as one of the Commissioners for the first time since their reassembling.

POSTAL MATTERS.

The Post-office Department is in receipt of information that the Government of Ecuador has signed a Postal Convention for an international mail via the Isthmus of Darien. By the terms of the Convention the exchange of ratifications shall take place at Washington in six months, or as much sooner as practicable, whereupon it is to go into effect immediately.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

A case involving interesting features is now undergoing investigation at the Treasury Department. A party who furnished a lot of supplies to the Government in 1864 claims that he received only a part of the amount due to him, and that a large balance has been withheld by the disbursing officer.

THE NEW-YORK CUSTOM-HOUSE.

The following appointments of Inspectors in the New-York Custom-house were confirmed by the Treasury Department: J. H. ARMITAGE, H. J. GILBERT, CHARLES H. KNIGHT and HILAND K. CLARK.

SHIPPING AND TONNAGE.

The Register of the Treasury states the tonnage of the country for the year ending June 30, 1871, as follows: In 1870 there were 18,095 vessels, 4,945,507 tons; in 1871 there were 20,150 vessels, with 4,226,828 tons. It thus appears that there has been an increase during the year ending June 30, 1871, of 173 vessels and 20,679 tons. The steam tonnage of the country has increased 5,300 tons. There has also been a considerable increase in the barge and canal-boat tonnage.

NATIONAL BANK REPORTS.

The following items appear in the abstract of the national banks of Cincinnati, according to the report of conditions on the 2d inst.:

Resources.

Loans and discounts	$7,948,312
United States bonds	4,300,200
Exchange for Clearing-house	91,280
Bills of banks	180,400
Specie	27,022
Legal tenders	1,041,000
Three per cents	100,000

Liabilities.

Capital	$4,000,000
Profits	874,200
Circulation	3,600,000
Deposits	7,300,400
Due to banks	3,038,300
Aggregates	18,812,918

The St. Louis national banks report as follows:

Resources.

Loans and discounts	6,288,087
United States bonds	4,445,000
Due from banks	1,776,[illegible]
Exchanges for Clearing-house	488,[illegible]
Specie	22,188
Legal tenders	1,241,279
Three per cents	140,000

Liabilities.

Capital	4,000,000
Profits	1,185,[illegible]
Bank notes outstanding	3,755,800
Deposits	4,142,450
Due to banks	1,261,[illegible]
Aggregates	16,[illegible]

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments were made today:

Postmasters—Jacob S. Pierce, Orford, Miss.; Cadet Taylor, Winona Station, Ill.; Albert F. Philips, Kouts, Ind.; Frank C. Bailey, Shreveport, La.; David J. Enright, Salisbury, N. C.; Frederick C. Leiter, Charlotte, Mich.; Silvanus Gleason, West Rumpity, Conn.; Mrs. Cloris E. Smith, Sterling, Ill.; A. C. Valdowater, Penn. Ill.; William P. Forsyth, Jacksonville, Ill.; Charles W. Goddard, Portland, Me.; John E. Burnham, Hartford, Conn.; Obadiah Steammons, Cadiz, Ohio.

Edward R. Rowe, United States Marshal for the Southern District of Illinois; William Spencer, United States Marshal for the Eastern District of Tennessee; James W. Fisher, Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court of Wyoming.

VENEZUELA.

The Revolutionists Still Holding Their Ground—Iron Rule of Guzman Where the Power is Acknowledged.

CARACAS, Oct. 8—via HAVANA, Oct. 23.—The revolution continues in full vigor. The revolutionists retain possession of the sea-port of Ciudad Bolivar, and have imposed a contribution of $100,000 on the inhabitants. They are now marching on Barcelona. President GUZMAN BLANCO is actively raising forces to quell the revolt. He has gone to Valencia to organize the troops. His war steamers are assembling at Puerto Cabello. The *Bolivar* has been sent to Martinique for repairs. Large armaments are in course of preparation. It is anticipated that the campaign thus opened will be final, and close the struggle. The prisons are crowded with political prisoners. The Government is disposed to rule with an iron hand.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24—1 A. M.—The area of highest barometer still remains in North Carolina. The barometer has fallen in Kentucky and risen north and west of the Ohio. The temperature has fallen on the Lakes, and risen in the middle and East Atlantic coast, fresh south-westerly winds have prevailed on the Lower Lakes, but are now followed by north and north-westerly winds, with fair and cooler weather. Cloudiness, with occasional rain, is now reported from the South and Middle Atlantic, to the Ohio Valley, and clear weather in the Mississippi Valley.

PROBABILITIES.

Rising barometer, with clear weather, is probable for Tuesday on the Upper Lakes, and partially cloudy weather on the Lower Lakes and New-England; cloudy and threatening weather for the Middle and Southern States, and no material change on the Gulf coast.

City Meteorological Report.

The following observations show the temperature, &c., yesterday at the Central Park Mineral Springs:

	6 A.M.	9 A.M.	12 M.	3 P.M.	6 P.M.
Deg. Fahrenheit	53	60	70	70	70
Stand of bar. in inch	30.00	..	29.99	..	29.94

Wet-bulb hygrometer at noon, deg. Fahrenheit...65

THE INDIANS.

Superintendent Pope's Report of His Visit to Cochise's Camp—The Apaches Coming In.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Acting Commissioner CLUM, of the Indian Bureau, has received a letter from NATHANIEL POPE, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for New-Mexico, stating that, with Agent PIPER, he had visited the famous Apache Chief, COCHISE, on the 6th October, at his camp, where he had remained since coming in voluntarily on Sept. 20. There were between forty and sixty Apaches with COCHISE at the time of the visit, and others were coming in daily. COCHISE expressed himself anxious for peace, and pledged himself to use his influence to induce all the Apaches to come in on the reservation. Superintendent POPE pledged the Department to feed, clothe, and protect him and all Apaches, so long as they keep peace. He invited COCHISE to visit Washington, with other distinguished Chiefs, to talk with the Commissioner on Indian Affairs about the condition and wants of the Apaches, but COCHISE made so many excuses and objections that POPE was satisfied he did not consider it safe to make the venture at present. He believes, however, that COCHISE was sincere in his pledges, and says every effort will be made to secure his confidence and co-operation. POPE further indorses the peace policy of the Bureau, and says time will, in his judgment, prove its success.

Petition in Favor of an Indian War.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 23.—A petition has been signed by the whole white population of Arizona and southern California, setting forth the evils brought on those districts by VINCENT COLYER's interference, and praying the President to allow Gen. CROOK to resume the Apaches to subjection, without the intermeddling of the Peace Commissioners.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Rains commenced on Sunday at San Diego, Cal., and are coming northward.

The exhibition at the State Fair at Macon, Ga., is the largest ever held in the South.

There were three deaths from yellow fever yesterday in Charleston, S. C.

The total Chicago subscription of the Broad-street M. E. Church, Newark, amounts to $1,800.

HUDSON MCFARLAND was nominated for the Assembly by the Democrats of the First District of Orange County, yesterday.

The wife of PETER GASSLER, of Fort Plain, N. Y., committed suicide by hanging, on Sunday, while temporarily insane.

The dwelling and barn of CHARLES PINCKNEY, in Laconia, N. H., were burned on Sunday night by an incendiary.

JAMES E. KELLY was sentenced at Buffalo, yesterday, to be hanged Dec. 15, for the murder of CHARLES ROSENFELDT.

Over $1,000 are offered for the best bales of cotton exhibited at the Alabama State Fair, beginning Oct. 31 and continuing five days.

CHARLES SMITH won a two-mile boat race at Fishkill Landing yesterday, against AUGUSTUS MOSHER, in sixteen minutes.

DANIEL DALEY, of Boston, was killed, on Saturday night, by a load of lumber upsetting upon him.

The Haymakers defeated the Chicago White Stockings, at Troy, yesterday, by a score of 19 to 12.

The Mahaiwe Bank, at Great Barrington, Mass., was robbed of $15,000, on Saturday night, by WM. S. HINE, the teller, who has fled.

EBENEZER WHITTAKER was assaulted on Saturday night in Hartford, severely wounded on the head, and robbed of $70 received the day day before for wages as a silver-plater.

JOHN SWANSON and ERRICK COLSON, Swedes, were killed, Saturday night, by a street-train on the Boston and Providence Railroad, in West Roxbury.

The warrants for the payment of pensioners are now being prepared at the Treasury Department. Pensions are now paid quarterly, and over $7,000,000 are required for each quarter.

Two men and two women kidnapped a child from Water-avenue, Newburg, yesterday, and took passage on a Hudson River train for the North. The Police are in pursuit.

JOHN BUND, a farm hand at West Northfield, Mass., was killed on Saturday night, by jumping from a scaffold upon the stale of a pitchfork, which entered his abdomen.

THOMPSON, SMITH & CO.'s new lumber mill, at Bradford, Ontario, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning; loss $25,000; no insurance.

The Denver and Rio Grande Railway was finished yesterday to Colorado Springs, seventy-six miles, and is now open for travel and freight.

During an altercation between railroad hands, at Bridesport, Bedford County, Penn., one was fatally stabbed. The murderer has been arrested.

Dr. JAMES H. WARD, a well-known physician of Bloomfield, died in that place yesterday, of congestive chills. He was in his sixtieth year.

The jury in the case of STEPHEN D. GRISCOMBLE, charged, in Buffalo, N. Y., with the murder of his mistress, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, after twenty-five hours' deliberation.

The body of SMITH CLIFTON was found in the Owasco River, near Auburn, on Sunday. He was about sixty-five years of age, and is believed to have taken his own life on account of loss of property.

Collector SMITH, of New-Mexico, reports that an ex-fressman of SHELBY & CO., mail contractors, has been attacked by highway robbers, and a small amount of internal revenue collections taken.

Justices DAVIS and FIELD took their seats on the Supreme Court Bench yesterday morning. All the Judges were present, with the exception of Judge NELSON. No decisions were announced.

The schooner *Mary H. Banks*, from Georgetown, with ashore near Manchester, Mass., at 4 A. M., on the 22d inst. The crew and one lady passenger were saved by the life-boat. Wreckers have been engaged to save the cargo and effects.

The crew of the steam-boat *Plaster* going ashore for water, near Mulatto Bacon, Red River, were fired into by unknown persons, and two of their number mortally and one severely wounded.

HORATIO FOWKS, editor of the Rondout *Freeman*, gave bail in $1,000, yesterday, in a suit brought by Judge SCHOONMAKER, Democratic candidate for County Judge of Ulster County, for an alleged libel. The damages are laid at $10,000.

The Cumberland Bar of Maine presented resolutions upon the death of Judge DAVID SHEPLEY BARNES before the Supreme Judicial Court in Portland yesterday. Several addresses were made, after which the Court adjourned.

A reward of $3,000 has been offered for the recovery, dead or alive, of W. J. BLAUSOM, the confidential clerk of THOMAS P. SIMPSON, a contractor on the Midland Railway. He drew $30,000 in currency from GEORGE [illegible] & Co. on Thursday last, for the payment of the employes of the contractor, and he has not since been seen.

Trotting at Fleetwood—American Girl Beaten by Sea Foam—Judge Fullerton to Trot the Winner for $5,000.

The great match for $2,000, between *American Girl* and *Sea Foam*, was decided at Fleetwood Park, yesterday, in the presence of about 2,000 people. Three other events were set down for the day's sport, but the last two were postponed until today. *American Girl* has been the favorite in the betting for some days past, but just before the race the odds changed in favor of *Sea Foam*.

Four heats were trotted. The first was won by *Sea Foam*, with two lengths to spare, in 2:26¾; the also won the second heat by half a length, in 2:28¼. The first heat was made without much in either heat, but in the third heat the *Girl* made a bad break on the turn into the homestretch, and ran for a long distance.

The third heat resulted in favor of *American Girl*, *Sea Foam* going to pieces on the first turp. This heat was won by two lengths in 2:30. *Sea Foam* won the fourth heat by a head, after a close and exciting contest—time, 2:28¼. Judge *Fullerton* is to trot the winner for $5,000, at Fleetwood, on Monday, at 3 P. M. *Yankee Dan* and *Lady Donovan* next trotted for $1,000. Yankee Dan won the first heat, but the *Lady* proved too fast for him in the next three, and won the race easily.

SUMMARY.

FLEETWOOD PARK, Monday, Oct. 23, 1871.

Match $2,000; mile heats, best three in five:

J. J. Bowen's g. m. Sea Foam, in harness	1	1	1
Ben Daniels's b. m. American Girl, in wagon	2	2	2

Time.	Quarters.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	36¾	1:12	2:26¾
Second heat	37	1:14¼	2:28¼
Third heat	37	1:13	2:30
Fourth heat	36¾	1:14¼	2:28¼

SAME DAY.—Match $1,000; mile heats, best three in five in harness:

T. Lee's g. m. Lady Donovan	1	1	1
J. Murphy's g. g. Yankee Dan	2	2	2

Time—2:32¼, 2:30, 2:31¼, 2:34¼.

Today the Fleetwood Park Association will have their Fall opening. A purse will be offered for horses that have never beaten 2:30; $600 to first horse, $200 to second, and $200 to third. The following are the horses entered for this race: *James H. Coleman*, *Lady Waller*, *Baltimore*, *Denmark*, *Lady Rose* and *Dreadnought*.

Some of the noted horses which were engaged in the late Jerome Park races are now in Baltimore, to participate in the Fall meeting and races of the Maryland Jockey Club over the Pimlico Course, which commence today, and will continue four days—24th, 25th, 27th and 28th inst.

TWEED'S OFFICIAL PLUNDER.

William M. Tweed and the Sewer Contracts—Evidences of Corruption in the Department of Public Works.

There is a gross cynicism in Mr. TWEED's manner of dealing with contractors and agents for the City's work, which can be compared with nothing in history save the Court of Louis QUINZE. If a man wants a contract, he says distinctly, "You can have it if you will pay for it." Water-meters, fire-pipes, culverts, manhole, armories, banks, all are alike to TWEED, for whom no sum is too small for respectful consideration, nor too large for the gratification of his avarice. The printed blank contracts which have been drawn up for the Department of Public Works contain some evidences of his avarice and his efficiency which are positively comic in their unconscionableness of the quality of shame. On the 18th of April of this year the Department received sealed proposals for an outlet sewer in One Hundred and Tenth-street, from Harlem River to Fifth-avenue, to One Hundred and Seventh-street, to Seventh-avenue, with branches in Second, Fourth, and Fifth avenues, One Hundred and Eleventh, One Hundred and Twelfth, One Hundred and Thirteenth, and One Hundred and Twentieth streets. At the 1877 outset is the usual formula which the contractor is required to make that no member of the Common Council, head of a Department, chief of a Bureau, deputy, or clerk, or any officer of the Corporation, is in any way interested in the work. And on the next page is the condition that all the sewer and culvert pipes, inverts, house connections, pipe and man-hole frames and covers required for the work must be purchased and received by the contractor from the Commissioner of Public Works at certain specified rates, which are between two and three times the retail rate. The connection of JOHN H. KEYSER with Mr. TWEED is undeniable, and it is not difficult to tell where these culverts, pipes and man-hole frames, &c., are destined, seeing that in his confession Mr. KEYSER owned to supplying them from his foundry in Long Island. It has been charged again and again that Mr. TWEED is either a pro rata or an absolute partner of JOHN H. KEYSER, and no feeble denial on the part of the latter will alter the deep conviction that exists on this point in the public mind. If the City manufactured these things for its own consumption there would be an honorable meaning to this clause, but as it does not, as it buys them of KEYSER & Co., the inevitable conclusion is that it is a piece of the most audacious swindling. Never yet in the history of modern cities did the head of a department compel contractors to purchase articles by virtue of a printed agreement. Such things are indeed done surreptitiously, and the money is handed under the table after dinner to venal fingers, but this man TWEED prints his infamy on official paper.

Being desirous of having the game entirely in his own hands, it is expressly stipulated in the agreement between JOHN H. BLAKE and the Commissioner of Public Works that the work is to be prosecuted at such times and with such force as Mr. TWEED, shall determine, and that he shall at all times have the right to diminish the gross length of the sewers and branches, culverts, pipes, &c., or to increase them as he shall see fit. By this power, which would not be objectionable in discreet and pure hands, such as Mr. GARNER's, but which, in Mr. TWEED's, simply enables him to be exacting, any contractor who should have a fancy to be honest would be checked off at a moment's notice. It is, however, a fact that the excellent Mr. TWEED has not found any contractors of so stubborn a virtue as to necessitate any checking. On the other hand, this clause enables him to reward the obsequious who deal with him on the good square basis of allowing him three-fourths of the profit. Their virtuous conduct is recognized by increasing the gross length of the work on which they may be engaged. Mr. KEYSER has shown himself very generous of a sou record. Will he kindly come forward and explain the details of his sewer contract, and his experiences of Mr. TWEED as a contractor? Will he let the world know, through the columns of the TIMES, whether his power was increased or diminished to gross length, what he paid to Mr. TWEED for culverts, pipes, &c., and whether he did not furnish Mr. TWEED with these very pipes, culverts, &c., in the first instance? As the Artful Dodger would have observed, had he known KEYSER and TWEED: "What a game this is! KEYSER supplying the Department with culverts, water-pipes, &c., at regular rates, and then the Department supplying the same articles back to KEYSER again at three times the rates." Not content with what he got originally for granting the contract to Mr. BLAKE, nor yet with the profits on the specified articles, he further covenants in this most entertaining agreement, that the contractor shall permit him to retain out of the moneys coming to him, the certain sum of twenty cents for each lineal foot of sewer, under the pretense of expending it in making such repairs to the carriage-way on the line of the sewer, as the virtuous Mr. TWEED may deem necessary. This last clause is utterly and completely outrageous, because the terms of the contract demand that after laying the sewer, the carriage-way shall be restored to its original integrity. And that the contractor is bound so to do, is patent to the common sense of everybody, even without any special clause in the contract. Therefore this excess for the twenty cents per lineal foot is the very thinnest excuse for an absolute outrage. It would drive an honest contractor crazy. But then, Mr. TWEED has never suffered such cattle as honest contractors to step between the public and his rapacity. All that ever made his acquaintance have been glad to agree to anything, knowing perfectly well the soundness of the commercial maxim, which declares that the consumer pays. It was not the contractors whom TWEED bled so freely by these operations. They were simply the medium through which the poor public was depleted, so that no cry of anguish at this peculiar agreement ever came from the lips of a contractor.

But even this last bite was not all. TWEED, hunnering for greenbacks, like Oliver Twist demanded more. Hence the little clause which runs to the effect that the contractor shall agree to pay to the Commissioner of Public Works the sum of $10 for each certificate he may return as the work, and that the said

THE WORK OF CITY REFORM.

THE SINKING FUND.

A Little Bill for Appraising Corporation Real Estate—Lease of Property for Dock Purposes.

A meeting of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund was held yesterday afternoon, the Mayor, Deputy Controller, Recorder and Chamberlain being present.

A communication was read from A. J. BLEECKER, COURTLANDT PALMER and ADRIAN MULLER, who were employed by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to make a valuation of the real estate of the Corporation, stating that they had completed their labors; that the total valuation of the property is $244,000,000; that the usual charge for making such a valuation is one-eighth of one per cent., but that they would be willing to accept one-sixteenth of one per cent., which would be $152,500.

The Mayor suggested that the matter be referred to the Controller.

Recorder HACKETT said he would not vote for any such amount. Many gentlemen, with as good a knowledge of the value of real estate as these gentlemen possessed, devoted their whole time to it for a compensation of $6,000 or $10,000 per year, and went over more ground than these gentlemen could have done. The demand, he considered, was a most extraordinary one, and he would not vote for it.

The Mayor said he had promised some settlement should be made of the bill. The appraisers had employed help, and had a bill for back time amounting to $1,000.

The Chamberlain said some time ago he and Mr. SMITH were appointed to appraise some property for the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, and though their legal fees would have been $5,000 each, they received only $750 each. He believed it was understood when these gentlemen were appointed that they should be paid a specific sum for their work, and not a percentage.

The Clerk read the resolution under which they were appointed, showing that the Controller was directed to make a specific agreement with them as to the amount they should receive.

The matter was then dropped.

A resolution was adopted to pay CORNELIUS SCHERCK $6,000 for the buildings Nos. 89 and 91 Chatham-street, taken by the City.

The Chamberlain said they had a resolution before them to lease certain property at the foot of East Seventeenth-street to the Commissioners of Docks. He would like to know whether they had the power to grant such a lease, the property having been purchased by the City for market purposes. If the market was removed private property in that vicinity would depreciate greatly in value. He had no objection, however, to granting a temporary lease of the property.

A resolution was adopted referring the matter to JOHN MCKEON, counsel to the Commissioners, and the Board adjourned to Monday next.

The Street-Cleaning Commission.

The Street-cleaning Commission met at 12 M. yesterday, the Mayor, Deputy Controller, Recorder, and President of the Board of Health being present.

The Mayor said the amount named in the contract for street cleaning for the year was $648,488, and for extra cleaning $230,500.

The Deputy Controller said all the money apportioned by the Board of Apportionment for street cleaning had been paid over. He observed that two inspectors of street cleaning were employed, but he did not find any certificate from them that the work had been done.

The Mayor said all bills for extra street cleaning were certified by the Board of Health, and to all other bills the certificates of the inspectors were appended. Unless, then, some charge of fraud was made, the bills as presented would be audited.

The Deputy Controller thought that hereafter a distinction should be clearly drawn between the regular work and the extra work done by the contractor.

The bills were then passed and the Board adjourned.

Miscellaneous Items.

The two Boards of the Common Council met yesterday, but transacted no business.

Taxes on real and personal estate are being paid in at the rate of $800,000 per day.

A deputation of German citizens from the Thirteenth Ward called on the Mayor yesterday, and presented a petition for the reappointment of the School Trustees of that Ward. The Mayor said the appointments would not be made until the last week in December, and in the meantime the petition should receive consideration.

The Ingersoll Examination Indefinitely Postponed.

The examination of INGERSOLL, the Corporation chair-maker, which was to have taken place in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, has been indefinitely postponed. It is understood that the defendant has perfected his appeal from Judge INGRAHAM's order, and therefore no examination can be had until after the decision of the General Term. The usual expectant audience of citizens was in Court, hoping to hear from the chair-maker's lips the story of his financial dealings with the members of the Ring.

Where Did That Furniture Go To?

Shortly prior to and during the time that young "Boss" TWEED was fitting up the Metropolitan Hotel, a gentleman engaged in business opposite the new Court-house was struck by observing the unusual quantity of furniture, carpets, &c., that were first delivered to the Court-house from trucks bearing the name of the merchants from whom they were purchased, and in a few hours, sometimes a day later, were carted away by ordinary hired trucks. Where they were taken to is a mystery. Will not some of the truckmen employed for such work come forward and state where they delivered this City property?

The carpets were, most of them, in rolls, and appeared to be of very superior description. The chairs, *tête-à-têtes*, lounges, &c., were all of the most expensive description—rose-wood and mahogany, covered in damask and rep. It may possibly be that these articles were intended for use in the Court-house, and, after being received, were sent away again for the repairs that appear to be necessary in full departments of the unfinished building. But one thing is singular. After they were taken away they were not seen to be brought back again. Where did they go to? Another inexplicable circumstance was observed by the same gentleman on the occasion of HACKETT's taking the place of FOX as janitor of the Court-house. Of course, FOX went away like a gentleman, not desiring the service of a writ upon him, but it appears that he took good care to carry away a large quantity of household goods which citizens have hitherto foolishly supposed was City property. The furniture so removed was replaced by other furniture of very costly and elaborate style, the bill for which will doubtless be found in the City archives duly receipted, unless it has gone the way of other vouchers—into the fire. An answer to the following question might throw some light upon the affair: How, and by whom was the Metropolitan Hotel furnished?

The Election Committee of the Committee of Seventy.

The call in the TIMES on behalf of the Committee on Elections of the Committee of Seventy for persons willing to serve as "watchers" over the vote to be cast in November, has created much activity at the head-quarters, No. 39 West Union-square, which is under the charge of Mr. JOHN P. DAVENPORT. The office is open from 9 A. M. until midnight, and during the prescribed hours a great number of voters have already called to ask or give information.

Complaint is made by those calling of the great difficulty they experience in finding the places of registration, they being not advertised, as before other elections, by bills and placards posted in conspicuous places. The desired information is promptly supplied, and the voters go on their way rejoicing at being able to discover the out-of-the-way nooks in which Mayor HALL stations his chosen inspectors.

Letters are coming in rapidly, and verbal statements are made daily, giving information of known repeaters and minors, who have registered, and also of inspectors, who are reported to have been criminal offenders and others of doubtful honesty. All of this knowledge will be turned to useful account in the securing of a fair election.

Money for the Departments.

Deputy Controller GREEN paid over yesterday to the Department of Public Instruction the sum of $250,000, for the salaries of the teachers and employes of that Department.

Deputy Controller GREEN paid to the Department of Public Parks, yesterday, the sum of $50,000 from avails of enchancmcit bonds.

CHICAGO.

The Mayor's Proclamation for a Day of Fasting and Prayer.

In view of the recent appalling public calamity, the undersigned, Mayor of Chicago, hereby earnestly recommends that all the inhabitants of this city do observe Sunday, Oct. 29, as a special day of humiliation and prayer; of humiliation for those past offences against Almighty God, to which these severe afflictions were, doubtless, intended to lead our minds; of prayer for the relief and comfort of the suffering thousands in our midst; for the restoration of our material prosperity, especially for our lasting improvement as a people in reverence and obedience to God. Nor should we even, amidst our losses and sorrows, forget to render thanks to Him for the wrest or the devouring fires in time to save so many homes, and for the unexampled sympathy and aid which has flowed in upon us from every quarter of our land, and even from beyond the seas.

Given under my hand this 20th day of October, 1871. R. B. MASON, Mayor.

Dramas in Chicago and Extortionate Servant Girls.

From the Chicago Tribune, Oct. 21.

To avoid imposition, and the danger of bestowing charity upon unworthy people, will be a matter of extreme difficulty. As nearly every church in the West Division yesterday great, lazy, able-bodied hulks of men were sitting and lounging about the churches, smoking their pipes, and waiting for their turn to be helped. These do-nothings are taking the bread out of the mouths of deserving, suffering women and children. There is work enough for these men to do of some sort, and no relief should be afforded them whatever until they show that they can get nothing to do. Let these vagabonds once know that there is no help for them except in honest labor, and they will go to work and swell the ranks of the Tin-kettle Brigade, whose processions by morning and evening from the Lake Front to the West Side, and from the North Side to the South Side, give a cheerful, encouraging aspect to the hopeless ruins. But the relief Society understand this thing better than we do. They are weeding out the vagabonds with systematic rapidity.

Another question is arising in the social economy, which always has made trouble, and now presents new phases of difficulty. The question turns upon the relations of servant girls and mistresses. Many servants are refusing to work at all, and subsist in upon charity. This waste of relief, as in the case of lazy male laborers, should be checked at once. Others are demanding higher wages, at a time when housekeepers find it necessary to retrench in every direction. There is a glut of servant girls on the market, to speak in commercial phrase. Hundreds are out of employment, and those in service, with a stupidity which seems unaccountable, demand an increase of pay, trusting that those out of work will adhere to their position. For once there is a spirit in the part of housekeepers to resist this demand, and a movement is already on foot to bring about a consultation between prominent ladies of the West and South Divisions, in which they may fix upon some definite plan, and work together for the common good.

A Good Word for Mayor Mason.

In reply to accusations made by the Chicago *Times*, to the effect that Mayor MASON was conspicuous only for inefficiency and indifference during the progress of the great fire, the *Tribune* of the same city says:

"We are authoritatively informed that on Monday morning, when the fire crossed the South Branch of the river, Mayor MASON, accompanied by his two sons and H. G. MILLER, Esq., left his house and proceeded directly to his office in the Court-house building. He sent his sons to find out about the fire and report to him. He then went to Police Head-quarters and telegraphed to Milwaukee, Joliet, Springfield and Detroit for Fire-engines, and gave his order to use powder to blow up buildings under the direction of the Fire Marshal. When the roof of the old Court-house took fire, he sent a written order to the Sheriff to release the prisoners in the jail. He remained in the building until some time after the roof of the old building had fallen in. He then tried to reach the lake shore, but could not get through Randolph, Lake or Water streets. He crossed Clark-street bridge in company with Ex-Mayor RUMSEY, and went some blocks north, when he turned to Rush-street bridge and by the bridge on that street got to Michigan-avenue. He then personally directed the teaming down and blowing up of buildings on Wabash-avenue and Harrison-street, by which the fire was ultimately checked in that direction. The progress of the fire, after it reached Madison-street, and had attacked the Chamber of Commerce, the Union Bank Block, and the Court-house, was rapid in the extreme. The heat was intense, and buildings were on fire at a dozen points in advance of those places. It was not in the power of human agencies to put out the fire anywhere in the line of that fierce wind. It was not Mayor Mason's fault that it was not stopped, nor was it under his administration that the wooden roof was put on the pumping works."

The Chinamen's Contributions for Chicago.

The San Francisco *Alta* says that when the Committee in that city to solicit contributions from the Chinese merchants for the relief of the Chicago sufferers made known the object of their visit, the response was a credit to the representatives of that race who have been treated with indignity on so many occasions, and are liable at any time to be assaulted when passing through the streets. In one case an intelligent merchant said to the collectors: "Me leadee in *Alta*. Melican man town all same hap gone—burnee up. Melican man wantee dollar; some time poor Melican man strikee Chinaman with bloke; Chinaman no wantee. Alice people Chinaman loose everything—wife and children burn out. Chinaman say alice same my countree peoplee—wantee help. How muchee dollar you wantee? Hundied dollar? Alee light; you not find enough money comee me again, give another hundied." The contributions thus given by the merchants reached $1,350. Not bad for the "Heathen Chinee."

How the Mails Were Saved—Prompt Action of Special Agent G. W. Wood.

A little before 9 o'clock on Monday morning, while the fire was raging in Chicago, G. W. WOOD, Assistant Superintendent of Railway Mail Service and Special Agent of the Post-office Department, arrived at the post-office, convinced that the building would go. He was, of course, aware of the responsibilities which he would incur in removing anything from the office; but chose to disregard the requirements of red tape in the interests of the citizens who would suffer by the loss of their letters. When remonstrated with by a gentleman connected with the institution, he defined his position by saying that they might wait for an act of Congress if they chose, but he should do his best to save what he could. On this declaration of principles he proceeded to load everything portable into wagons belonging to the Department. The force of men was large, the transportation ample and the direction vigorous, the result being that every letter, both registered and common, in all the boxes and compartments of the office was hastily dumped into sacks and removed out of reach of the fire. All the mails in the building were rescued with the single exception of a small one for which name Fort Wayne Road, and which, owing to the fact that it was four hours late, no one knew anything of. The registers and other matters belonging to the office, including the furniture in one of the private rooms, were also loaded in the wagons, and the whole was taken to town. Some of it had to be moved a second time, its first station having been on Harrison-street; but everything eventually brought up in safety. On the evening of Monday Mr. WOOD telegraphed to Postmaster-General CRESWELL what had been done, and on Tuesday was instructed by that officer to spare no expense to carry on the mail services well as before.

The work of getting out the safes belonging to the office, from the ruins, was undertaken a day or two after the fire had passed over, and the result was, in the main, satisfactory. There were some $60,000 worth of postage-stamps on hand, and these were rendered useless. Though not totally destroyed, they were so badly charred as to render their use impossible. They were forwarded to Washington immediately. The most valuable contents of the safes—the books of accounts—were found uninjured and in perfect order. The only exception was the cash-book, which, through some inadvertence, was left in a desk.

A sketch of the duties of the Post-office in connection with the fire would not be complete without a notice of the office cat. She (or he) had been once before burned out, and was, therefore, in a measure prepared for this calamity. On the night of the fire the cat was present and assisted in the removal, though she did not go herself. When the work of removing the safes was in progress the tearing away of a portion of the ruin revealed the faithful public servant in a pail partially filled with water. She had rented this as temporary quarters, and apparently enjoyed the cool shelter which it afforded them whenever the heat of the conflagration in the vicinity became too great. It appeared impossible that she could have escaped and returned after the fire, and so the matter was dropped. Early the next morning, however, she walked down as the only living creature who passed Sunday night and Monday in the burnt district.

THE TRIENNIAL CONVENTION.

Letter From Senator Carpenter on the Disasters by Fire—Action of the Convention—Regular Proceedings.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 23.—The Protestant Episcopal Convention met at 10 A. M. Rev. WM. ADAMS, D. D., of Wisconsin, read the following extract of a letter from Hon. MATTHEW H. CARPENTER, United States Senator from Wisconsin:

"My latest advices from home are that from 1,200 to 1,500 lives have been lost, and immense destruction of property caused by the late fire. Chicago is so completely in the shade, and therefore, less attention has been given to the sufferings of our people than otherwise it would have been. I believe that the adoption of a resolution by the Convention would tend to direct public thought in the right direction."

Upon reading the above extract, Rev. Dr. ADAMS moved the following resolutions:

Resolved, The House of Bishops concurring, that notwithstanding the awful calamity to which the great city of the North-west has been subjected, the wider spread desolation by fire has been visited upon the States of Wisconsin and Michigan must not be overlooked, but that the capital to our feeling of human brotherhood and Christian love from the suffering people of this western section of our land shows itself with a speedy response in a generous contribution for the supply of their necessities.

Resolved, That the members of this Convention will join, each and each, each in the extent of his ability, and that each will commend to the good people of his home the poor friends of these sections, who are now suffering the loss of the fruits of years of industry, and many of whom in the midst of their privation, if the means of subsistence have the added anguish of mourning for friends and relatives suddenly summoned to their eternal account.

Resolved, That, in view of this awful visitation, the clergy and congregations of this Church throughout the United States are invited to send any contributions that they may give to Bishop ASHTAGE, of Wisconsin, or Bishop MCCOSKRY, of Michigan, by them to be sent to the Governors of these States, to expend according to the best of their judgment in behalf of the sufferers, without regard to church or nation or anything, save the destitution and misery.

The resolutions were adopted.

A message was received from the House of Bishops announcing the acceptance of the resignation of Right Rev. Dr. PAYNE, Missionary Bishop of Cape Palmas, Africa.

The Convention then passed the amendment to section 16, canon 12, title 1, relating to the relief of dioceses, and providing that dioceses without a Bishop, or in which the Bishop is for a time under disability by reason of judicial sentence, or any part of a diocese where, by reason of exile or other physical impediment, the Bishop cannot in person duly exercise the functions of his office, may by an act of the Convention of such diocese, be placed under full episcopal charge and authority of the Bishop of another diocese or a missionary Bishop. This provision is especially intended for the relief of dioceses in States and Territories in the far West.

The Convention took up for consideration the amendment to article 8 of the Constitution proposed by the General Convention of 1868, and made known to the several diocesan Conventions, relative to the admission of Churches, the formation of new and the division of old dioceses, and ratified the amendment by the following vote by dioceses: Clergy—Yeas, 23; nays, 6; divided, 4; total, 43. Lay vote—Yeas, 27; nays, 6; divided, 9; total, 42.

The amendment ratified provides that no new diocese shall be formed within the limits of any other diocese, or by junction of two or more dioceses or parts of dioceses unless with the consent of the Bishop and the Convention of each diocese concerned, as well as of the General Convention; no city shall form more than one diocese; no diocese shall contain less than six churches or presbyteries, nor shall any diocese be reduced to contain less than twelve parishes or twelve presbyteries.

The report of the Committee on Religious Reform in Italy, being the order of the day, was read, and Very Rev. Dr. HOWSON, Dean of Chester, England, who had been invited to address this House on the subject, was introduced by the President, and proceeded to deliver an interesting discourse. At its close, the resolutions to continue the Committee on Religious Reform in Italy were passed, and the following members were appointed on the part of the house: Clergy—Rev. Drs. HAIGHT, of New-York; SCHENCK, of Brooklyn; HOFFMAN, of Pennsylvania, and LEMMS, of Maryland. Laymen—Messrs. HENRY CHAUNCEY, E. S. WHARTON, W. M. GOODRICH and F. P. NASH, all of New-York. The House adopted the proposed canon relative to the organization of the Board of Missions, to be nominated to each triennial Convention by a joint committee of two Houses. Also a report of the Committee on Conference providing for a royalty of two per cent. on all sales of the new hymnal to be appropriated to the relief of widows and orphans of deceased clergymen and disabled clergymen. Also the report and resolutions favoring the establishment of "The Sisterhood," by Order of Deaconesses.

The order of the day—equal uniformity—was taken up, and Mr. JUDD, of Illinois, resumed his speech which was begun on Saturday, and concluded at 3½, when the House adjourned to 7 o'clock P. M.

AN AMBITIOUS SWINDLER.

A Profounded Confidential Agent of Secretary Fish Comes to Grief in California.

From the San Francisco Bulletin, Oct. 16.

While unraveling the Los Angeles counterfeiting case, and endeavoring to secure the arrest of an organized gang of depredators, in July last, Col. HENRY FINNEGASS, of the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department, made Arizona City his temporary head-quarters. Upon learning the position he held, one or two Territorial officials informed him that a secret agent of the Government had already made his appearance there, and was threatening them with dire vengeance if they did not pay strict attention to the duties imposed upon them. As the agent corresponded with the heads of various departments at Washington, marked his letters and other documents with a private stamp, the officials did not feel warranted in disputing his authority, despite the fact that he exhibited neither commission or badge. Circumstances brought the agent and FINNEGASS together, when the latter determined to investigate the matter, and put forth a few leading questions.

The agent said his name was IRA W. RAYMOND; that he was HAMILTON FISH's private detective, sometimes acting in the capacity of private secretary. His position gave him authority over the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department, and it was in his power to hold any member of that branch of the Government service responsible for his actions. In conclusion, he wanted to know why FINNEGASS came to Arizona. The Colonel promptly intimated that it was none of his business. The agent, equal to the emergency, told FINNEGASS that he had exceeded his instructions in coming to Arizona, and unless he at once returned to California, report of his dereliction of duty would be sent to Washington. A brief investigation satisfied FINNEGASS he was an impostor, but the officer, having more important business on hand, deemed it impolitic to make an arrest at the time, and therefore gave the fellow more rope. Exulting over his apparent success, RAYMOND proclaimed to the public generally that he was the secret confidential detective of Mr. FISH, and exercised a commanding ascendency over them. He claimed to have received telegrams from Col. WHIPPLE, Chief of the Secret Service, and HAMILTON FISH, which demanded his immediate attention to illegal transactions in Los Angeles; and thither he went. Apprehensive lest RAYMOND should receive telegrams calling him to instant silence, FINNEGASS put the Los Angeles officers on their guard, and requested them to secure an arrest. When RAYMOND arrived at Los Angeles, he was taken under the protection of the law. When placed in durance vile, RAYMOND was refreshingly indignant and threatened that he would have the arresting parties punished by the Government. FINNEGASS soon reached Los Angeles, and proceeded to examine the imposter's effects. Among them he discovered a forged certificate of naturalization, purporting to admit WILLIAM KING, a native of Shanghai, China, to citizenship. The paper was dated Oct. 8, 1871. KING is proprietor of the Colorado Hotel at Arizona, and is a curious specimen of the denaturalized Chinaman. There is no doubt but RAYMOND intended him as a small way.

His correspondence exposed the plans upon which he was operating. The intent of the fellow was evidently to obtain signatures of officers at Washington and the Minister of France. As all the envelopes and papers used by the different bureaus have corresponding words printed thereon, he could make a credulous people believe he was an important personage. Here are some specimens:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, June 17, 1871.

IRA W. RAYMOND, Esq., *Arizona City, Arizona*:

SIR: I received your letter of May 30, applying for a copy of the Treaty of Washington recently concluded by the Joint Commission. In reply, I have to tell you that the treaty is not exchanged or given to the public. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

HAMILTON FISH.

PARIS, Aug. 24, 1871.

DEAR SIR: There is no such person as GEORGE H. WINDER connected with this Legation. I have never known such a person. Yours, respectfully,

C. B. WASHBURNE.

IRA W. RAYMOND, Esq., San Diego, Cal.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, March 3, 1871.

Ira W. Raymond, Esq., Arizona City, Arizona Territory:

SIR: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th ultimo, which this Department does not consider within its duty to attempt to answer. The construction of statutes whether of the General or State Governments or the application of the principles of law to hypothetical cases do not seem to be within its province.

I inclose you, as requested, a copy of our late treaty with China. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

HAMILTON FISH.

RAYMOND's correspondence with the Revenue Department at Washington is an evidence of his sublime cheek. He succeeded in winning the confidence of some of the officers, simply through his letters, and they actually believed his Munchausen stories about smuggling operations on the boundary line between Upper and Lower California. At least, they stated sufficient evidence upon his assertions to make sent special instructions to the Supervisor of this district, ordering him to investigate the matter. One of his detectives had a free trip down to the boundary line, and of course developed nothing new or startling.

RAYMOND was taken before the United States Commissioner of Los Angeles, who held him to answer in the sum of $2,000, and committed him to custody of the United States Marshal. He was brought to this city and lodged in the County Jail, pending the result of a Grand Jury investigation. The Grand Jury indicted him on the charge of having a fraudulent naturalization paper in his possession, with intent to use the same. RAYMOND did not care to risk a trial, and, when arraigned, pleaded "guilty."

Saturday morning RAYMOND was brought into the United States Circuit Court to receive sentence. When asked if he had anything to say, he replied: "I am heartily sorry for what I have done, and when I have served my term out I will be a respectable and honest citizen."

Judge SAWYER then sentenced him to one year's imprisonment in the State Prison.

BOLD ROBBERY.

Cash-Box of a New-Orleans Firm Obtained From a Safe—Its Contents Valued at $50,000.

From the New-Orleans Times, Oct. 19.

Yesterday morning a young man of genteel appearance, and seemingly a clerk, entered the banking establishment of Messrs. PIKE BROTHERS & Co., and handing the officer in charge of the safe the metallic check of Messrs. MALLE & CAMMACK, cotton factors, doing business at No. 128 Gravier-street, obtained possession of their bank-box containing a large amount of bills receivable, promissory notes, State warrants and other valuable papers. The young man was unknown in the bank, and is described as having black whiskers, but this being the season of the year at which many new employes are taken into offices, and the check being presented in quite a business-like way, nothing was suspected. The loss was not discovered until some time after the box had been abstracted, and then by the firm. It appears the house have three bank-boxes, one belonging to the firm, and the other two the property of the partners. The latter checks are kept in a private drawer, which is almost invariably locked. The office of the firm, however, has recently been removed to a new building in Gravier-street, and the iron railing which inclosed the desks has not yet been put up. It is thought that the thief, watching his opportunity, slipped into the office, and finding the drawer open stole one of the checks. It was not until a messenger was directed to go to the bank for cash-boxes that the principal check was missed. The loss was then immediately discovered. Orders were at once issued to the officers in the immediate vicinity were notified. Messrs. CAMMACK & MALLE, realizing the state of the case, at once stopped the payment of the notes. The bank, it appears, requires all persons demanding their bank boxes to produce a check, and in the absence of a check a prominent merchant quite well known was refused his cash-box because this requirement was not complied with. The box contained $20,317 49 in bills receivable indorsed, $12,176 07 in bills receivable not indorsed, and $11,723 50 in State warrants. There were also in the box four acceptances of Geo. P. WARNER, London, England, for £100 sterling. As some attempts may be made to pass the warrants, we give a list of them, procured from Messrs. MALLE & CAMMACK. It will be seen that the papers are worth as par $52,712. The following are the warrants:

Order of Gen. James Longstreet:

No.		No.	
2670	$445 00	1679	$1,000 00
2680	446 00	1680	1,000 00
2687	34 40	1678	1,000 00
2688	76 00	1676	1,000 00
1681	1,000 00	2045	1,000 00
1682	1,000 00	2046	535 10

Order of J. H. Warmoth:

No.		No.	
2686	$600 00	2685	$600 00

Order of John H. Lee:

No.		No.	
2651	$600	2652	$320
2650	320	2653	254
2654	320	2655	254
2656	320	2657	320

Order of A. Street:

No.	
2683	$600

Order of Jasper Blackburn:

No.	
2690	$600

Order of Morey & Emmonser:

No.		No.	
1683	$100	1684	$600

Order of N. R. Stratton:

No.	
	$1,500

Fire at Glassboro', N. J.

A large fire broke out in the saw and grist mill of the Whitney Brothers, at Glassboro', Gloucester County, early on Sunday morning. The fire was first discovered in the saw-mill, and had gained some headway. The place is a small village, and insufficiently supplied with fire apparatus, the manufactories being supplied with small engines of their own, on which the principal dependence was placed. The saw-mill, with its valuable machinery, a large amount of lumber, and the grist-mill adjoining, belonging to the same firm, were totally destroyed. About 1,100 bushels of grain were lost. The village contains a large number of glass factories, and these were saved by the exertions of the people. The loss is $30,000. On account of the lack of fire-extinguishing facilities, insurance rates were high, and as these buildings were uninsured, the loss will prove a serious blow to the business of the place, which, though small, was one of the largest glass manufacturing places in the country.

Suspected Murder.

The body of a Swede, who disappeared from Franklin Furnace on Monday of last week, has been recovered by his friends, and it is now supposed that he was murdered. When he left his fellow workmen at the mine where he was employed, he had $40 in his possession, and when his body was at last found the money was missing. The body had been dragged some distance over the rocks, and was partially concealed in a hole in the ground. A Coroner's jury are now investigating the case, and have learned that one of the miners followed the deceased from Franklin Post-office.

The Renard Will Case.

The Renard contested will case was continued, yesterday, before Hon. R. C. HUTCHINGS, Surrogate, and the contestants rested their case on all points except the question of identity, which proof will be admitted upon the return from France of the Commission appointed some weeks since. The only witness examined yesterday was Mr. CAMPBELL, who was placed upon the stand by Mr. COUDERT as a witness against the probate of the will. Many of the questions propounded were ruled out by the Court, and the time was mostly occupied in the legal discussion as to questions arising on the examination. Case adjourned until Tuesday next, when witnesses will be called in support of the instrument.

The Rosenzweig Case.

The case of ROSENZWEIG, the abortionist, charged with having caused the death of ALICE BOWLERY, which was set down for hearing in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, was further adjourned until Wednesday next, owing to the fact that only thirty-seven jurors answered to their names. The Recorder directed the impaneling of 100 additional jurors for Wednesday morning.

National Insurance Convention.

The Insurance Convention met yesterday at No. 156 Broadway. Mr. JULIUS F. CLARKE, of Massachusetts, offered the following:

Whereas, The collection and combination of the actual experiences of American life insurance companies, as illustrating and establishing the law of mortality among insured lives within their own field of operations, has now become eminently desirable and important; therefore

Resolved, That the President appoint a committee to report the names of State insurance officials and — actuaries and managers of life insurance companies, who shall constitute a joint special committee to assist in the collection of the requisite data, and to compile therefrom them be discovered a correct certificate of naturalization, purporting to admit WILLIAM KING, a native of Shanghai, China, to citizenship. The paper was dated Oct. 8 1871. KING is proprietor of the Colorado Hotel at Arizona, and is a curious specimen of the denaturalized Chinaman. There is no doubt but RAYMOND intended him as a small way.

His correspondence exposed the plans upon which he was operating. The intent of the fellow was evidently to obtain signatures of officers at Washington and the Minister of France. As all the envelopes and papers used by the different bureaus have corresponding words printed thereon, he could make credulous people believe he was an important personage. Here are some specimens:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, June 17, 1871.

IRA W. RAYMOND, Esq., *Arizona City, Arizona*:

SIR: I received your letter of May 30, applying for a copy of the Treaty of Washington recently concluded by the Joint Commission. In reply, I have to tell you that the treaty is not exchanged or given to the public. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

HAMILTON FISH.

PARIS, Aug. 24, 1871.

DEAR SIR: There is no such person as GEORGE H. WINDER connected with this Legation. I have never known such a person. Yours, respectfully,

C. B. WASHBURNE.

IRA W. RAYMOND, Esq., San Diego, Cal.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, March 3, 1871.

Ira W. Raymond, Esq., Arizona City, Arizona Territory:

SIR: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th ultimo, which this Department does not consider within its duty to attempt to answer. The construction of statutes whether of the General or State Governments or the application of the principles of law to hypothetical cases do not seem to be within its province.

I inclose you, as requested, a copy of our late treaty with China. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

HAMILTON FISH.

RAYMOND's correspondence with the Revenue Department at Washington is an evidence of his sublime cheek. He succeeded in winning the confidence of some of the officers, simply through his letters, and they actually believed his Munchausen stories about smuggling operations on the boundary line between Upper and Lower

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Two Men Killed and Four Severely Wounded on the East River Bridge.

About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon while the men were at work on the top of the tower of the East River bridge, at Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn, hoisting blocks of granite from the river to the summit of the structure the middle derrick suddenly snapped under the strain upon it and, falling with a tremendous crash to the right, overthrew one of the adjoining derricks, permitted the block, which had been pendent forty feet in the air, to go thundering to the deck below, causing destruction on every hand. JOHN FRENCH and JAMES MCGERRITY, laborers, were instantly killed by the falling timbers. WILLIAM DORNTY, who was standing on the unguarded railroad that surrounds the tower, was knocked senseless into the river, and, although picked up alive, was so severely injured that little hope is entertained of his recovery. THOMAS DOUGLASS, foreman of the work, had his right leg broken. CORNELIUS LYNCH was badly injured about the body, and WILLIAM HAYES had his spine so badly hurt that his life is despaired of. There were in all twenty men engaged at work on the tower at the time, and the only wonder is that so few lives were lost. It is also to be noted that had the derrick snapped with the stone hanging at any other angle than that at which it was suspended, the damage to life would, certainly, have been greatly increased, for there were dozens of men working all around on the deck below.

No good reason can be given for the accident. The timber that broke had every appearance of strength, and even at the point where it snapped looks perfectly fresh. It was also well braced up; iron rings and rope were run off in every conceivable direction to support it. The men in charge say that much heavier stones have been raised upon it than the one under which it broke, and the engineer says that it was supposed to be capable of supporting a strain of five tons.

After the debris had been cleared away the wounded men were promptly removed to the City Hospital, and the bodies of the deceased were carried to the Second Precinct Station-house. FRENCH leaves a wife and family to mourn his loss; MCGERRITY was single. The other sufferers were all married.

To our reporter Mr. C. C. MARTIN, engineer in charge, made the following statement of the occurrence: The men were then engaged as usual in hoisting and setting stone in position. In the centre derrick there were six men at work raising a stone weighing about three tons. It had nearly reached the top, when the derrick parted in the middle, fell upon the tower and permitted the stone to fall to the deck, a distance of forty feet. A dozen larger stones had been raised on the same derrick only a short time before, so that the weight of the stone was hardly considered as being excessive, and would not in the ordinary course of things have broken it. The first indication the men had that the derrick was giving way was by the cracking of the timber, and it was then too late to do anything to avert the sad result. There were at the time twenty men engaged on the top of the tower, and the moment they saw the impending danger they rushed off in every direction for safety. The boom of the derrick fell upon FRENCH and MCGERRITY while they, in common with the others, were attempting to escape, and crushed them on the stone-work. The boom lay directly across MCGERRITY's body, absolutely shattering it on the stones. A lack-screw had to be brought into requisition to get him out. After being taken out he breathed two or three times and then expired. The centre-piece of the derrick which broke, had been selected with special care as to its strength, and was only put up after being thoroughly examined by the carpenter and declared sound. The accident appears to be one of those which can be foreseen by no sagacity, and another might occur to-morrow in the same way.

Aid for the West—Further List of Subscriptions.

The subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers by the fires in the West continue to come in slowly. At the Church of the Divine Unity, after the morning service on Sunday, Mr. RYDER made a statement in regard to the loss of his church (St. Paul's Universalist) in Chicago, after which a collection was made of over $[illegible] in cash, and an offer of a loan, without interest, of $6,000, which it is proposed to accept next Sunday by $3,000.

The following additional subscriptions have been received:

AT THE TIMES OFFICE.

For Chicago:	
S. T. F.	$10 00
No. 73 Macdougal-street	2 00
Total	$12 00
Previously acknowledged	$6,612 12
Grand total	$6,624 12
For Wisconsin:	
Four little boys	$90 00
Previously reported	270 50
Total	$360 50

AT THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Morgan Iron-works, for themselves and their employes	$942
Mansion House relief fund, by Lord Mayor of London, and Drexel, Morgan & Co., £7,000	35,015
From Mansion House Committee, London, by Drexel, Morgan & Co., £1,000	5,000
Mansion House Relief Committee, by Lord Mayor of London, and Drexel, Morgan & Co., £3,100	15,500
From American Committee, London, by Drexel, Morgan & Co., £1,100	5,500
James Flora, Manchester, England, £50	272
Cash	200
William Sherwood & Co., through John Armstrong	50
A. J. Smith, through John Armstrong	25
John Dunphy, through John Armstrong	10
St. Timothy's Church	67
Grace Chapel, New-York, for Wisconsin and Michigan	22
A lady, by Jesse Oakly & Co	50
Charles H. Jacquelin	20
Through Jas. Lenox:	
Cortlandt Palmer	300
Augustus Whiting	200
E. M. Willett, for Wisconsin	125
E. M. Willett, for Wisconsin	125
William Mann	50
Through Geo. De Forest Lord:	
Chapman, Scott & Crowell	200
Barlow, Lounsbery, McFarland	100
Barney, Butler & Parsons	250
Albert Matthews	50
J. E. Hill	25
R. R. Robinson	25
Frederick Cook & Smith	100
Jonathan Edwards	25
James H. Coleman	50
Thos. H. Rodman	50
Jas. Lenox	500
S. C. Williams	100
C. A. Van Brunt	100
Stephen A. Walker	100
Edmund Wetmore	25
Rev. H. W. Bellows	50
E. G. Joachimsen, (second subscription,)	20
Edgar Ketchum	25
Theo. M. Davis	25
Thos. Thacher	25
Tracy, Olmstead & Tracy	150
Davies & Work	75
Smith B. Lane	25
T. J. Oakley Chase	50
Eldridge T. Gerry	250
L. A. S. } Chicago and Michigan	50
T. M. W. }	
Alpine M. E. Church, Bergen County, N. J.	32
Talbot & Sons	100
Church of the Holy Communion, New-York	400
St. Bartholomew's Church, New-York, through Lucius Reese	81
Memorial Church, Tarrytown, N. Y.	22
Samuel Wetmore	200
E. M. Morrison	100
Cash	10
Cresskill Sunday-school, Cresskill, N. J., for Michigan	47
St. Paul's P. E. Church, Yorkville, for Chicago and Michigan	100
St. Paul's Chapel, College Point, Long Island, for Wisconsin and Michigan	170
The Sunday-school at Ridgewood, Passaic County, N. J., and $6 gold	6
Total	$108,040
Previously reported	496,663
Grand total through Ch

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

In Admiralty.

Hold by Blatchford, J.

No. 1—Thomas Dunham vs. 1,300 vitrified pipes.
No. 2—J. K. Chase vs. bark Alice Tweeter.
No. 3—James Smith vs. Reeves et al.
No. 4—J. W. Lane vs. steamship City of Boston.
No. 5—New-York Harbor Protection Co. vs. schooner Clara.
No. 6—S. M. Ott vs. steaming Clara & Clarita.
No. 7—Erwin Cornes vs. steam-boat Wyoming.
No. 8—Benjamin F. Sherman vs. J. W. Mott et al.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part II.—Hold by Brady, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

No. 1—Golding vs. Kobbe.
No. 2—Fitzgerald vs. Colliss.
No. 3—(S. C.)—Street, doc. vs. Stryhing.
No. 4—Pond vs. Bracken.
No. 5—Focke vs. Ranke.
No. 6—Gantz vs. Dingelstein.
No. 7—Hurt vs. Sibley et al.
No. 8—Kelsey vs. Rowe.
No. 9—Hudson vs. Wagner et al.
No. 10—Peck vs. al. vs. Gardner et al.
No. 11—Peck et al. vs. Fagan et al.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Hold by Gardiner, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

No. 1—Reynolds vs. Kelly.
No. 2—Fire People, &c., Injury, vs. Tweed.
No. 3—Sexton vs. Sexton Co. vs. Cobb.
No. 4—Ivy vs. Farrell.
No. 5—Manning vs. Hancock Fire Insurance Co.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Hold by Barbour, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

No. 1—Hadgin vs. Vanderbilt.
No. 2—Taylor vs. Fourth.
No. 3—Smith vs. Frost.
No. 4—Ivory vs. Murphy.
No. 5—Bixby vs. Hawes.
No. 6—Robinson vs. O'Brien.
No. 7—Van Houten vs. Morgan.
No. 8—Carroll vs. O'Brien.
No. 9—Swasey vs. Blake.
No. 10—Aring vs. O'Brien.
No. 11—Gardner vs. Ward.
No. 12—Hoyt vs. Sheldon.
No. 13—Henry Beasley vs. ship Prince Albert.
No. 14—Boston, Newport and New-York steamboat Co. vs. propeller Oceanus.
No. 15—H. W. Benedict vs. steamship Freeport.
No. 16—Michael Rapp vs. H. W. O. Edge et al.
No. 17—Charles Dusenberry vs. steamship Rustler.
No. 18—W. W. Evans vs. Williamsburg bridge et al.
No. 19—Daniel Bayne et al vs. brig James Lindsay.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part II.—Hold by Brady, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

No. 1—Savage vs. Lambert, Jr.
No. 2—Cockroft vs. Chafin et al.
No. 3—Ball et al. vs. Internal Improvement Co.
No. 4—Savarni vs. Bull.
No. 5—Alexander et al. vs. Lewis.
No. 6—(S. C.)—Falling et al. vs. (S. C.)—Gelpecke vs. Gammell.
No. 7—Phelan vs. O'Brien.
No. 8—Mosher vs. Kirby.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Hold by Gardiner, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

No. 1—Schermerhorn vs. Brooklyn.
No. 2—Tuesall vs. Leonard.
No. 3—Hughes vs. Remsen.
No. 4—Ward vs. Reynolds.
No. 5—Pierce vs. Hogan.
No. 6—Bowers vs. Bowers.
No. 7—Van Rensselaer vs. Dunlap.
No. 8—Van Angen vs. Hagarty.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Hold by Hackett, Recorder.

No. 1—The People vs. Henry Hayes and John Gordon; robbery.
No. 2—The People vs. Thomas Cook; larceny from the person.
No. 3—The People vs. Stephen Otwein; grand larceny.
No. 4—The People vs. Mary Lanigan and Ellen Thompson; grand larceny.
No. 5—The People vs. Wm. Wilson and Wm. H. Chapman; grand larceny (two cases).
No. 6—The People vs. Lucy Harris; grand and petit larceny (two cases).
No. 7—The People vs. John McGoldrick; assault and battery.
No. 8—The People vs. Dennis McCarthy; alias Daly; felonious assault and battery.
No. 9—The People vs. Abram Travis; felonious assault and battery.
No. 10—The People vs. Sheridan Lacey; felonious assault and battery.
No. 11—The People vs. Joseph B. Lewis; receiving stolen goods.
No. 12—The People vs. John Lees; receiving stolen goods.

DECISIONS.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—SCHT. M.

By Judge Jones.

Richard Chittenden vs. Sallie Chittenden; reference ordered.

Phillip Burger vs. A. Robert Schroeder; motion to vacate order of arrest denied, with $10 costs to plaintiff to abide event.

Mary Ann Edgar vs. Alexander Edgar; motion granted with $10 costs, defendant to pay Sheriff's fees.

James C. Brudley vs. James Lingg; motion to discharge an arrest of attachment, with $10 costs.

Mercantile vs. Continental Insurance Company; a number of the names of the witnesses who attended on defendant's behalf at the time when the default was taken, and the days in said term when they respectively attended, is required.

James Falcott vs. M. M. Billing; motion granted on payment of $10 costs, costs of the motion, the term fee, and disbursements of the term to be modified by the Judge on settlement of the order; order to be settled on two days' notice.

George W. Hart vs. Dennis M. Fitch et al.; order settled.

Charles C. Howard vs. Henry N. Smith; order granted.

Amos F. Linned et al. vs. John Mason et al.; order granted.

Marie Murphy vs. Thomas G. Fiori; order granted.

By Judge Freedman.

Catharine Kivinl vs. Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Judge Benedict.

Judge BENEDICT opened the United States Circuit Court yesterday, for the disposal of the criminal calendar. The names of the jurors were called over, and immediately afterward it was ascertained that, for some reason, none of the prisoners whose cases had been fixed for trial, were present in Court. Judge BENEDICT exhibited some warmth at the neglect and wasted impatiently half an hour for their appearance. In the meantime, they not having arrived, Judge BENEDICT observed it was very wrong to have the time of the Bench, the Bar and the Jury wasted in this manner. It was quite manifest a dereliction of duty existed somewhere and he expressed an anxiety to know where. The jurors were then discharged and the Court adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 23.

Before Judge Ingraham.

AN INJUNCTION AGAINST WELLS, FARGO & CO.

John T. Baker, Asa S. Wilson and Edwin F. Goodwin vs. H. H. Barnes, Geo. K. Otis, D. H. Barney, Calem Goddard, J. C. Fargo, John Doe, Richard Roe and Wm. G. Fargo, Trustees of the surplus fund of the corporation known as Wells, Fargo & Co.—This is one of three actions brought by holders of scrip of the carrying company of Wells, Fargo & Co., to compel the distribution of the surplus funds of the company, under an implied trust created in the year 1866. In 1862, it appears the old firm of Wells, Fargo & Co. was organized, and from that to 1866 was remarkably prosperous, increasing its capital from $200,000 to $2,000,000. In the year 1866 what is known as the Halliday Overland Mail Express Company was organized under the laws of Colorado, but subsequently having got control of the American Express Company, the United States Express Company, the Overland Mail Company, and the old firm of Wells, Fargo and Co., changed its name back to that of Wells, Fargo and Co., many, and in that name continued its business ever since. In 1869 a new company was organized in San Francisco, under the title of the Pacific Union Express Company, and with view to carrying out their Company, the stock was increased from $10,000,000 to $25,000,000. The Directors stated in a circular that the assets withdrawn would go converted into cash and distributed among the old stockholders as soon as possible after the increase of stock enabled them to carry out the contracts. Under this alleged trust, it is claimed by plaintiff that $1,300,000 has been withdrawn, of which plaintiffs ask their share, to be distributed to them, and have obtained an order to show cause why an injunction heretofore granted restraining the defendants, as trustees of those assets, from paying them and for debts incurred by the new Company between 1866 and 1869, should not be perpetuated. Judge INGRAHAM reserved his decision until after the service of defendants' answer on Thursday, to which day the continuation of the motion has been adjourned.

Edward L. Andrews for plaintiffs; Mr. Lowrie opposed.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.—OCT. 23.

Before Judge Brady and a Jury.

JUDGMENT FOR THE VALUE OF A LOST TRUNK AND CONTENTS.

Henry E. Robinson vs. S. Chittenden et al.—In June, 1868, plaintiff shipped on board the *Great Republic*, sailing from San Francisco to this City, a trunk containing property of the value of about $1,100, which was never delivered to him. The defence, together with a general denial, was that the trunk never was shipped; it was at a time when the vessel was sailing under a charter to Morrel & Co., of California.

A verdict was given for plaintiff for $1,182 20, the full amount claimed.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—OCT. 23.

Before Chief Justice Barbour and a Jury.

DAMAGES ASKED FOR A BROKEN LEG.

Albert Houseworth vs. George W. Jones et al.—This is an action to recover damages for a broken leg, the claim being fixed at $5,000. On plaintiff's behalf it was claimed that he was going into the basement of the building of the NEW-YORK TIMES to purchase papers, when a man named Moore, claimed to have been in the employment of defendants, threw down a bag of papers, striking plaintiff, knocking him down and breaking his leg. The defence, besides a general denial, sets up that the man Moore was a licensed public carrier, doing business for other newspaper offices besides the TIMES, and was not, therefore, in any legal sense, the employe of defendants.

Case still on.

A Partnership Difficulty—A Contract Made in a Street Row.

A case with some singular features was before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Police Court, yesterday. It appears that one BENJAMIN GOLDBERG, of Chicago, was the owner of a judgment note for $5,106 99, and E. B. WESTON, of this City, of a house No. 323 Penn-street, Brooklyn, E. D., valued at $18,000, on which there were mortgages for $8,000. A trade was arranged between these parties, by which GOLDBERG was to assume these mortgages, and in further consideration of the judgment note, the latter was to transfer the house and lot he was to be paid the $106 99. Stepping into a real estate office in basement of No. 114 Broadway, yesterday afternoon, a contract was drawn up for them by a lawyer, and also an assignment of the judgment note, both of which papers were fully executed, except the seals, and the parties left for the Tombs office of the lawyer to have these affixed. When reaching Washington Square, Mr. GOLDBERG insisted upon going to the office of his lawyer, and thereupon the assignment was given to WESTON and the contract to GOLDBERG. At this moment the latter became suspicious that he was being swindled, and a difficulty ensued between him and WESTON, which ended in GOLDBERG snatching the document from WESTON in doing which he tore it in two pieces. As a large crowd had by this time collected, a policeman accompanied both parties before Justice HOGAN. A charge of assault and battery was made against GOLDBERG by WESTON, but it was not entertained by the Magistrate, he requiring both parties with the understanding that they are to appear today, when WESTON is to furnish evidence of his ownership of the house. Until that time, Justice HOGAN retained possession of the papers in the transaction.

Fatal Accident at the Centennial Iron-Works.

An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner SCHIRMER in the case of HENRY and SAMUEL FRIEDMAN, aged four and six years, who were crushed, in front of No. 109 Mercer-street, by a large iron basin falling upon them. It was shown by the evidence that the basin belonged to the Centennial Iron-works, and had been set up against the building, and held up only by two blocks. It was noticed by the Police before the accident, and, as they considered it unsafe, they notified the owners to remove it, which was not done. The boys had been sold, and would be taken away in a day or two. The jury rendered a verdict severely censuring the Company for allowing the basin to remain on the sidewalk in an unsafe position.

The Stokes-Fisk Case Before Judge Ingraham.

The case of STOKES vs. FISK, Jr., already reported in the TIMES, was up before Judge INGRAHAM, in Supreme Court Chambers, on a motion for the examination of the parties before trial. DUDLEY FIELD, who appeared for the defendant Fisk, opposed the motion on the ground that plaintiff had not served new affidavits on them, as directed by the Court when the former affidavits were suppressed as impertinent. Judge INGRAHAM said there was no direction of his Court in the decision, that it was left to the discretion of the parties whether they should serve new affidavits or not.

Mr. MAREE, on the part of STOKES, said the original affidavits had been taken from them by an order of a Brooklyn Court, and a motion would be heard on Saturday for a change of venue. Although he considered it optional whether they served affidavits or not, yet it was their wish to do so.

The Court decided to fix Wednesday next for the argument, to which day it was adjourned.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Oct. 23, 1871.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	8	Hides, hdds	1,800
Beeswax, pkgs	4	Leather, sides	12,087
Cotton, bales	2,322	Moss, bales	74
Cotton-seed, bkts	1,067	Molasses, N. O., hds	10
Cheese, pkgs	2,000	Spirits Turp., hds	287
Dried Fruit, pkgs	274	Pitch, bbls	50
Eggs, pkgs	600	Resin, bbls	2,022
Flour, bbls	20,444	Beef, pkgs	200
Grain, bushels	49,000	Cut Meats, pkgs	275
Corn, bushels	43,000	Lard, pkgs	50
Oats, bushels	114,074	Lard, bbls	5
Rye, bushels	21,440	Butter, pkgs	2,467
Barley, bushels	11,100	Cheese, pkgs	1,700
Malt, bushels	100,222	Tallow, pkgs	275
Grass-seed, bushels	600	Pecans, pkgs	374
Flaxseed, bags	27	Starch, boxes	470
Beans, bbls	70	Tallow oil, bbls	45
Beans, bushels	160	Tobacco, hhds	301
Corn-meal, bbls	300	Tobacco, bales	2
B. W. Flour, pkgs	100	Tobacco, hhds	54
Oat-meal, bbls	200	Tobacco, trks. & cases	691
Hops, bales	310	Whisky, bbls	224
Hides, No.	1,970	Wool, bales	1,000

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pinecrest, have been as follows:

By the ship *Nile*, for Liverpool—31,213 bushels Wheat, 161 hhds. Tallow, 600 bbls. Flour, 730 bales Cotton.

By the *Parthia*, for Liverpool—67 bbls. Apples, 671 bales Cotton, 15,000 bushels Wheat.

By the brig *Ann Sandels*, for Cork and orders—11,527 bushels Wheat.

By the brig *Ellen*, for Queenstown and orders—19,000 bushels Wheat.

By the bark *Frances*, for Queenstown and orders—18,107 bushels Wheat.

By the bark *Bellevue*, for Havre—37,880 bushels Wheat, 400 staves.

By the bark *Ada*, for Antwerp—9,851 bushels Wheat, 8,000 bushels Barley, 21,507 bushels Wheat.

By the bark *Wildfire*, for Antwerp—19,125 bushels Wheat, 2,000 staves, 1,000 hoops, 1,800 hoops Lard, 200 bbls. Lard, 50 bbls. Stearine, 1,000 Beef Extract, 7,000 staves, 70 bales Wool.

By the brig *Kosciusko*, for Cadiz—38,440 staves.

By the brig *Blanche*, for Marseilles—3,183 bbls. Crude Petroleum.

By the steamer *Merrimac*, for Rio Janeiro—8 cases Canned Fruit, 210 cases Sewing-machines, 14 boxes Mineral Water, 1 case Jewelry, 1 box Butter, 8 cases Claret, 4 boxes Cheese, 3,000 lbs. Lard, 150 bbls. Flour, 10 boxes Candles, 20 boxes Lobsters, 30 boxes Oysters, 100 cases Spirits.

By the schooner *Arabella*, for Black River—225 bbls. Flour, 45 pkg. Pork, 1,000 lbs. Lard, 30 pkg. Beef, 200 lbs. Butter, 50 kgs. Bread, 200 boxes Soap, 7 pkg. Fish, 8 bbls. Corn Meal, 5 cases Tobacco, 20 pkg. Sails, 60 reams Paper, 12 boxes Florida Water, 30 Chairs.

And from Baltimore, for the week, for Rotterdam, by the ship *Energy*—746 hhds. Tobacco, 248 hhds. Tobacco (stems), 1,000 bbls. Flour, 14,000 staves....Rio Janeiro, by the bark *Orchid*—4,000 bbls. Flour....Pernambuco, by the British bark *Westford*—3,940 bbls. Flour, 24,000 lbs. Lard....Amsterdam, by the bark *El Gold Finder*—786 hhds. Tobacco, 100 bbls. Flour, 100 bbls. Dried Apples, 14,000 staves....Rio Janeiro, by the bark *Meadow*—2,000 bbls. Flour....Cork or Falmouth, by the Norwegian bark *Everabier*—21,131 bushels Wheat....Kalkar, by the bark *Ida*, by the British brig *Alert*—1,000 bbls. Flour, 135 bbls. Meal, 10 bbls. Beef....Brazos, schooner *J. Poyner*—100 hds. Lard, 600 lbs. Butter, 2 cases Canned Goods, 2,570 feet Lumber, 31,000 Spars, 140 hds. Bonnetts, 125 bbls. Hams, 25 bbls. Bread, 5 bbls. Onions, 5 bbls. Potatoes, 12 bbls. Naval Stores, 100 gallons Kerosene....Liverpool, Algerine ship *Revis Stewart*—21,000 bushels Wheat, 2 casks Tallow, 325 bags Bark, 240 pkg. Grease Butter, 1,022 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bushels Wheat, 1,000 Staves, 214 bbls. Rosin, 1,200 bbls. Flour, 6,325 bushels Wheat, 109 bales Cotton, 6,622 sacks Oil-cake, 70 cases Canned Goods....Bordeaux, British bark *Stella*—670 hhds. Tobacco, 8,128 Staves....Co. K, British bark *George Henry*—25,228 bushels Wheat....Ponce, P. R., British brig *Tidile*—75 bbls. Pork, 50 bbls. Bread, 50 bbls. Flour, 1,300 lbs. Lard, 2,150 lbs. Butter, 1,000 lbs. Cheese, 10,000 lbs. Bark, 6,414 lbs. Hams, 50 boxes Biscuits, 500 reams Paper, 400 galls. Petroleum, 26,000 lbs. Lumber, 496 boxes Herring, 7,000 Shingles, 46 boxes Canned Goods....Sydney, N. S. W., Wheelbarrow....Cork, Norwegian bark, Wm. Tell, 21,000 bushels Wheat....Cork, Norwegian bark, Ceres, 20,000 bushels Wheat....Cork, British brig Ellen, 22,000 bushels Wheat....St. Louis, British brig Wellington, 40,000 bushels Wheat....Oil-wood, 30 pks. Crackling, 20 tins, 20 cases Biscuits, 294 gallons Oil, 12 bbls. Tallow, 10 cases Matches, 12 boxes Herring, 10 Rkgs. Tobacco, 100 reams Paper, 1 bbl. Sandfish, 425 bbls. Flour, 27 bbls. Pork, 25 bbls. Beef, 2 bbls. Tongues, 40 bushels Corn, 50 bushels Peas, 60 bushels Rosin, 20 lbs. Cheese, 1,487 lbs. Lard, 1,100 lbs. Hams, 1,240 lbs. Candles, 300 Shocks....Liverpool, British ship *Amelia*—40,000 bushels Corn, 18 bushels Peas, 50,000 Shingles, 700 bbls. Flour, 30 bbls. Meal, 12 bbls. Beans....Marseilles, schooner *J. Amoscow*—24,000 Staves, 600 bbls. Tobacco.

COTTON—The market has been dull very firm for all kinds, with a very good demand noted, particularly for the better grades of Rio and Santos, which have been offered sparingly. Sales here, 1,600 bags Rio, by the cargo, at 17c. for Ordinary, 17½c. for Good Ordinary, *Channel Light*; 4,281 bags Santos, 97 the *Ardenton*, and 1,400 bags Rio (retailed in lots), on private terms; at Baltimore, 1,200 bags Rio, by the *Frankenstein*, and 1,100 bags Rio, by the *Palestine*, also on private terms. The week's receipts of Rio and Santos at this port have been 24,207 bales, taken from first hands, 27,084 bags; stock here this evening, as stated up by Messrs. Wm. Lawrence & Co., 97,000 bags, and of Rio, for new crop, 16,487 bags. Receipts of Rio for new crop reported: Ordinary, as 16½c. 16½c.; fair, 16½c. 17½c.; good, at 18½c. 19½c., and prime at 19½c. 20½c.; gold, 9 P. ct. in bond, 60 and 90 days' credit. Of West India, the receipts have been 4,600 bags Maracaibo, and 1,200 bags Laguayra, reported as having been paid previous to arrival, without any sales. We quote as follows: Java at 24c. 25½c.; Maracaibo, 18½c. 19½c.; Laguayra, 17½c. 18½c.; Jamaica, 17½c. 18½c.; Mocha, 19½c. 20½c.; Jamaica, 17½c. 18½c.; Mocha, 19½c. 20½c.; Mexican, 18½c. 19½c.; Savanna, 18½c. 19½c.; Porto Rico, 17½c. 18½c.; San Domingo, 18½c. 19½c.; gold, 9 P. ct.

COTTON—A moderate trade has been reported for early delivery, at a reduction of ¼c. 3-16c. P. lb., and a decline of ¼c. 3-16c. has also taken place in the value of the better grades for prompt delivery, as active movement was reported, with prices quoted off at close, 14½c. 14¾c. cash, 14¾c. 15c. seller November, 15c. 15¼c. seller December, 15¼c. 15½c. seller January, 15½c. 15¾c. seller February, 15¾c. 16c. seller March, 16c. 16¼c. seller April, 16¼c. 16½c. seller May, 16½c. 16¾c. seller June, 16¾c. 17c. seller July, 17c. 17¼c. seller August, 17¼c. 17½c. seller September, 17½c. 17¾c. seller October, 17¾c. 18c. seller November, and 18c. 18¼c. seller December, 18¼c. 18½c. seller January, 18½c. 18¾c. seller February, 18¾c. 19c. seller March, 19c. 19¼c. seller April, 19¼c. 19½c. seller May, 19½c. 19¾c. seller June, 19¾c. 20c. seller July, 20c. 20¼c. seller August, 20¼c. 20½c. seller September, 20½c. 20¾c. seller October, 20¾c. 21c. seller November, and 21c. 21¼c. seller December, 21¼c. 21½c. seller January, 21½c. 21¾c. seller February, 21¾c. 22c. seller March, 22c. 22¼c. seller 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The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, OCT. 24, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE NERVOUS MAN, &c. Leading characters by Messrs. Charles Mathews, Broughton, Gilbert, Miss Ella German, Mrs. Hatton and Miss Rowe.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
GUY MANNERING. Leading characters by Miss Charlotte Cushman and Messrs. Palmer and Wilson.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Prince-st.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. Leading characters by Messrs. Sothern and J. T. Raymond, Miss Amy Munslie, Miss Nelly Kemp and Miss Jenny Lee.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st., near Broadway.
DIVORCE. Leading characters by Messrs. Harkins, Lonergan, Davidge, Lewis, Miss Fanny Davenport, Miss Fanny Morant, and Miss Clara Morris.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
GILBERT ODE. Leading characters by Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence, Mr. Geo. Clark, and Miss Rose Evans.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.
Broadway, near Worth-street.
LA PERICHOLE (Opera Bouffe). Leading characters by Mlle. Aimee and Mr. Pennoyer.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
RUMPTY-DUMPTY (Pantomime). Leading characters by Messrs. Geo. L. Fox, G. K. Fox, and the Marion and Kelly troupes.

GLOBE THEATRE.
Broadway, near Twenty-second-st.
BURLESQUE, VAUDEVILLE, and ACRO-BATIC Performances.

ST. JAMES THEATRE.
26th-st., corner Broadway.
THE PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT. Leading characters by Miss Susan Galton and Messrs. Alfred Kalisch, Arnold and Lewis.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES. Afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities on exhibition.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Montague-st., near Court-st.
BLUE BEARD. Characters by Miss Lydia Thompson and company.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
3d-av., corner 63d-st.
EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF ART, SCIENCE, AND MECHANICS. Open day and evening.

PARIS PAVILION CIRCUS.
Twenty-second Street and 4th-av.
ATHLETIC AND EQUESTRIAN FEATS. Dan Rice, Manager.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE,
24d-st., between 6th and 7th-avs.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY, FARCES, DANCING AND FUN.

STEINWAY HALL,
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THE MESSIAH. (Oratorio.) Artists: Miss Parepa-Rosa, Mrs. Zelda Seguin, Mr. Simpson, Mr. A. Cooke, and a chorus of 250 voices.

ASSOCIATION HALL,
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
LECTURE BY MR. DE CORDOVA. Subject: "The Hypocritic Cloak of Rest Pic-Town."

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18th-st., near 6th-av.
ORGAN CONCERT. Artists: Prof. Johnston and Brown, and the Misses Bailey.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,
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EXHIBITION OF INDIAN CARTOONS.

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DAILY, WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

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New-York City.

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We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

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The GERMAN and ENGLISH EDITIONS of the Pamphlet published by the TIMES, *containing a complete history of the Tammany Frauds, are now ready and for sale at the* TIMES *counter. Price six cents a copy, or $4 per hundred to dealers.*

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A great scarcity of money exists in Paris, and a crisis is believed to be approaching. The Bank of France, to relieve the stringency, began yesterday the issue of thirty-five millions francs in currency of small denominations. ...An extensive military establishment is to be formed at Rouen....The disturbances in Corsica were no more than brawls between the Police of Ajaccio and the people....The Ex-Emperor NAPOLEON has declared that the reports from France of a Bonapartist conspiracy and intended descent on the coast, are without foundation. Claiming to be the legitimate Sovereign of France, he deprecates violence for the restoration of his dynasty, and thinks the French people should settle the Government question by a plebiscite. In the Municipal elections at Marseilles, on Sunday, the Ultra-Catholics elected their candidate for Mayor. The Manchester Chamber of Commerce condemns the proposed protectionist modifications in the Anglo-French Commercial Treaty. Sir RODERICK I. MURCHISON died on Sunday, in London, aged seventy-nine years. The effort to form a coalition Ministry from the supporters of SAGASTA and ZORILLA in Spain has fallen. A bill to fund an Imperial war fund was introduced in the German Parliament yesterday. The International Locards of Communists met at Geneva, Switzerland, yesterday. The attendance was small, with no noted leaders. Hayti is again threatened with revolution. SAMANA and SAGONNE are both mentioned as exciting causes. The defeat of BAEZ, of San Juan, by CABRAL, is confirmed. The finances of Jamaica again exhibit a surplus, and great public works and internal improvements are promised. The British Lord Warden was lost on Corsica Reef, Sept. 20....The white population of Arizona and Southern California, it is said, have petitioned the President to permit Gen. COOK to subdue the Apaches without interference from the Peace Commissioners. On the other hand, Superintendent FORNEY reports that he has seen COCHISE, and he is to use his influence to bring the Apaches into the reservation. The woods at the Shaker settlement near Troy are burning, and much damage is apprehended. Extensive fires are burning in the swamps and woods of Monroe, Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Wayne and Seneca Counties.

No Failure.

In one fortnight more we shall know whether Thief TWEED and his gang is to leave New-York at his mercy again, or whether the public have decided to protect their own interests, and exercise a wise control over the Government of their own City. There ought not to be any doubt on the subject, and TWEED says there is none, for that he is sure to carry the day. If the issue were to be decided on its own merits, we should all know beforehand where the Tammany Democrats would be next Tuesday week. They would be at the bottom of the tree. But, of course, there are unfavorable influences at work. The Reformers do not always pull together. The organization of the Reform Party is not so good as that of their opponents. The Fenton men are either standing aloof from the election—like Gov. FENTON himself—or they are spreading wet blankets wherever they see an opening for one. These are the adverse influences, and nothing is to be gained by shutting our eyes to them. But, on the other hand, look at the dissensions in the Tammany ranks. The whole moral feeling of the country is against TWEED and his gang, and nothing but cheating on an enormous scale can save them on the 7th. It may be said that to cheat is their business, and so it is—but a good many sharp-witted and earnest people have made it their business to see that the rogues do not cheat so much this time as usual. The young men will be very awkward customers for "TWEED'S lambs" to deal with. Altogether, then, there is every reason to believe that the frauds at the ballot-box will be vastly reduced this year.

We understand that Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER takes the ground that TWEED, HALL & Co. are to "be pitied"—he has a "sympathy" for them, &c., &c. He has no sympathy, of course, for the plundered taxpayers—for the poor man whose rent is increased by the exactions of the Ring, for the laborers whose wages have been pocketed by TWEED and his friends. Most people would think that Mr. BEECHER'S sympathy is of rather a morbid, unwholesome, sentimental, not to say an un-Christian kind. However, let him settle that with his own conscience. We believe that the prevailing opinion toward TWEED and his cronies is not one of sympathy. Why should it be? They are still in power. They boast that the people cannot turn them out. They live in the metaphorical purple and fine linen, and have all that money can buy—and money, even if it is stolen money, will buy a great deal. TWEED'S flower-garden on Fifth-avenue is a sight to behold. The men are always planting out lovely flowers in it, and the fountain playeth night and day. No man in the City can boast of such a front garden. It recalls what we have all read about Eden. Over HALL'S residence the flag of the City proudly floats, and at night the worthy Mayor basks in the homage of a club of Bohemians, of which he is the honored President. There, amid the flow of unlimited champagne, he makes jokes as fast as Mr. Merriman in the circus. Sympathy, forsooth! Does it look as if these men stood in need of that article? What could Mr. BEECHER'S tender heart wish for them more than they have—except a good character? And that the sympathetic Mr. BEECHER cannot give them, nor indeed does it appear that he "pities" them because of their deficiency in this respect. He is only sorry for them because they have been found out.

Our readers remember the fraudulent warrants which we published some time ago. Many of them, it has since been ascertained, were *forged*. The persons in whose name they were drawn never received a cent of the money. Who did receive it? On the very day it was drawn, a large part of it *was paid by Tweed into his own private account*. E. A. WOODWARD *received* so much, and paid out so much by check to TWEED. That check was then deposited by TWEED for his own use and benefit. In this way, TWEED "raked in" about a million between May and September of last year alone. And this is the sort of transaction for which Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, in the exuberance of what he is pleased to call Christian charity, "pities" a man! The Public Treasury is empty. The laborers cannot get paid. Mr. BEECHER does not pity them. It is only the thief he would enfold in his capacious bosom—as for the person plundered, let him wander forth in rage. What can all this arise from but a perverted moral sense? What is it but to place a premium upon roguery? The community at large would be ruined if the Beecher theory ever became practically applied to politics. Already public life is degraded enough. What would it be if Mr. BEECHER had his own way, and the honest men were turned out upon the stony roads, while the pastures were reserved for the scoundrels?

When TWEED is fuddling himself over his famous punch-bowl—when SWINNEY is concocting plans with HILTON for "abolishing" ANDREW H. GREEN—when HALL is seated on his little throne at his Bohemian club, and a number of "literary gents" are vying with each other in receiving his august notice—they never think that they stand in need of sympathy. This City is practically their own. Their faith in human rascality is still unlimited, and they fully believe all this "row," as they call it, will blow over. The Chicago fire drew off attention from them. "It will be a quiet election"—"all in our own hands." Thus they speak of the approaching event. And it is a fact that unremitting vigilance will be required to beat them. Mr. BEECHER would probably like to see them triumph on the 7th of November.

But can the steady-headed portion of the public afford to see such a disaster? Would it not be one of the wonders of the world, if, after such exposures that have been made of the Tweed gang, they were allowed to carry all before them at an election? The roguery fixed upon our history could never be wiped away. Let every man, then, resolve to vote against the thieves—we are tempted to wish that the women had votes, too, for their instincts on this subject are right. They have written hundreds of letters to this paper bidding us continue our work, and we know that they would cast a tremendous vote in favor of good government and honest men. The credit of the City, our own honor, the future of the community, all demand that we should scatter the Tammany thieves next month. People may prate about their feats of failure. We shall never believe that failure is possible in such a cause until we see it.

A Word to Republican Conventions.

The recent Democratic Conventions at Rochester, as well as the Western Conventions, laid down, as one of the "planks of their platform," the urgent necessity of a revenue tariff, of reduced taxation, and of admitting the raw materials of manufacture free of duties. These may be considered as pronounced principles of the Democracy. They would be leading cards for the party to play in the next election, and might materially assist an organization, which otherwise has no principles, to win the great game, but for the fact that the Republican Party holds them as well. This journal has, ever since the war, advocated and urged a reduction of taxes, the freedom of raw materials needful for manufacturing, and a revenue tariff. A few journals like the *Tribune* have stood persistently on the high protective and high taxation ground. The majority of the Republican newspapers have occupied a more reasonable and progressive position. During the recent sessions of Congress, this journal has certainly had its share in securing the victory of revenue reform—a triumph, by the way, to which the Democracy have lent little assistance.

A new session is now only a few weeks distant, and it becomes the duty of our friends to see to it that the progress made in the recent sessions, in reducing taxation and relieving our industries is continued, and that the Republican Party shall now add to its great fame of having saved the country in war, the loftier triumph of rescuing it from an utter prostration of its industries in peace. The fact cannot be denied that in our patriotic zeal to pay rapidly the war debt, and in the unfortunate ignorance of the principles of political economy prevalent among our legislators of both parties, we have permitted the very vitals of our industries to be consumed, and have laid burdens on the nation which no people could long bear.

The coming Winter is evidently to be one of severe stringency in financial affairs. No party can afford to pursue the blind and ignorant finance system which has been practiced in the past. Every intelligent Republican Congressman should be carefully considering and maturing some plan for meeting our obligations, and at the same time relieving the country. A large proportion of the present tariff can no longer be called "protective," it is simply destructive. As is well known, one important branch of manufacture in this City and on the sea-board has been cut up by the roots—ship-building. Other trades are beginning to follow the unfortunate course of this. The manufacture of machinery to supply South American and other foreign countries, which used to be such a profitable business, has now almost ceased. In the zeal to "protect" monopolists, we have taxed raw materials and the components of certain manufacturers, until we can no longer produce so as to compete with foreign countries. Everywhere we are driving our own people out of foreign trade, and at the same time taxing our own consumers.

Take, for instance, such a manufacture as that of common woolens. This country ought to supply—with its endless capacity of raising sheep—many other countries with cheap woolens. Instead of this, we steadily import them. The taxes on fine wool, (indispensable in the manufacture,) on dyestuffs and oils, and on the raw material of machinery, make it practically impossible for our own manufacturers to compete with the foreign. It is true that our wages are twenty-five per cent. higher than those in Germany, yet this difference would soon be made up by the cost of transportation, packing, and exchange. It is said to be the opinion of foreign experts, that were wool and raw material free, Rhode Island would export to Germany, instead of Germany and England importing here. We ought to be able to save a large part of the fifty millions of woolens now brought in here.

Take also the saving to the people in such a single item as free steel rails. The difference between the cost of steel rails in Canada and the United States is about thirty dollars, gold, per ton, or say three thousand dollars per mile. The railroads of this country require some 1,250,000 tons of steel rails each year. Here is at once a saving to the people of more than thirty millions dollars in one year. With pig-iron free, steel rail manufacture would at once revive here, under increased demand with free importations. With free coal, iron, and steel, all the machinery used in manufacturing would be at once cheapened, and our producers would be enabled to compete with foreign producers.

So with the reduction of the duties now laid on the material of a most important branch—shoe-making. These taxes on lasting, hides, and leather have made it impossible for our manufacturers to export, as they did once. A low tariff will bring back this trade, as well as that in hats. Then with a vast number of industries, which are peculiarly native and fear no foreign competition, what immense relief would a removal of their burdens bring! We allude to our domestic wares—such as cooking-stoves, carriages, harness, tools, books, clothing, bricks, furniture, and a hundred other objects, which are now weighed down by burdens and rendered costly to all consumers.

Every Congressman must consider these burdens on the people, and devise means of lightening them. It has been computed by an intelligent economist (Mr. ATKINSON) that tariff taxes of about eighty-five million dollars can be abated next Winter, without weakening our ability to pay our interest and our current expenses, and at the same time leaving from twenty-five to seventy-five million dollars for the reduction of the debt. These figures we shall examine more at length at a future time. They at least show how immense a burden can be taken from the national shoulders, in the judgment of one experienced student of finance. A great reduction must be made in the taxation, and the Republicans must decide what and how great it shall be.

Musical Criticism.

We cheerfully made room on Monday for the long letter of our correspondent "M," on the subject of musical criticism in New-York, partly because of the temper in which it was written, and partly because our correspondent's "wish to see a higher musical taste cultivated among our concert-going people" is one to which we also are not altogether indifferent. We can hardly undertake to defend the entire Press of New-York from the accusations our correspondent brings against it, but, having due regard to that difference between amateur and professional work, on which he lays stress, we are willing to examine the two instances wherein he charges that we have shown over-indulgence and insufficient appreciation.

The latter charge is brought against us in the matter of our treatment of Mr. SANTLEY and his companions; but we can scarcely believe that any one who read our observations on these fine artists, in the TIMES of Oct. 15, would pronounce this allegation justified. We supposed that we had "pointed out some things by which people would be educated and guided in forming a just estimate of their merits." It is probable that our correspondent never read the criticism in question, perhaps because it did not appear on the exact day that he looked for it. He should know that a daily newspaper, and especially one engaged in a task involving uncommon demands on its space, is sometimes obliged to defer artistic discussion because of affairs of more immediate public interest and gravity. It may further be suggested that the unsurpassed abilities of Mr. SANTLEY did not, at the outset, command that full measure of attention here from either Press or public that is their due, because all minds were at the moment engrossed by the calamity at Chicago.

Our correspondent next complains that our columns have been occupied by accounts of the performances of Mrs. MOULTON to the exclusion of detailed criticism on those of Mme. PAREPA-ROSA. Surely this is unreasonable. Mme. PAREPA-ROSA has now been before the American public for several years. She has sung in music of every style and every period, and not only have her merits become thoroughly known to the public, but criticisms and eulogiums innumerable have been written thereupon. The TIMES has repeatedly commented in detail on Mme. ROSA'S efforts—the last time no later than the day on which our correspondent wrote his letter—and assuredly with no stinted approbation. Mme. ROSA'S talents, then, are widely and appreciatively known. It is far otherwise with Mrs. MOULTON. That lady is making her first essay in an arduous profession. She is in reality hindered rather than helped by the sort of drawing-room reputation she has already acquired, and by the kind of prejudice, in which our correspondent apparently shares, that a woman who is gifted, refined, and fair is rendered thereby unfit for serious artistic labor.

Beyond this we must disclaim having instituted any comparisons whatever between Mrs. MOULTON and Mme. ROSA, and we must positively dissent from our correspondent's opinion that Mrs. MOULTON "sings false." It has appeared to us that her merits were amply sufficient to warrant her friends and herself in claiming for her a fair hearing; and, having heard them tested, we know them to be sufficient to justify those who would give every encouragement to American women when they honestly strive for bread, and have an honorable ambition to meet the requirements of a career thick with difficulties and prejudices in the interest of national art. Such an explanation as this ought, in general, to be superfluous; but in this particular case, for the intimated reasons, we have thought proper to make it.

Russian Armies.

Russia is said to be arming herself swiftly and powerfully at every point. Immense supplies of machinery, steam boilers and wire rigging have been sent to the Southern ports, Cronstadt is being strengthened, and engineers are laying out new lines of defense in various quarters. Meanwhile the regiments of the line are at work in competitive rifle shooting, the cavalry and artillery are being remodeled on improved principles, and all these things are being pushed with the utmost dispatch. Can it be that Russia doubts the good faith of Prussia, or is it that she dreads her power? That one or both these suppositions is true there can be little doubt. It is said that a profound dread of a fresh uprising in Poland, a universal insurrection, devised and prompted by German publicists and backed by German bayonets, is the true secret of all these formidable preparations. The explanation is plausible as regards the Western frontier, but scarcely accounts for the vast operations in progress on the Black Sea.

It is not to be denied that the relative position of Russia in Europe is seriously modified by late events, events that have placed the control of more than a million and a half of splendid soldiers, flushed with victory, at the uncontrolled disposition of a single Power, and almost of a single will. At the same time it suggests but a sad prospect for the people, this braiding into warlike panoply of one great military Power in the East the moment the great military Power of the West has been struck down. There is nothing, it would seem, but fighting, or preparing to fight, and the accumulation of huge debts, that labor at last is called on to pay, to be looked for while present dynasties subsist and confront each other. Time will show what is to come of the Czar's gigantic preparations, but at present they have every indication of being forerunners of a conflict beside which the Crimean war will seem comparatively trivial, and which may have a greater effect on the future of Europe than even the dreadful contest the thunder of which has only just passed away.

Sir Roderick Murchison.

The death of one of the greatest of modern geologists, reminds us of how young is the science, which he found in its infancy and left in the prime of its lusty youth. When RODERICK IMPEY MURCHISON was born, seventy-nine years ago, amid the wild magnificence of the more northerly highlands of Scotland, the only system of geology known to Europe was that of WERNER, who ascribed the formation of all the strata to the action of water. When he was three years old, in 1795, appeared the great work of HUTTON, in which the action of fire upon the materials of the globe was first brought within the domain of science; and the method and data of modern geology were first outlined. MURCHISON had just left the military college when the British Geological Society was founded, and he was fighting in the Peninsula under Sir JOHN MOORE, and under his uncle, Gen. MACKENZIE, when the battles of the Neptunists and the Vulcanists—the water theory and the fire theory men—were being waged with a violence almost equal to the European struggle against NAPOLEON. When Waterloo ushered in the "piping times of peace," MURCHISON married and retired from the army with the rank of Captain of dragoons. For seven years the energetic nature of the man found vent in travel and the sports of flood and field. An intimacy with Sir HUMPHREY DAVY, the great chemist, drew his attention to scientific pursuits, and in 1826, four years after hearing his first lecture at the Royal Institution, he contributed his first scientific paper to the Transactions of the Geological Society.

It was Sir RODERICK MURCHISON who made the earliest systematic effort to bring the "graywacke," the mysterious formations lying between the primitive gneiss and the old red sandstone, within the domain of science. The upper and lower silurian rocks, with all their wondrous story of the long ages which elapsed between the rudimentary bivalve—half-plant, half-animal—and the higher, snail-like types with feet and stomach, which lead up to the primeval reptile, owe their discovery and systematizing to Sir RODERICK MURCHISON. Few men have done more to demonstrate the practical value of the science of the rocks than the deceased President of the Geological Society. He was loaded with honors by the Emperor NICHOLAS for his share in making a thorough investigation into the geological formations of Russia. He had concluded at an early stage of his researches, that the silurian strata formed the original seat of the gold veins of the earth. A comparison of the auriferous rocks of the Ural Mountains, with some specimens of Australian strata submitted to him in 1844, led him to infer with perfect certainty that gold would be found among the latter. For forty-five years Sir RODERICK MURCHISON has been an unwearied contributor to the literature of his favorite science. In the closely-allied field of geography he has been equally industrious in promoting research, and equally successful in anticipating actual discoveries. He believed in the existence of the great lake-basins of the Nile before LIVINGSTONE or BAKER had reached them. Between him and his fellow-countryman, Dr. LIVINGSTONE, there was the most ardent friendship. When even Sir SAMUEL BAKER believed the story of the treacherous guides and gave the great explorer up for lost, Sir RODERICK MURCHISON steadfastly adhered to the conviction that he was safe. Since then, LIVINGSTONE has been several times reported as dead. One man, at least, has never wavered from his belief that his friend would reach civilization again alive. If Sir RODERICK MURCHISON had one poignant regret at the approach of death, it was, doubtless, that he should not be able to welcome the way-worn and weary explorer, who in the service of science and of humanity has grown gray amid the mysterious recesses of Central Africa. And, if there be any magnetic sympathy between kindred souls, which neither time nor distance can impair, then the death of Sir RODERICK MURCHISON must have added one other nameless sorrow to the burden of the patient and resolute LIVINGSTONE.

Youthful Murderers.

The exploits of youthful desperadoes are getting every day more frequent. We have had irreverent infants gambling on tombstones, and babies forsaking barley-sticks and rattles for the more mature delights of arson and murder. Boy burglars and highwaymen have vied in precocious crime with girl poisoners, and, as we noticed the other day, some of the most reckless and desperate fighting for the Commune was done by heroes in pinafores. But all these instances of juvenile nerve and wickedness are eclipsed by the late performance of two nice little boys in Ohio. They were inmates of the County Infirmary near Steubenville, and their names—let them have conspicuous place in the long roll of youthful depravity—were PHILIP SHERIDAN, aged five, and ANDREW STEWART, aged nine. The Steubenville Infirmary is possibly not the most cheerful place in the world for children of a lively turn, and Masters PHIL and ANDY no doubt often found time hang heavy on their little hands. But one day, in the early part of the present month, a brilliant inspiration came to relieve their tedium.

A little child about five years old was left at the Infirmary, deserted by its mother. The poor little whif was lame, and so perhaps excited the disapproval of young STEWART and SHERIDAN. Or, they may have been actuated by that zeal for the improvement of the race which leads some savage peoples to destroy all sickly or deformed offspring. At any rate, it occurred to these young barbarians that it would be fine sport to bury the little cripple. They threw themselves at once into the novel pastime with great glee. Together they repaired to the orchard and dug the grave, and having thus made everything ready, proceeded to organize the funeral. They hunted up the little lame boy, whom they soon found playing about the grounds, and laying violent hands upon him, dragged him off to his sepulchre. From all accounts it appears that the unhappy little corpse behaved with great indecorum, and screamed violently to the last moment. Yet, so admirable are the precautions observed at the Infirmary against interrupting these innocent gambols of infancy, that his screams were unheard or unheeded, and he was actually forced by his executioners, still shrieking and struggling, into the grave they had dug for him. Then, while one held him down, the other lustily shoveled in the dirt and stones upon his writhing form, until his cries and struggles were stilled together. Whether the amateur undertakers turfed over the little mound, and erected a neat head-stone commemorative of their victim's virtues, we are not informed. But, if they omitted that last artistic touch, it was doubtless only from want of time.

Having completed the obsequies, they went quietly back to the house, and with a gravity beyond their years, and which indicates for them if they are spared a brilliant career of crime, they refrained from any unseemly boasting of their exploit. The first intimation of their doings was given by a black boy, who, it seems, had been an unsuspected mourner at the funeral, and who told the Superintendent that "ANDY STEWART and PHIL SHERIDAN had buried 'Limpy' down in the holler." On repairing to the spot, poor "Limpy" was found to be quite dead.

The two young murderers are to be sent to the Reform School. But will that eradicate the viciousness thus early and shockingly displayed? It might, perhaps, be useful as well to inquire into the system of education pursued at the Steubenville Infirmary, which, we may observe, seems to be a Western euphemism for almshouse. What to do with Ginx's baby is every day getting to be a more perplexing problem. The difficulty will not be lessened if Ginx's baby develops generally such tastes as these.

Last Night's Nominations.

The Twenty-second-street branch of the Republican Party held its County Convention last evening, and indorsed the nomination of Gen. SIGEL for Register, leaving the balance of the ticket to be selected after a conference with other organizations opposed to Tammany Hall. This completes the union of all Anti-Tammany organizations on a candidate for Register, and the vote for and against Gen. SIGEL will test the relative strength of the advocates and opponents of reform, provided the people can secure a fair election.

In the Fifth Senatorial District the regular Republicans have put in nomination for Senator Hon. WM. M. EVARTS—a candidate who would honor the City by representing it at Albany, and who will doubtless receive the votes of all sincere advocates of reform. This is the district now represented by the original organizer of repeating gangs, "MIKE" NORTON, who has been renominated by Tammany Hall. In a fair election the district is undoubtedly Republican, and, if an honest vote and a square count can be secured on the 7th of November, Mr. EVARTS will be returned by a large majority. The Greeley faction have a candidate in the field in the person of Hon. THOMAS E. STEWART, but the nomination was forced on him against his wishes, and he will doubtless gladly withdraw if Mr. EVARTS will consent to run. In the Sixth Senatorial District the Republicans nominated Dr. AUGUST WEISSMAN. This is a German district, and the Democracy have two candidates now in the field—one of them (WOLTMAN) an admitted tool of Tammany, and the other (NACHTMAN) an officeholder under the "Ring," though professing to be in sympathy with the Reformers. Germans who are sincere in their desires to overthrow the Tammany "Ring" should vote for Dr. WEISSMAN. In the Eighth Senatorial District WM. HAWES, Jr., was nominated as the regular Republican candidate. He is a well-known and highly-popular resident of the Twelfth Ward, and if the nomination is indorsed by the other reform organizations GERNEY, the Tammany candidate will have a hard fight. Mr. MATTHEW STEWART was selected to lead the forlorn hope of the Republicans in the Fourth Senatorial District, in opposition to "Boss" TWEED. His chances are not flattering, unless the "Boss" should get his deserts at the hands of Justice before election day, of which there is some prospect.

MINOR TOPICS.

Mr. E. D. WHITE has been nominated for the Assembly by the Republicans of the Third District of Kings County. This is one of two, possibly three, districts which the Republicans ought to carry this year, and Mr. WHITE is the man who ought to carry it. He is a business man of rare good sense, and of unquestionable honesty. He has had sufficient experience in public affairs as member of the Board of Supervisors, and as member, at one time, of the Assembly, to make an efficient, as he would always be an upright representative. If the people of his district turn out as they can, and ought, and mount the ballot-box into Gridiron, Mr. WHITE will take the place which for several years has been filled by a Democrat.

"A Mechanic" sends us twenty-five dollars for the Committee of Seventy. We hope his example will be followed, for late, it appears, is to be largely a poor time's gift. Another correspondent, "W. J.," sends us one dollar for the Committee, with a letter in which he makes some very sensible observations, e. g.:

"I am a Republican, and shall vote and do all I can to destroy Tammany, and I do not agree with 'Of Whom I Am One,' who writes to you so childishly about being discouraged. I went to register on the evening of the 14th, about 7 o'clock, understanding that the officers would be open till 10, but found they had left at 6 in the afternoon. I shall register and vote if it takes two days to do it. I live in the Twenty-first Ward."

From W. A., New-Orleans, we have also received $1 for the Committee.

Our readers will find in another column a fresh installment of Grace Greenwood's most interesting "Notes of Travel." Her description of the railway ride over the summit of the Rocky Mountains, and down into the valley of Salt Lake, leaves a clear and pleasing impression of a subject rendered familiar by frequent treatment. The allusions to the Mormons are so interesting that they awaken lively anticipation of the review of the Mormon situation, and the temper and position of the people, promised at the close of the letter.

A curious and somewhat startling accident occurred in Brooklyn last week. An ordinary range boiler burst and the hot water very badly scalded a lady and several children who were in the kitchen. On examination the boiler was found to be very thin. Fixtures have been in the habit of representing that this class of boilers, or, more properly speaking, hot water reservoirs might collapse from a deficiency supply of water, but could not explode—a theory under which thousands of families have rested in troubling security. The present instance is fatal to this notion of the construction of range boilers, and it is to be hoped that it will be carefully investigated. Nothing would add more to the discomfort of the average American household than a lurking suspicion concerning the safety of its kitchen, especially if the suspicion should gain access to the minds of the already unreliable cook and laundress.

The attention of the New-York and Brooklyn Superintendents of Police ought to be once more directed to the ruffians who crowd the ferries in the early hours of the morning, and who are in the habit of adding to their profits by adulterating their milk with water frequently obtained from the hydrants in the ferry houses. Two of these rascally vendors were noticed, yesterday morning, filling a milk-can with water, the contents of which they impartially distributed among their other cans while the steamer was crossing the East River. Cannot this criminal practice be stopped?

Park Commissioner HILTON, like "Boss" TWEED, has procured a palatial residence on Fifth-avenue. The salaries of public officers in former years did not enable the incumbents to live in mansions at a rate far exceeding the amount of their salaries.

An Eastern paper remarks that, judging from the amount of money made by the Tammany Ring, these gentlemen must have been among the largest income tax-payers in New-York. We do not remember to have seen the names of Messrs. TWEED, CONNOLLY, SWINNEY, GARVEY, DESSOUBE, &c., &c., in the published lists of income tax-payers. Perhaps the Government Assessors can enlighten the public.

"One voucher dated Oct. 20, 1869, represents a claim by CORNELIUS H. TUCKER as 'Superintendent of Construction' of the Central Park. Mr. TUCKER was formerly President of the Hell Gate Railroad, and was appointed Superintendent of Construction with a fee of five per cent. on the expenditures.—*Tribune*, Oct. 20, 1871."

"THE TUCKER" is or was recently a delegate with HORACE GREELEY to the Twenty-second Street Committee from the Eleventh Assembly District. "THE TUCKER" is now the Chairman of the Assembly Convention, which purposes to nominate JOHN Y. GREELEY for the Assembly.

THE LOST STRAKER.

Further Intelligence Respecting the Fate of Osborn—Two Boats Containing Bodies Found—Thirty Lives Probably Lost.

From the Detroit Tribune, Oct. 21.

A dispatch was received yesterday afternoon by Capt. EMMA WARD, from Kincardine, Ontario, stating that two boats of the *Osborn* had been washed ashore there, one empty, the other having in her two dead bodies, those of a colored man and a boy. This settles the question of the fate of those not already reported saved, in all probability. The *Osborn* had five boats; one was stove, two were found with persons alive in them, and two are now found with no one living. It can hardly be otherwise than that the persons who failed to save their lives in the boats have perished, probably very nearly thirty, on the lowest estimate, and among them are doubtless the Captain, GILBERT DEMONT, Indian Agent SMITH and his wife, Major ATWOOD, and all the Indian on board, of whom there are reported to have been eleven. From what can be learned of the season during the last hour of the *Osborn*, the lady was very ill, and stayed down with the boat, either unable to remain outside, or lacking the hardihood. It seems likely, too, that several men went down with her, as several were seen in the cabin just before she sank. Yesterday, Rear and Arrieve with the name of the *Osborn* on them were coming ashore at Kincardine all day.

It is more than probable that all the boats, papers, &c., belonging to the steamer went down with her, consequently some time must necessarily elapse before a complete list of her crew and passengers can be obtained, and there is a strong probability that the names of all of her crew will never be known, as nothing on her books will show them.

THE DEAD.

So far as the owners of the boat have been able to determine up to this time, the *Osborn* had not to exceed ten passengers on board, including Indian Agent SMITH and his wife, and Major ATWOOD. The officers and attendants of the boat who are known to have been lost are as follows:

Capt. GILBERT DEMONT and his eldest son CHARLES. Mrs. DEMONT died last Spring, and by the Captain's death five children are orphaned. They live in this city.

Mate W. STEPHENS, the first mate, whose home is in this city. He leaves a wife and four children.

A. S. ROBINSON, the first engineer, of Marine City, son-in-law of Capt. Geo. H. CORYNELL, of that place. He leaves a wife and two children.

FRANK HUNTINGTON, second engineer, boarded in this city. He was single, but just on the eve of being married.

Geo. S. WHITCOMB, steward, of Marine City. His young wife perished with him. They had no children.

EDWARD MASON, the clerk, of Fremontsburg, Ont. He was single, and has an aged mother and several relatives living at that place.

CHARLES MICHAUD, the porter, a single man, who boarded with his parents in this city.

The names of the wheelmen, who are supposed to have been lost, are not known, nor are those of the deck hands that perished.

Among the passengers that are known to have been on board, and who undoubtedly perished, are Mrs. THOMAS HOLTON, of Cincinnati, who was on her way from Superior City, and intended to meet her husband in Detroit. He is now here. Miss MARY MADIE, an artist of Cincinnati, who was a companion of Mrs. HOLTON, and Miss HELEN PALMER, of Toledo.

A Caution to Justices.

The Hudson County Grand Jury, yesterday, brought in a presentment against Justice SAMUE

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

ELECTION TUESDAY, NOV. 7.

Secretary of State.....G. HILTON SCRIBNER.
Comptroller.....NELSON K. HOPKINS.
Treasurer.....THOMAS HAMES.
Attorney General.....FRANCIS C. BARLOW.
State Engineer & Surveyor.WILLIAM B. TAYLOR.
Canal Commissioner.....ADDEL BARKLEY.
State Prison Inspector.....THOS. KIRKPATRICK.

The last days for registering votes in this City are the 1st, 3d and 4th of November. The day of election will be the 7th November. Any citizen may learn the proper place for registering his vote on application, personally or by letter, to the Headquarters of the Committee on Elections, No. 49 First Union-square, third floor. The office will be open from 9 A. M. until midnight. Remember that you cannot vote unless you register.

CHARLES O'CONOR.

The Reform Democratic Associations of the Nineteenth Assembly District Nominate Charles O'Conor Enthusiastic Speech from Mr. O'Conor in Reply.

Yesterday evening a committee consisting of delegates from the Democratic Reform Club of the Nineteenth Assembly District, the German Democratic Reform Clubs of Manhattanville, Carmansville and Bloomingdale, and also delegates from the Citizens' and Taxpayers' Association, met in Carmansville for the purpose of tendering to Hon. CHARLES O'CONOR the nomination of member of Assembly for the Nineteenth District, among those present being Dr. Louis A. Rodenstein, Dr. D. T. Brown, and Messrs. Lawson Fuller, August C. Ilsman, A. Dampewolf, John G. Schultz, Thomas Kennedy, Richard Vose, C. F. Alward, Isaac I. Stillman, Wm. B. Wetmore, Alexander M. Lewis, Wm. H. Smith and James A. Dearing.

Mr. O'CONOR, meeting his visitors at the door, welcomed them cordially, and conducted them to the drawing-room, and after a little preliminary conversation, proceedings were opened by Dr. L. A. Rodenstein, Chairman of the Committee, who said that the delegates from five different organizations and the citizens and tax-payers generally of the Nineteenth Assembly District.

Dr. D. T. BROWN said that they came in a double capacity—as citizens and as representatives of various organizations. They came to ask Mr. O'CONOR to run, consistently with his views and his important public services, at their hands the nomination to represent the district in the Legislature as member of the Assembly.

MR. O'CONOR'S SPEECH.

Well, gentlemen, I had an intimation of this visit some thirty-six hours since; but in the interim I have had but little time to give the matter proper consideration. I have been ardently pursued in the line of duty which has fallen to my lot during the present condition of affairs in which we are all engaged in the effort to overturn a pernicious system of Municipal misgovernment, and am now just released from work. Under ordinary circumstances I would not be expected at my time of life to accept a nomination to any office, especially that of member of the Assembly, which of late years has been dragged down to the depths of political infamy, but it is certain that I have seen the evil, and while I live will devote my energy to the good of the public. Now, there is no office in the present crisis that will be so important as the one you tender me, and I have, when my important objection I would accept a seat in either House, but would prefer the Assembly. My wish and inclination are to accept this nomination when it comes in proper form, but I would rather have it deferred a few days until I can consult with some of my friends as to the propriety of my accepting in view of certain objections which I will probably be called upon to undergo in your behalf. A week or ten days is enough in the old New-York, and I ask that time in which to give you a written answer. At that time, if you are still of the same mind, and I can with propriety do so, I shall certainly accept.

After a brief informal conversation the Committee bid their best good-night and withdrew, delighted with the result of their mission.

LOCAL POLITICS.

The William M. Tweed Club.

This Club, of which Mr. THOMAS SHIELDS is President, last evening opened their new Club-house at No. 126 East Broadway, which was visited during the evening by several hundred persons. The house has been entirely redecorated, repainted, papered and furnished. On the first floor is a handsome parlor, with new-fashioned furniture covered with rich velvet, a grand piano and magnificent mirrors and several handsome chandeliers of bronze and gold. The carpet, which is of very light tint, is of the most costly and complicated kind. On the tables and mantels are several fine bronzes. Back of the parlor is the billiard-room. Upstairs is the Club-room, a commodious lavatory, bath and reclining rooms, and above these a couple of bedrooms and the secretaries' room. The stairs are covered with velvet carpet of the finest texture. The whole cost of the decorations and furniture is said to have been about $20,000. After viewing the Club-house last evening, the guests partook of a cold collation in the billiard-room.

The Brennan Demonstration.

The friends of Sheriff MATTHEW T. BRENNAN assembled last night in front of Masonic Hall, Thirteenth-street, and the Ward delegations formed into a grand procession and paraded along the route advertised in yesterday's paper. At the head of the line a banner was carried, upon which was painted a portrait of the Sheriff, with the inscription, "Where he goes we go also." On Broadway the procession, brilliantly lit up with calcium lights, made an imposing appearance, stretching along the street as far as the eye could reach. Mr. BRENNAN reviewed his friends from the Monroe Club, corner of Centre-street and Pearl. The marchers of the Sixth Ward were illuminated by calcium lights, fire-works and burning rosin, on the solid phalanxes of men led by their popular leader. Cheers were given with a will for Mr. BRENNAN, and greens were given for DOWLING. Nine thousand badges were distributed during the day, and about that number of small flags were participated in the display. The Sixth Ward was represented by a delegation of 1,000. Mr. WM. M. BURKE was the Grand Marshal.

County Convention of the Irregular Republicans—Gen. Sigel Indorsed.

The County Convention of the Republicans represented by the General Committee, presided over by Mr. GREELEY, that has been declared irregular, was held last evening at the Head-quarters, corner of Twenty-second-street and Broadway. Mr. RICHARDSON, from the Committee of Twenty-one, appointed to confer with a committee of the Regular Republicans, reported in favor of the indorsement of Gen. FRANZ SIGEL as the candidate for Register, and asked that his committee be clothed with power to unite with the regular organization in making nominations satisfactory to all. The indorsement of Gen. SIGEL was concurred in amid great applause, and after a long, rambling debate, the Committee was unanimously clothed with the power asked for, the Convention then adjourned to Thursday evening next.

The Counting German Mass-Meeting.

The Joint Committee of the German Democrats and Republicans has issued a call, signed by Mr. OTTENDORFER, for a convention of delegates of all German organizations in this City—two delegates from each—to convene at Germania Hall, No. 24 Third-avenue, on Wednesday, when final action will be taken in reference to the joint mass-meeting for the purpose stated in the joint resolutions of the Republican Central Committee and the German Democratic General Committee. The Mass-meeting, it is expected, will take place at the Cooper Institute on Friday.

Regular Democratic General Committee.

The "Lady with" General Committee, which calls itself the Regular Democratic General Committee, met last evening at their head-quarters, corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street. TOBIAS BEUNNERVAL occupied the chair. The ticket for County offices was adopted, which is the same as that selected by the Reform Democrats, and which has already been published. Resolutions in favor of the nominations were passed, and a committee of seven appointed to wait upon the candidates and inform them of their nominations.

Seventh Senatorial District Republican Convention.

The Seventh Senatorial District Republican Convention met last evening, and adjourned without making any nomination, a committee of conferees from each Assembly district in the Senatorial district being appointed to report the name of a candidate to the Convention.

Reform Democracy County Convention—Letters from Daniel F. Tiemann and Judge Daly.

The Reform Democracy County Convention reassembled last evening at Apollo Hall, Mr. COCHRANE in the chair. The Committee on Nominations reported progress, and it was received to adjourn to Friday evening next, when the Committee will report and a full ticket be nominated.

Letters were read from Judge OSAR P. DALY and DANIEL F. TIEMANN, thanking the Committee for the nomination which they had received.

Assembly Nominations.

The following nominations for Assembly were made last evening:

Republicans—Twentieth District—Weeks W. Culver.

Citizens' Association—Eighth District—William Wiegandt.

German Reform Club—Tenth District—Louis Ernst.

Republican Senatorial Nominations.

The Republican Senatorial Conventions were held last evening, and the following nominations made: Fourth District, MATTHEW STEWART; Fifth District, WM. M. EVARTS; Sixth District, Dr. AUGUST WEISSMAN; Eighth District, WM. HAW, Jr.

Nominations of the Various Parties.

The following are the nominations in this City as far as they have been made:

SENATORIAL NOMINATIONS.

Dists.	Reg. Republicans.	Tammany.
4.	Matthew Stewart.	William M. Tweed.
5.	Wm. M. Evarts.	Michael Norton.
6.	Augustus Weissman.	Henry Wallman.
7.	——— ———	John J. Bradley.
8.	William Haw, Jr.	Henry J. Gilsey.
9.	Irrregular Republicans.	Citizens' Democrats.
4.	Samuel Sharp.	——— ———
5.	Thomas H. Stewart.	Michael Norton, D. D.
6.	——— ———	Martin Nachman, M. D.
7.	Sarah L. Fancher.	James O'Brien, M. D.
8.	J. Nevin Hegeman.	Daniel F. Tiemann, M. D.
		J. Jackson Phelps, Ind. D.
		Michael Farley (Kerrin.)

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN.

Dist.	Regular Repub's.	Democratic.
1.	——— ———	Nicholas Muller, Tam.
		James Healy, D.M.
		Patrick Farrin, Ind.
2.	——— ———	James Dunlap, Tam.
3.	——— ———	James Hayes, Tam.
4.	——— ———	John J. Blair, Tam.
5.	——— ———	John Hughes, Tam. (Ex. Sheriff.)
6.	Isaac Wade.	Office Immaterial.
		Timothy J. Campbell, Tam.
7.	H. N. Twombly.	James Kelly, Tam.
		Wm. S. Andrews, German.
8.	——— ———	Sylvester R. Neff, Tam.
		Conrad Geib, German.
9.	Stephen Fell.	Wm. Wiegandt, Citizens.
10.	E. R. Walton.	Wm. J. Hennessy, Tam.
11.	John Sisson.	Louis Ernst, German.
12.	——— ———	Joseph Cotwell, Ind.
13.	G. H. Mackay.	Wm. W. Cock, Tam.
14.	——— ———	Richard Flanigan, Tam.
		J. Tyler Kelly, Tam.
15.	——— ———	Conrad Geib, German.
16.	Henry Wilson.	Alex. Frear, Tam.
17.	G. P. Wilson.	James Irving, Tam.
18.	——— ———	Chas. A. Flammer, Ger.
19.	Daniel M. Knapp.	Chas. O'Conor, R. D.
		Thos. C. Fields, Tam.
20.	Weeks W. Culver.	Wm. Hitchman, Tam.
		Ab. Dowdney, Ind.
21.	James Madison Boyd.	John Belmore, Ind.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

Republicans.	Democratic.
JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.	
George G. Barrett.	Thomas A. Ledwith, R. D.
JUDGES OF THE COMMON PLEAS.	
Charles P. Daly.	Charles P. Daly, R. D.
FOR RECORDER.	
Gen. Franz Sigel.	Gen. Franz Sigel, R. D.
JUDGES OF SUPERIOR COURT.	
	John H. Anthon, R. D.
	Roswell D. Hatch, R. D.
JUDGES OF MARINE COURT.	
	Samuel H. Rassell, D. U.

Young Men's Ninth Ward Municipal Reform Association.

A meeting of the Young Men's Municipal Reform Association of the Ninth Ward was held last evening at Lebanon Hall, the President, JOHN H. STEARNS, in the chair. After the election of several new members, the Association was addressed by Gen. TREMAINE, who said he did not propose to go to the polls for any man. He would go for principle. They should support the Republican ticket, and see that there was a fair count. Mr. SEMIN followed in a speech in which he urged the duty of members to attend the municipal elections. The meeting then adjourned.

Seventeenth Assembly District Republican Association.

At a meeting of the Seventeenth Assembly District Republican Association, last evening, in the Wigwam, in Forty-ninth-street, a resolution was adopted instructing the delegation to the Joint Citizens' Assembly Association, to press the nomination of GEORGE P. BRADFORD for Assembly, and appointing a committee to confer with the Republican Association presided over by JOHN W. MASON, and the other organizations for political reform.

The German Apollo Hall Reformers Organization.

The German organization of Independent Citizens, composed of a Committee of Sixty-three, formed at the late mass-meeting at Apollo Hall, held a meeting at No. 548 Third-avenue, last evening, Mr. WM. RADDE presiding, when action was taken to participate in and co-operate with the mass-meeting to be held under the auspices of the German Joint Committee, at the Cooper Institute, in the cause of municipal reform.

Naturalization.

Judge JOSEPH F. DALY, of the Court of Common Pleas, sat yesterday for the purpose of naturalizing, in the General Term room of the Court. About three hundred in all were passed through the mill, two hundred of whom were natives of Poland. The Judge will continue to sit for the same purpose until Thursday next.

Political Brevities.

The Richmond County Democratic Delegates will meet at Richmond today for the purpose of nominating county officers.

The Republicans of the Fourth Senatorial District met at No. 145 Franklin-street, last evening, and after appointing a committee to confer with outside organizations, adjourned subject to call.

At the Seventh Senatorial Convention last evening, OSAR BYRNES in chair, a Conference Committee was appointed to confer with outside organizations in relation to the nomination of Senator in this district.

The Democrats of Jersey City, last evening, held a large meeting in the Catholic Institute, corner of South Sixth-street. Speeches were made by Ex-Gov. PARKER, Senator STOKRTON, Attorney-General GILCHRIST, J. D. HUNT, Hon. LEON ABBOTT, and others.

The Assembly Convention in the Eleventh District, of the repentant Republicans, met last evening, at No. 466 Sixth-avenue, and appointed a committee of three to confer with organizations of the Tammany Hall, to unite upon a suitable candidate for Assembly.

The Kerrin branch of the Democratic Union Party was to have held its County Convention last evening, but owing to the large meeting of BRENNAN's friends, which overcrowded the building, the Convention was adjourned until next Thursday evening.

It is stated that JOHN BATTERSBY, President of the Henry Smith Republican Association of the First Ward, and foreman of Engine No. 5, in Cedar-street, is engaged in canvassing and collecting from policemen the sum of $5 each for political purposes.

At a meeting of members of the Fifth Senatorial District last evening, Mr. HUGH GARDINER in the chair, Mr. W. M. EVARTS was nominated Senator. The chairman appointed a committee composed of a representative from each Assembly District to wait upon Mr. EVARTS to inform him of his nomination.

A Campaign Club was organized at Islip, Long Island, Saturday evening last, to be known as the "Islip Republican Campaign Club." After appointing a Canvassing Committee for the several districts the meeting adjourned until Saturday evening, Oct. 28, at which time arrangements will be made for a public mass-meeting.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Hon. SIDNEY CLARKE denies that he has become editor of the Lawrence (Kansas) *Tribune*.

The Democrats of the Sixth District of Illinois have nominated Hon. LORENZO LELAND, formerly Clerk of the Supreme Court, for Congress.

The Kentucky Republican State Convention is to be held in Louisville, and an effort is to be made to have the National Convention held there.

Gov. BROWN, of Tennessee, sent his message to the Legislature yesterday. It contains an elaborate review of the financial condition of the State, opposes State repudiation, and recommends the protection of all classes of citizens.

It is reported that S. S. HAYES, the Democratic candidate for Congressman-at-large in Illinois, has declined the nomination on account of the pressure of private business requiring his attention, and the demands upon his time by the Relief and Aid Committee.

Gov. LINDSAY, of Alabama, by his course on the railway bond question, has disgusted many of the Democrats who elected him. And the Selma *Times* fears that if the party convention indorses him, they cannot retain control of the State.

West-Virginia will close up the elections in October, on Thursday, on that day choosing delegates to the Constitutional Convention, which the people voted in August to hold. On the same day the State will choose the members of its Legislature and county and township officers.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

OPENING OF THE SEASON AT THE ACADEMY.

The influence of the genius of SCOTT was strikingly exemplified in New-York last night, when two of the greatest artists now living represented, one on the dramatic, the other on the operatic stage, two of his most famous heroines. The applause of foreign nations is said to be equivalent to the voice of posterity; and when we see the combined token of both in an Italian opera such as "Lucia," we are impressed with the solidity of the master's fame. Here is the story of one of those matchless and poetic romances—these novels of the author of Waverley, which, as ALISON says, made the poetry of WALTER SCOTT to be forgotten—woven into a foreign tongue, and wedded to the silver music of the South, and accepted in that shape for years with an eager appreciation that shows the deep hold of the pathetic tale upon the universal heart. It is hard to think that such people as the *Master of Ravenswood* and *Lucy Ashton* were never real people. Do they not, in fact, seem as real to most of us as MARY, Queen of Scots, or RIZZIO, or DARNLEY? And in one sense they are as real. They typify certain phases of sorrowing, hopeless love, of bitter despair, of the agony for which no cure on earth is to be permitted, and for which consolation comes only in the dim hereafter. Such phases are veritable as all who have lived and seen and suffered know, and thus as in all true art the unreal becomes the real, and the imagined the true.

This was vividly shown at the Academy on the opening of the Italian opera to a close-packed and remarkably fashionable audience; for Mlle. NILSSON's *Lucia*, in the first place, is to be placed at once in the rare and all too scanty list of stage performances that do not represent but realize. Poetic, exquisitely delicate, and graceful to the last degree, this is indeed a creature the Wizard of the North might have had in view when *Lucy Ashton* was first conceived. We thus convey an idea of the personal fitness of Mlle. NILSSON for her task. The adaptation is no less striking in this than in the vocal respect. To look *Lucia* and to sing it equally well is a felicitous achievement. To act it even better than either is an effort of genius. Of Mlle. NILSSON's histrionic powers less has hitherto been known here than of her gifts as a vocalist. Glimpses she has given us and reports is rich of what she has done elsewhere. It is, however, a pleasure to affirm even the strongest artistic credentials. Mlle. NILSSON's impersonation, then, of the unhappy *Bride of Lammermoor*, is to our minds of almost unexampled excellence; and, after owning the evenness of that excellence in nearly all the performance, we should add that in the Mad Scene Mlle. NILSSON rises to a pathos and a grandeur infinitely touching and impressive. She was in superb voice on this occasion, and while accomplishing many notable feats of superb vocalization, the quality and purity of her organ were more noticeable than the agile *florture* frequently delivered by it. The Mad Scene, we repeat, was the finishing portion, the fitting and exceedingly beautiful climax of a performance of which it may be truly said just praise must infallibly read like hyperbole.

Signor BRIGNOLI sang much of the music of *Edgardo* charmingly. It is idle to say that this favorite tenor's dramatic capacities equal his vocal ones, or that both are not occasionally somewhat overtaxed by the trying scena of "Lucia" which delineates its catastrophe. The "Malediction" Signor BRIGNOLI poured forth with considerable declamatory power and nearer approach to passion than has usually characterized him; the closing episode is, notwithstanding, beyond his means, as it is beyond those of most contemporary tenors, and the final impression left was, therefore, unsatisfactory. To say this is to say no new or unduly harsh thing. For where in truth are we now to look for an *Edgardo*? Now that MARIO has retired, that the exquisite voice of GIUGLINI can be heard no more, and the impassioned tones of SALVI have become merely a memory, any approach to an ideal of the ill-fated *Ravenswood* seems out of the question; and remembering how much vocal superiority Signor BRIGNOLI brings to his task, and, despite some inelegance less conspicuous than formerly, how notable a freedom from vulgarity, we feel that we should be grateful for the goods the gods provide, and thankful they are no worse. We always hear Signor BRIGNOLI with pleasure, and rejoice to record that he was received last night with a cordiality not disproportioned to his merits. Signor BARRE, who has a light baritone of good training and management, acquitted himself to general satisfaction, and was welcomed with heartiness on this the occasion of his first appearance. Signor COLETTI was painstaking, so far as his resources would allow, and Signor REICHARDT sang the strains he has so often essayed in *Arturo* with artistic delicacy, if not always with strict fidelity to the score. For the rest we may observe that the chorus, at least, so far as male voices go, was good, and the orchestra well up to the mark. The house was, as we have said, remarkable for numbers and fashion, and Mlle. NILSSON was repeatedly called for and lavishly complimented with flowers. On Wednesday "Faust" is to be sung, when Mlle. NILSSON appears as *Marguerite* and M. CAPOUL will make his debut as the daring hero.

HERR WACHTEL'S REPRESENTATIONS.

Herr WACHTEL assumed, last evening, the part of *Arnold*, in "William Tell," for the first time in this country. The story of the performance is the one often told in these columns. Its repetition records the usual vast audience, the usual applause, and more than the usual results. Herr WACHTEL's singing and acting in ROSSINI's magnificent opera, are, without doubt, superior to the results, satisfying and often remarkable as they have been, of all his previous efforts at the Stadt. Had he not lessened the task set him, by the excision of two of the finest airs in the score, his work might have been declared the most legitimately effective ever done here by a *tenore robusto*. Herr WACHTEL's suppression of the delicious "O muto asil," and of the thrilling "Corriam! volliam!" prevents, however, the award of the fullest praise. It is fortunate that "William Tell" is not to be beggared by even so great a loss. Two numbers of equal rank cut from "Il Trovatore" would rob Herr WACHTEL of his best opportunities. "William Tell," even shorn of the pieces mentioned, is not quite SHAKESPEARE's tragedy without the Prince. And the superb pages remaining, we are happy to say, were so dealt with as to make the entertainment an admirable one. Herr WACHTEL, from first to last, was in a condition of voice, mind and physique which caused his recital to have, in its grandeur, an exceptional evenness. In the concerted passages where Herr WACHTEL's tones, last night, filled with a rare firmness and richness, predominated over soprani, contralti, bassi and musicians, and in the solos allotted to him, his delivery was equally telling. We should have liked a little more tenderness in the recitative in which *Arnold* confesses his love for *Mathilde* and upbraids himself for his disregard of his country's suffering, if only as a contrast to the vigor of Herr WACHTEL's declamation—more conspicuous, be it remarked, for dynamic force than for breadth of phrasing. But this very characteristic was of the utmost value in his share of the duet with *William*, following, in which elegant *cantabile* phases, replete with sentiment and delicacy, alternated with a series of high chest notes of choicest quality, and attained to with an ease and surety marvelous to behold. How stormy an outburst of delight this incident and its renewed occurrence, a few bars further on awakened, can hardly be imagined. Less mighty in its sway over the audience, because bearing a slighter resemblance to a series of feats, but even more commendable for variety of expression and execution was *Arnold's* share in the duet with *Mathilde* at the outset of the second act. In the muscular writing of the famed trio, the tenor's lines had the prominence over singers and orchestra already noticed. In the outburst of sorrow which greets the tidings of a father's death, directly afterward, it was given the hearers of Herr WACHTEL to discover that the organ which made the house ring with the "Di quella pira" could also be attuned to pathos. From "Ah! che sento," sung in mere vox, to the wild accents, "Quell' empio," grief was eloquent in every utterance, the final union of the three voices rounding of the scene in as potently dramatic a fashion as could be wished. By the omissions above cited, Herr WACHTEL's participation in the subsequent events was not particularly striking. With two or three exceptions, the distribution of the other characters in "William Tell" cannot be spoken of in complimentary terms. The exceptions it is fair to make are in favor of Miss PAULINE CANISSA, Miss ALMA KRAUSS and Herr VIERLING. Miss CANISSA is a very accomplished and intelligent musician, and a thoroughly experienced songstress; she sang "Selvi opaci" with much feeling and taste, and her music in the trio in the last act with a fervor which had abundant acknowledgment. Miss KRAUSS acquitted herself very creditably of the duties of *Jemmy*, and Herr VIERLING was a painstaking *William Tell*. The choruses were very badly interpreted. As for the stage-costume of the opera, we never imagined so many anachronisms could be exhibited in a representation extending over three hours. Herr WACHTEL's notable picture of *Arnold*, to be shown again to-morrow evening, ought, meantime, to be supplied with worthier surroundings.

MLLE. PAREPA-ROSA IN ORATORIO.

Mme. PAREPA-ROSA sings in "The Messiah" at Steinway Hall this evening. Last evening an immense audience greeted, at the Philadelphia Academy of Music, the lady and her English Opera Troupe.

Dramatic.

MR. SOTHERN'S REAPPEARANCE.

A full house, and a welcome that spoke from the heart, greeted Mr. SOTHERN's return last night to the scene of his early triumphs. And, surely, if patient study, if conscientious devotion to an ideal, deserve applause, it was never more worthily bestowed. The part that has given Mr. SOTHERN's name a right to a place among the great names of the stage, is so slight, the play itself so mere a nothing, that one who should only know them by reading them in the closet, would find it difficult to explain the delight with which the public greets their long-continued repetition. There is but one word that explains that delight: it is the word "genius." And that Mr. SOTHERN is a man of genius will be acknowledged by every one who has seen him as *Lord Dundreary*. He has realized a character out of nothing, and invested it with so delicate and subtle a life that there is no light in which we can see it where its reality does not appear real, its absurdities most reasonable, and its most erratic whims more logical than the respectable vapidities of the every-day world in which it moves. Yet, if we may believe Mr. SOTHERN himself, he has created this character, not in a moment of inspiration, not in the unconscious way in which the world in general believes such things to be produced, but by patient toil, by long and serious study, with many failures and many baffled efforts. GOETHE said that genius is nothing but hard work, and Mr. SOTHERN adds his modest testimony to the truth of GOETHE's dictum. All the more honor to him, who is not afraid to show us how such a success has been achieved, the wonder of it is not less but more. We have no space to-night to enlarge upon the performance and the play in general. The part of *Asa Trenchard* was well played by J. W. BANKSON, who, by natural, spontaneous acting, gives all the reality it is capable of to that most unreal part. The stage was well set in the several scenes, and the audience manifested its hearty pleasure by continuous applause. After the play Mr. SOTHERN's return was warmly greeted upon, and he made, in his off-hand, unaffected way, the following little speech:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: If there's one thing I dread more than another it's making a speech; but this is an occasion I think that almost necessitates my saying a few words. It is just ten years since I appeared before an American audience. To the Press and public of America I owe my success in England, and I'm proud to acknowledge it. I have been good the years for me, and to make a pun below even the mental depravity of Dundreary, you here behold the old picture once more. A full-length portrait of Mr. SOTHERN. I cannot tell you, ladies and gentlemen, how I have longed to return to America and take a farewell of those friends in the fluttering hands and kindly criticisms gave me the courage to pursue the profession I had chosen to adopt. But when I listen to the warm manner in which I am welcomed back to the scene of my early failures, subsequent small successes, and final genuine one, I feel the word farewell is sadly out of place; my response is rather, I believe you in the renewal of an old association, a recommencement of many an old friendship, and the foundation, I earnestly hope, of many a new one."

It is Not True.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

An attack so transparent as that on Mrs. MOULTON contained in your paper of yesterday (23d) would perhaps produce less effect if left unnoticed. The writer attempts to originate a novel form of advertisement, but the same thing has been often tried before. The rôle of an injured and neglected lover of music suffering agony over the success of a great singer and beautiful woman, is one that has been played too often to merit other than a *success d'estime*. The American public is entirely too capable of judging for itself in matters of musical merit, to allow itself to be deceived by an apparently earnest and unbiased critic, who, under the plea of belittling obstacles, endeavors to bring to the fore those whom it may be his interest to advance. The want of success in any given enterprise is not enhanced by efforts in this direction.

The musical critics of the Press cannot be whipped into line or led up to the furtherance of any particular project, by insinuations as to the integrity of their motives. Your correspondent "M." I think, in his communication, is disposed to underrate the intelligence of these gentlemen, whose verdict, as well as that of the public, has, as a whole, been strongly in favor of Mrs. MOULTON. F.

Another Grumbler.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have read the letter of "M." in your paper, with much interest. It is another sign of your fairness that you published a letter with many parts of which you must have differed. I do not agree with "M." as to the merit of Mrs. MOULTON's performances. In my opinion, she is a true artist, and has a superb voice. Your critic is right in all he has said of her—and I will venture to add that between dramatic or musical criticisms I have never read in any journal than in your own.

But I can understand what has caused "M.'s" displeasure. The extraordinary behavior of the artists who assisted at the series of concerts which closed on Saturday was enough to excite surprise, if not indignation. If a lady, who has come before the public professionally, chooses to fancy that she is in a drawing-room, and makes signs to her acquaintance, male and female, and even carries on conversations with people on the front benches—I suppose it is all right. But why should men try to bring themselves into notoriety by publicly showing themselves off as the "artist's friend?" On Saturday, at the matinée, a gentleman well known in New-York (and whose name, by the bye, I see in the Ring accounts) led Mrs. MOULTON upon the stage, and took her off again. Presently a Miss AGNES PALMER had to sing. No one took the trouble to lead her on and off. The one-armed cavalier did not condescend to pay the least attention to her. Yet, if chivalry and courtesy are worth anything—if they are not to be shown for the benefit of the "influential" alone—surely Miss PALMER (of whom I know absolutely nothing) was as much entitled to the benefit of them as the other lady. Both appeared before the public under the same conditions—though, doubtless, with different gifts. Why should so marked a distinction be made between the women of fashion and the poor artist who has to sing for her bread? Why does Dr. ——— presume to show himself to the public in one case any more than the other? I did not pay to see Dr. ——— I never saw him before, and for my own part I do not care if I never see him again. I suppose I paid my share of the $1,100 and $1,200 paid for two "chemical analyses" made for the City.

When such manners are exhibited by people who ought to know better, what can be expected from "benighted foreigners?" The superior being who condescended to play the fiddle at these concerts, and the other phenomenon who came forward with his hair powdered to sing love songs in French, acted according to their kind. They, too, enhanced their performances by making signs and demonstrations to their friends in the audience. What may be graceful coquetry on the part of a lady is vulgar impertinence on the part of a man. If Signor Sarsaparilla—I think that was the powdered gentleman's name—and Signor Peony appear here again, I hope they will remember that the public are entitled to be treated with respect.

AN OLD FOGY.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Oct. 23, 1871.

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

SALT LAKE CITY, Friday, Oct. 13, 1871.

We left Denver on the 6th. The morning was clear and brilliant, but very cold; the great range was white with snow, and the fair sunlight with surpassing splendor made beautiful beyond all imagination were the purple and violet tints of the lower mesas and the foot-hills. I really grieved at parting with those grand shapes—so majestic, yet so lovely, so stupendous and so awful, yet so gracious, so benignant—uplifting the soul, and filling it with thoughts of divine affluence and power, and eternal repose.

At Cheyenne, we found the ground white with snow, and the air that of December. But we soon forgot all these things—the Winter chill, the leaden sky—in the sorrowful news, sorrowfully told us by our courteous friend, Marshal HOWE, of the terrible fire in Chicago. We felt that it was almost cruel and cowardly in us to pursue our way westward; to go further from dear friends, suffering or in peril. At every station, till we reached Salt Lake City, the reports grew more sad and appalling. It almost seemed that the fierce flames followed us on the telegraph wire, and burned the cruel tidings into our hearts. The sadness and anxiety would have been almost intolerable but for the sympathy and pleasant companionship of friends whom we were fortunate enough to meet at Cheyenne—Senator and Mrs. MORTON, their young son, and a party of ladies and gentlemen from Indianapolis. We were kindly invited into their special car, and owe to them much of the pleasure and comfort of the journey.

Laramie, where we took supper, seems to me a town of considerable promise. It is situated in a beautiful valley and has a spirited, cheerful air. We reached Sherman, the summit station, in a driving snow-storm, with heavy darkness in the southern horizon, a drear, wild scene. But even while we paused there, the sun broke forth radiantly, and we hailed it as a happy omen as we took our first plunge down toward the Pacific. I was amused while at Sherman, by watching a little five-year-old vendor of quartz crystals, who stood behind a rude counter near the railroad track, carrying on a brisk trade with the passengers. It was a very small girl, with a very large bonnet—a quaint, droll little figure which LEECH would have delighted to sketch. The wind was high, and had a way of snatching off her bonnet, just as she was engaged in making change, or putting her little porte-monnaie into her little pocket. She alternated her commercial transactions with struggles to retain or regain her preposterous head-covering. To increase her embarrassment, I flung her some fruit, and the last I saw of her she had just succeeded in capturing a pear, which had rolled down an embankment, and was again in wild pursuit of her bonnet. Along here we found snow-walls and snow-sheds, and sharp, bristling rocks, which, with the wild wind and the black, stunted pines, made a peculiar and somewhat gloomy landscape. Yet, thus far, on this journey across the continent, I have failed to be oppressed by the weary sense of desolation and monotony I have heard so many complain of. Even when, after rising in the morning, I looked out to see only "sage-brush, rock and alkali—alkali, rock and sage," this strange, wild, forsaken region, this fierce, untamable, outlaw land had not lost for me its grand novelty, its sombre interest. The widest, wildest level plain has to me not only grandeur, but absolute beauty—a sort of sayagely peaceful and sullenly sublime beauty marvelously suggestive of immensity of infinity. What divine affluence, what magnificent abandonment is here! How rich must nature be to afford to throw away so much! Once I saw from the bluffs above Denver, a mirage—the delusive shining of waters away out on the arid plain. It seemed to me it was the phantom, the troubled ghost of the sea that once sounded and surged over that silent, motionless waste of sand. Our way through Echo Cañon was one long panorama of grand and lovely views. The rocks on the right are peculiarly bold in form and of indescribable beauty and variety of coloring. Through this cañon ran the old stage route—through it passed also the great tide of Mormon emigration. Several strong positions among the rocks are pointed out as having been fortified by BRIGHAM YOUNG when he anticipated an attack from Government forces under Gen. JOE JOHNSTON. A little way beyond towers "Pulpit Rock," from which "the prophet, priest and king" of this strange devoted people is said to have preached his first sermon on this side the Rocky Mountains. To one who even whirls over in less than four days' time the route which this poor people toiled over through weeks and months, there must come a new and wondering realization of the heroism of their emigration—an exodus into a land of dim promise, but of sure peril and privation, of mystery, of isolation. They fought with savage foes, they suffered, they starved—their graves yet mark the long, long way, but they never murmured, or rebelled, or entreated to be led back to Egypt or Iowa. No cloud by day and no fire by night led them on as they toiled over the mountain and crept across the plain; but instead there shone before them perhaps a prophetic vision of this pleasant city of refuge, and of the great white tabernacle of the Saints. Anomalous and anachronistic as is the faith of this people, there is an antique fervor, a rugged sincerity, a stern persistency, an unconquerable constancy about it, which we must respect, even now, when fast on their hard-earned peace and prosperity, comes the troublous time, the tempest of "judgment and fiery indignation," so long looming in the horizon.

Weber Cañon is scarcely so grand as Echo, but is very lovely and picturesque. It has some peculiar rocky formations, and striking points well known to us through photographs, such as the Devil's Gate and the Devil's Slide. WESLEY, I believe, objects to the devil having all the best tunes, and it seems to me a pity that some of the best scenery in the grand new world should be dedicated to him.

Just at sunset we took the Utah Central at Ogden, for this city. The views of the Wasatch Mountains and of the Great Salt Lake, all down this wonderful valley, are indescribably beautiful. We stood out on the platform and gazed till the purple twilight deepened and darkened, and that strange, lifeless inland sea glimmered and faded away into the night.

On arriving at Salt Lake City, Senator MORTON and party were received by a deputation of prominent citizens, Mormon and Gentile. Among the latter gentlemen, was my brilliant friend and good cousin, Hon. THOMAS FITCH, at whose charming house I am now staying. Senator MORTON was, I think, welcomed by both parties, at this critical time, with much respect and confidence. His strong, logical mind, and clear, fearless judgment peculiarly fit him to look deeply and calmly into this grave and complicated matter that is now drawing the attention of the world upon them.

The morning after our arrival we drove about town with our kind friend Mr. HOOPER, and were (may I confess it?) quite delighted with the general appearance of the city, which had so often been held up to our righteous horror as a congregation of "whited sepulchres." One is first struck by the generous width of the streets and the vast number of trees. Few of the dwelling-houses are elegant or tasteful but they all look comfortable and sufficiently homelike. Embowered by foliage, they have a singularly secluded air. Some of them might have more tidy surroundings, and a brighter, livelier, more hospitable look, but I remarked nothing particularly sombre, pagan, or polygamous about them. The poorest and smallest houses seemed to me an infinite advance on the homes of the English and Welsh laborers I had seen abroad. The little streams of clear mountain water running through all the streets, are a bright, peculiar feature; but pleasanter even than running water is the appearance everywhere of quiet industry, and brave enterprise, order and sobriety. Let us confess that this strange people, under their remarkable leader, have done a great work in reclaiming this region from the desolation and sterility of uncounted ages—in causing beauty and plenty to smile under the shadow of the dark mountains, and along the shore of the shoreless sea.

The only odd thing I have noticed in connection here is the new Tabernacle. Your eyes hits him on other edifice in the face on the march. So might have looked Noah's ark, built by those impelled and left high and dry on Ararat when the waters subsided. In the old Tabernacle, we yesterday attended a prayer-meeting, called by the Mayor, to raise money for the relief of the Chicago sufferers. There we saw BRIGHAM YOUNG, and I must confess to a great surprise. I had heard many descriptions of his personal appearance, but I could not recognize the picture so often and elaborately painted. I did not see a common, gross-looking person, with rude manners, and a drastic, sensual expression, but a well-dressed, dignified old gentleman, with a pale, mild face, a clear, gray eye, a pleasant smile, a courteous address, and with a patriarchal, paternal air, which, of course, he assumes rightly by. In short, I could see in his manner none of the gratuitous impudence that and the dark crimes charged against this mysterious, masterly, many-sided and many-named man. The majority of the citizens of Salt Lake present on this occasion were Mormons, and of those the very intelligent photographs of the local artist was a strange thing to see [illegible] to their customs. It either shows that they have underlying

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

No real estate was offered for sale at the Exchange yesterday, Oct. 23, and the only business transacted was a check sale of minor importance conducted by Albert H. Nicolay, at which the following securities were disposed of: 125 shares Harlem Gas Company, par value $50 each, sold at from 118¼ to 118¾ per cent; and 100 shares Hope Fire Insurance Company, par value $25 each, sold at 24¾ per cent. The same auctioneer, on the Exchange on Saturday last, at public auction, for $11,025, all the real and personal estate of the Ohio Building and Manufacture Company, embracing stationary boiler of land located in the town of Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio, with Serrette quarry, etc. Today, at the Exchange, the great sale of City and other real estate belonging to the Spofford estate, under the direction of the executors of the same, and conducted by H. H. Lubecke & Co., will occupy the attention of investors. A great deal of interest is felt in the proposed transactions, and the result will be definitely chronicled to-morrow. One or two other sales are in addition announced for the day, duly referred to in these columns Tuesday. In our report of sales for the week, published yesterday, by an error the sale of Northern sales at Scotch Plains, N. J., Johnson & Miller, Auctioneers, and at New-Brunswick, N. J., A. D. Merrick, Jr. & Brothers, auctioneers, both of which took place on Thursday, Oct. 19, were placed under the head of Saturday, Oct. 21. The convention is hereby modified. To-day, Oct. 23, the sale of lots in the Twelfth Ward of the City of Newark, N. J., it will be remembered, is to be continued today. The lots are valuable and sold well last week.

At private sale, D. D. Orrell, No. 261 Broadway, survey of Estate-street, reports having recently sold the property on the south-east corner of Broome and Mercer streets for $125,000 cash. The plot of ground is in size 25 by 56.8, and a first-class two store is to be erected on the premises. W. E. Hancock, No. 300 Fourth-ave., also reports having recently sold the four-story brick dwelling, with stable and lot, No. 37 West Forty-eighth-street, near Sixth-avenue—21.5 by 98—for cash. Considered a fair market price. The lot is a Columbia College leasehold. The following transfers of City property, to the value of $50,000, or over, have recently been placed on record in the Conveyancers' Office, as reported by the Real Estate Record, of Saturday, Oct. 21, and the list of records recorded leases is also appended:

TRANSFERS.

Stuyvesant-place, s. w. corner 10th-st., (East,) 25x75 ft. h. and l. Ann E., wife of Cornelius Bergen, of Queens, N. Y., to Valery Green, Oct. 19. $25,000

Ludlow-st., s. w. corner of Rivington-st., 25x75 ft. h. & l. Leopold Bahm to Chas. Sulzer, Oct. 19. 40,000

Mott-st., No. 192, w. s., 22x100, & 2 h. & l. John Schmidt to Nicholas McCool, Oct. 17. 37,000

Madison-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of Jefferson-st., 25x100, e. to Wm. Burnside Farley to Nathaniel Churchill, Oct. 19. 36,000

Quincy-st., w. s., 275 ft. n. of Hancock-st., 25x100, h. and l. Andrew Dorer, of Morris-st., to Mary H. Hotel, Oct. 19. 32,000

Madison-st., No. 65, s. s., 22x100.4, h. and l. Rebecca Bahm to Jacob Bahm, Oct. 17. 30,000

Ludlow-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of 11th-st., 25x92.6, h. and l. Cornelia A., wife of Samuel B. Hastings, of Brooklyn, to Jacob B. Devall, Oct. 19. 30,000

Mott-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of Grand-st., 25x92.6, h. and l. Pasquale, wife of John J. Bunchi, to Henry Rosenfeld, Oct. 19. 30,000

Madison-st., n. s., 50 ft. w. of Jefferson-st., 25x100, h. and l. Henry Rosenfeld, to Wm. F. Shaw and John Kinsella, mortgagees, Oct. 19. 27,000

Ludlow-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x100.4, h. and l. Henry McGoldrick to Octavia A. Patterson, Oct. 20. 26,000

Sixth-st., (No. 4 West,) s. s., 175 ft. e. of 5th-av., 18 x100.4, h. and l. Michael F. Hynes to Emilie Prentice, Oct. 19. 25,000

Sixth-st., (No. 4 West,) s. s., 157 ft. e. of 5th-av., 18 x100.4, h. and l. Michael F. Hynes to Emilie Prentice, Oct. 19. 25,000

Madison-st., n. s., 50 ft. e. of 6th-av., 18.8x100.4, h. and l. Henry Rosenfeld to Samuel C. Courtney, Oct. 19. 25,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 124 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x100.4, Martha, wife of Isaac L. Rothan, to Philip Schulhof, Oct. 19. 24,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 149 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x100.4, h. and l. Isaac L. Rothan, to Martha D. Smith, wife of Wm. R. Bishop, Oct. 19. 24,000

Sixth-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of 6th-av., 25x100.4, h. and l. Peter Jackson to Ann H. Steinmetz to Chas. G. Smith, Oct. 19. 27,500

Sixth-st., n. s., 50 ft. w. of 5th-av., 100x100.4, Jas. G. and Robert S. Lynd to Geo. W. De Cantel, Oct. 19. 25,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x100.4, Jas. Dougherty, wife of Joseph W. Duryea, Oct. 19. 25,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 11th-av., 100x100.4, and Sixth-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 11th-av., 100x100.4, Louis Lorillard to Mary Ann Lorillard, Oct. 19. 22,500

Sixth-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of 5th-av., 22.8x100, Nicholas Lorillard to John Lorillard, Oct. 19. 20,000

Madison-st., n. s., 150 w. 11th-av., 150x100; 150th-st., n. s., 100 w. 10th-av., 100x100, Simon West to William A. Wheeler, Oct. 17. 20,000

Lexington-av., w. s., 97 ft. n. 50th-st., 49x50; Lexington-av., w. s., 197 ft. n. 50th-st., 18.8x50; Lexington-av., w. s., 197.8 ft. n. 50th-st., 18.8x50; Adolf Huber to Chas. A. Rudolph, Oct. 19. 20,000

Madison-st., w. s., 25 ft. n. 103d-st., 18x75, h. and l. Ellen E. Ely to Rosanna, wife of Edw. F. Hulse, Oct. 19. 20,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 50 ft. e. of 10th-st., 25x92, h. and l. Edward V. Loew to David Loew, Oct. 11. 20,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 75.11 ft. e. of 10th-st., 25x92, h. and l. Dan'l Gunn to Henry Chesham, Oct. 11. 20,000

Sixth-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 10th-st., 25x92, h. and l. Rev. Alex. Hemmister, to Jeremiah, wife of John J. Bagshott, Oct. 17. 24,000

Madison-st., n. s., 25 ft. e. of centre line between 112th and 113th-sts., 25x100.4, Kate to Augustus H. Rockwell, Oct. 17. 23,000

Sixth-av., s. s., 51.3 ft. n. of 52d-st., 18x100, Chas. G. Havens to Benjamin F. Hayner, Oct. 17. 20,000

Sixth-av., w. s., 24.11 ft. of 52d-st., 24.8x100, Abra. Hayner to Chas. F. Bedell, Oct. 17. 20,000

Sixth-av., n. s., 50 feet 52d-st., 24x75, h. and l. Jacob, wife of John J. Bagshott, to Henry Newmeister, Oct. 17. 22,000

Sixth-av., s. s., corner 130th-st., 50x100, h. and l. Jas. Stalker, to Jeremiah Mahoney, mortgagee, $14,500—Oct. 11. 23,000

Sixth-av., e. s., 51.3 ft. n. of 52d-st., 51x100, Thomas A. Havens to Charles F. Loelle, of Charlestown, Mass., Oct. 17. 20,000

Sixth-av., w. s., 125 ft. n. of 128th-st., 25x100.11, Jas. Stalker to Jeremiah P. Martin, Oct. 17. 20,000

Sixth-av., e. s., 51 ft. n. of 52d-st., 50x75, h. and l., John Carroll to Mary A. Stafford, Oct. 14. 20,000

LEASES.

	Per year.
Broadway, No. 220, rooms 20 and 30, 1 year.	$1,000
Broadway, No. 220, rooms 24, 25 and 26, 1 year.	2,000
Canal-st., No. 51, store and 6 rooms, first floor, 3 years.	1,800
Canal-st., No. 204, 7 basement stores, 6 years.	1,200
Liberty-st., No. 144, 5 years.	1,200
4th-st., E. 149, 5 years.	2,100
Cortlandt-st., No. 61, 5 years.	1,500
Mercer-st., No. 22, 3 years.	1,000
Spring-st., No. 41, 3 years.	1,000
24-av., No. 2,202, 7 years; 1 year $2,000, 6 years.	2,000
Madison-av., No. 1,027, 3 years.	1,200
Wooster-st., Nos. 102, 104, 110 and 114, 6 floors, with power, 5 years.	4,800
26th-st., s. s., 197 ft. e. of 7th-av., 75.6x98.9, 15 years; 5 years $1,300, 5 years $1,600, 5 years.	1,400

CITY REAL ESTATE.

A NEW WELL-ARRANGED HIGH-stoop Brownstone front modern brown-stone dwelling, Madison-st., near Corlears-st., for sale cheap; very desirable for large family; very convenient to cars and stages; fine present, grand prospective value.
V. E. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

A—24 VALUABLE LOTS BETWEEN 9th-av. and St. Nicholas junction with 8th-av. and the Grand Boulevard, 100 feet wide; for sale low; fine present, grand prospective value.
V. E. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

$22,500 FOR FOUR-STORY, high-stoop, brown-stone house, No. 9 West 14th-st., on College lease; very desirable; $24,000 for a large room, suitable for small hotel, near 5th-av.; $21,000 beautiful house in 37th-st.
RIKER & CO., No. 64 West 23d-st.

$34,000.—NO. 107 WEST 48TH-st., ready to open all day for inspection, an elegant four-story stone house, 20x75x100; hard wood, marble halls, marble hall, bath, gas, hot water; a superior house; and very cheap.
HATCH & VAN DOREN, No. 425 6th-av.

FOR SALE—NEAR 8TH-AV., ON 14TH-st., a four-story thoroughly built new high-stoop brown-stone dwelling, with all the modern improvements; size 21x61; lot, 25 feet block; possession.
V. E. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 8TH-AV., BELOW 30TH-st., one of the finest portions of the park; a fully-rented house in the lower part of Washington-square; very desirable property; very cheap; terms easy. Apply to owner, E. WARD, Nos. 17 and 19 White-st.

A—FIRST-CLASS DESIRABLE new brown-stone corner and middle mansions (dwellings on 19th-st. (100 feet street,) convenient to Central Park; $7,000 and upward; for sale low.
V. E. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

FIFTH-AV., NEAR 34TH-ST.—A modernized house, deep dining-room, every modern convenience, possessor desiring wide street. For sale low. Possession.
V. E. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

$33,000 FOR A FOUR-STORY high-stoop, front, brown-stone house, 20 feet front, first-class location, between 5th and 6th-avs. Success should not fail to look at this.
RIKER & CO., No. 64 West 23d-st.

THE MOST DESIRABLE COUNTRY houses on Park-ave. now and unexcelled in location, convenience, and cheapness; terms on most easiest terms. E. S. DREW & CO., No. 75 Park-ave.

LOTS IN FAIRCHILD'S SINGLY, IN ALL parts of the City for sale. FRANK G. A. DAVISON BROWN, No. 160 Broadway.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW, WITH OR WITHOut furniture, a nice three-story and basement stone house, Atlantic, near Ft. Green-place, near Fulton-av., Brooklyn. Apply to W. F. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENtion of capitalists and investors to the purchase of some property in the lower part of Westchester County. We can offer for sale several pieces of from 10 to 100 acres near the Harlem River.
F. G. & D. BLOOD, No. 160 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A WANGARIN—BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN Home, the public, while they are absent in New-York business offices, and accessible by rail; delightfully situated; other objects in the best portion of Westchester; high ground; extra large lot, fruit and shade trees, lawn, gardens, etc. House is comfortable, roomy and material; modern design and fittings; situated on the path of extensive improvements, with a steady rise in value. All City conveniences combined with country air and healthy living; good neighbors, schools, and unexceptional society. Furniture in good shape.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

For view of premises and full particulars of property, address OWNER, Post-office Box No. 632, New-York.

Homes for All.

Four dwellings with steel beds, when completed, will cost, and forty-acre improvement must increase the value of every home on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, which leaves Jersey City every 1,000 Fares, &c., on the line, apply to A. D. HOPE, No. 110 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE, AT SING SING—A MOST desirable residence, with 10 acres, beautiful grounds; Apple house, two stables, with Mowers and reapers; twenty miles of river view, seven minutes' walk to depot; beautiful drives; fine fruit; 1½ miles from village; 1½ half an acre, well stocked with choice fruits, etc.; good barn; price $12,000. Apply to A. B. MILLS, Sing Sing, Hudson-st., New-York, or to J. W. BOBBINS, Real Estate Agent, Sing Sing. Also, who will show the premises; terms easy.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for one and a year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 263 Broadway, New-York; or Orange, Central Hotel, 4th and Clark-sts.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT NEAR Rhinebeck, Hudson River, with 40 acres of land; a beautiful place; cheap. Apply to owner, R. JAQUES, No. 203 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ECLECTIC HOUSE, GREEN Point, Long Island. Apply to owner, D. S. FLOYD, Greenpoint.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

HOUSEHOLD TWO-THIRDS YOUR Rent, and yet have a home—a home! Don't go to town all Winter in cold, comfortless boarding-house.

Don't believe the representations of agents, who will laugh if you go to the poor-house but take one of the well known City Manufacturing Company's houses, replete with all modern improvements, and be thoroughly warmed by hot air; twelve rooms; only twenty minutes from Wall-street by water, greatest convenience; on best street and most desirable location.

For engravings and further information apply to owner, A. M. CAPEN, No. 261 Broadway.

HOUSES TO LET IN BROOKLYN—Two of the convenient houses in Brooklyn, all modern improvements, Nos. 252 and 254 Halsey-st., opposite Bedford-av. Fulton-av. cars; always sure of a seat; 10 minutes' walk to Wall-st. ferry; rent $400 each. No. 11 Pine-st., New-York; rent $400. J. W. BARNUM, owner, No. 252 Halsey-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET ON STATEN ISLAND.—To let for the Winter, from 1st November, a large house, furnished, near the West Brighton Landing. Shore road rent, not low to a good tenant. Small family. Apply to Mr. RAYNOR, No. 117 William-st.

TO LET—ON THE BANKS OF THE HUDson, 105th-st., Bloomingdale, a dwelling-house, with barn and stable, and plenty of land for a garden, for eighteen months from the 1st of November next; a delightful suburban home, only 45 min. from the great Metropolis. Apply at No. 3 Bleecker-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND, NORTH shore, a cottage, well heated and thoroughly comfortable, with five acres of land, fine shade and fruit trees; vegetable garden; beautifully situated; only 45 min. from City; rent from November. Apply to WM. J. HALL, No. 52 Wall-st.

TO LET—AT FORT HAMILTON, (NEAR 3D-av. L. terminus,) only forty minutes from Wall-st. ferry, by Bayridge ferry-boat,) a handsome marble-Italian villa, with garden, coach-house, stabling, &c. Apply to EDWARD ARMSTRONG, Fort Hamilton, or of No. 48 Lonsdale-st., East Green.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN EAST 60TH-ST. to rent for the winter; 18 rooms, gas, furnace, bath, etc. No. 1 East 60th-st; rent, $200 per month; in good order, and completely furnished. For details, apply to M. A. J. LENCH & RUGH N. CAMPE, No. 208 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—RENT LOW TO APRIL.—Elegantly furnished residence complete; thirteen rooms; stable; grounds; near depot, churches and schools. Apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 8 Nassau-st., Specialty, Orange real estate.

TO LET—A NEAT BRICK HOUSE IN A good neighborhood, with every convenience and in good order; $1,000. Apply to J. P. WILLIAMS & SON, No. 216 West 23d-st., adjoining North River Savings Bank.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—Mount and lot No. 14 Harrison-st., near Washington, in a healthy and pleasant neighborhood; Terms moderate. Apply to FREDERICK CLARKSON, office No. 48, No. 14 Wall-st.

PART OF A HOUSE TO LET—FURnished or unfurnished, or good board for a gentleman and his wife, in a select private family, where there are no other boarders. Inquire. Terms Apply on the premises, No. 107 West 11th-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, MODERN THREE-story brown-stone house, with Hot-house; $300 per month; possession 1st of November. Inquire of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THE THREE-story house No. 149 West 35d-st.; to be sent from 1 until 2. No one admitted without a permit from JOHN T. IRVING, No. 31 Pine-st.

IN WASHINGTON, D. C.—A FIRST-class residence to let, fully furnished; all modern improvements; hot-house; stable; location unexcelled. Apply at No. 20 East 59th-st.

TO LET CHEAP FOR THE WINTER—A nicely furnished house, in Madison Park, at 27th-st. D. C. DEADLEY, No. 38 Park-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO LET—ONE OR TWO WORKSHOPS, 25 feet front, 40 feet deep, water and water-closet; one on the 3d floor, the other on the 5th; $15 each. Inquire of C. MYERS, No. 30 3d-av.

A LARGE FLOOR ON BROADWAY, corner, near Wall-st., suitable for a banking house, trust or insurance company, to lease; size 20x100 feet. Apply to E. R. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FINE LOFTS, 50 BY 100, WITH STEAM power, to let; suitable for light manufacturing purposes; good light. Apply at 55 and 57 Wooster-st.

DOCK PROPERTY AND BUILDINGS TO LET. Apply at the Sunnery, Kent-st., and Rodney-st., Williamsburg.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A FLOOR OF FIVE OR SIX rooms; Hot Light; housekeeping; for a family of four adults without children; terms low or will buy with the modern improvements. Address STABILITY, Box No. 108 Times Office.

A RELIABLE AND DESIRABLE small family want a centrally-located furnished house; rent not to exceed $1,000 per year. Apply at E. P. GOODALE, No. 5 West 23d-st., Fifth-avenue Hotel.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

O. H. FRISON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. HELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and Dealers in Non-Partisan Real Estate, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

ABSOLUTE SALE AT AUCTION OF SIX HUNDRED CHOICE VILLA PLOTS AND FARM HOUSE AND OUT-BUILDINGS, NEAR

MORRISANIA STATION,

THURSDAY, OCT. 26, 1871,

At 4 o'clock P. M., on the premises.

These lots are only one hour from New-York by the popular NORTHERN RAILROAD, ARE OF GREAT PROSPECTIVE VALUE,

TWENTY-ONE MILES OF NEW-YORK AND FIVE MINUTES' WALK FROM STATION, and a station of the Midland Railroad is to be put on the ground, you can choose your lots in the view and in the immediate vicinity of the favorite Morwood Hotel.

LUNCHEON on the ARRIVAL of the TRAIN.

Special trains will leave New-York, foot of 32d-st., at 9 A. M. Chambers-st., 11 A. M., on day of sale.

For maps, passes and full particulars, apply to A. D. HELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—FRANCIS E. HUMPHREY against JOHN GLASS and ISABELLA, his wife, and others.—In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of State of New-York, made in the above entitled action, I, John Y. Smith, Referee, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, the 24th day of October, 1871, at 12 o'clock noon, the premises in the said judgment named, viz., Lot No. 111 Madison-st., in the Eighteenth Ward, New-York, being 25 feet in front and 100 feet in depth. Dated New-York, Oct. 21, 1871.
JAMES E. COLEMAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
LOCKWOOD & CROSBY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

A. J. BLECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF ASTORIA PROPERTY—WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25, at 12 M., by order of Mortgagee, No. 17 Exchange-place, Corner Gold-st., Adjourn, next to corner of Main; lot 20x70; house 22x36; a comfortable residence for small family; sold for a large mortgage; sale of Mrs. Ann Davis, deceased. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

BELLEBELLEY FARM, ON THE NORTH ANNA RIVER, Spot County, adjoining Frederick Hall on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad in Louisa County, Va., for sale at auction.

By direction of the owner I will sell this valuable farm, 1,100 acres, on the 1st of November, 1871, at 12 o'clock M. Terms.—One-half cash, balance one and two years in negotiable notes, interest added, secured by a deed of trust. R. E. WEBSTER, Auctioneer.
No. 1,105 Main-st., Richmond, Va.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF PROPERTY ON BROADWAY, Fourth, Ninth Ave., West, Washington, 85th, 782, 786, 1127th, 116th, and 131st sts.

BEING PART OF ESTATE OF THE LATE PAUL SPOFFORD, ALSO In Harlem, Brooklyn, &c.

R. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Oct. 24, 1871, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,)

THE ST. JAMES HOTEL,

South-west corner Broadway and 26th-st.

BROADWAY.—No. 788, granite house and lot, 20x100 feet.

WOOSTER.—Nos. 97, 99 and 99½ Wooster-st., Nos. 49, 50 and 51, warehouses on entire plot, 56.10 feet on Wooster, 61.11 feet on Washington-st., by 100 feet deep.

WEST 46TH-ST.—No. 341; lot 16.8x92.6, adjoining Stable Avenue.

9TH-AV., 780 AND 782 9TH.—22 lots; Dwellings on 9th-av., 24x60, on each street, 100 feet.

EAST 117TH AND 118TH STS.—7 lots, 175 ft. east of Avenue A, each 25x100.11 ft., with two-story frame house and out-buildings.

1ST-AV.—A lots, entire west front between 120th and 121st streets, 250.10 feet; 250 ft. depth, with brick factory and out-buildings.

116TH-ST.—117th-st. north side, adjoining avenue lots, each 25x100.11 ft.

2D-AV.—2 lots, east side, 75 feet north of 116th-st., each 25x100.

3D-AV.—2 lots, east side, 50 ft. north of 116th-st., each 25x100.

1ST-AV.—3 lots south-east corner 122d-st., each 25.10x100.

1ST-AV.—4 lots west side, 50.5 ft. north of 118th-st., each 25.10x100 ft.

1ST-AV.—3 lots south side, between 116th-st. and Avenue A, 75 ft. east of Avenue A.

116TH-ST.—7 lots south side, 100 ft. west of 1st-av., 25x100.10 ft.

116TH-ST.—4 lots north side, 200 ft. east of 2d-av., 25x100.10 ft. each.

116TH-ST.—7 lots south side, 275 ft. east of 1st-av., 25x100.10 ft. each.

PACIFIC-ST., Brooklyn—No. 267, house and lot; 18.8x100 ft.

DIVISION-ST., Brooklyn—2 lots near Debevoise-av.; each 25x100 ft.

AVENUE C, Brooklyn—2 lots near Debevoise-av.; each 25x100 ft.

4TH AND 5TH AVS., BROOKLYN.—Brooklyn—6 lots and gores, being north half of block.

5TH-AV., Brooklyn—2 c. corner 6th-st., 72 lots.

Also, 19 lots, Fifth-st., Fifth-av., Debevoise-av., Richardson-st., North Henry-st., &c., &c., Brooklyn.

CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.—Pine-st., south side, part of lots 3 and 4, being 82x100 ft.; Ionia-st., east side, between Pearl and Cherry sts., lots Nos. 10, 14, 15 and 16, each 50x111 ft.; Division-st., e. s. corner Cherry-st., lot No. 10; Stanton-st., east side, lots Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 14, each 50x135 ft.

Township 5, N. R. 11 west, 40 acres, Indian earth mill, south-west quarter, section 21; and 40 acres, being south half, north-west quarter, section 22.

Township 5, N. R. 11 west, 40 acres, Indian earth mill, south-east quarter, section 21; and 40 acres, being south half, north-west quarter, section 22.

Terms of sale—Cash, one-third of purchase-money; one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage for three years, and two-thirds may remain on mortgaged property.

Maps and plots can be had on application at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

DEMERSEY'S SALE—BY ORDER OF MORTGAGEE, OF VALUABLE VILLA SITES ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, AND THIRTY-FOUR LOTS ON BROADWAY.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, THURSDAY, OCT. 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, No. 111 Broadway, by order of A. N. Ayres, Esq., Executor of Louisa Chittenden, deceased, twenty-six villa sites, situate on

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.

This property is the choicest and most desirable property on the Heights. It commands an extensive view of the Hudson River, Palisades, and the beautiful valley lying between the Heights and Harlem River; and for healthfulness of location, grandeur, beauty, and variety of scenery, is not surpassed by any property on New-York Island. The railway, now being laid out under the Commissioners, and which runs through the westerly portion of the property, will, when completed, afford the most beautiful and picturesque drive on the Island. The property is but a short drive from the CENTRAL PARK; also

THIRTY-FOUR LOTS

adjoining the above, on BROADWAY, and fronting on BROADWAY, which is to be widened to the width of 100 feet, making it one one of the best roads in the City. Terms to be made very easy with the purchaser, and very favorable terms as against mortgage.

Seventy per cent of the purchase-money may, at the option of the purchaser, remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

OFF FOR JERSEY.

THE LIVELIEST, SNAPPIEST, LITTLE STATE IN THE UNION, BY THE NEW-JERSEY CENTRAL, the best appointed, most reliable, and most accommodating railroad on the continent.

FREE PASSAGE TO JOHNSON & MILLER'S GREAT AUCTION SALE OF VILLA LOTS, ALONG THE SCOTCH PLAINS, FANWOOD, N. J., THURSDAY, OCT. 26, GRATULLAN'S FAMOUS BAND.

TRAINS LEAVE FOOT OF DESBROSSES-ST. Property only five minutes' walk from station. Best chance yet offered for improvement, investment or speculation. Everything should attend and every one should be there. Special train over New-Jersey Central Railroad leaves Forty-third-st. (Hoboken), New-York, at 11 o'clock, Thursday morning, Oct. 26, will stop at Elizabeth and Westfield for passengers. Free tickets and maps at office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 1 Broadway, New-York; No. 128 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

A. J. BLECKER, Auctioneer.

NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND, BUILDING SITES AT AUCTION, THURSDAY, OCT. 26.—Twenty lots, admirably located near the ferries in that beautiful suburb, where taxes are nominal, and improvements are progressing. Maps, &c., at office of A. J. BLECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., New-York.

A. J. BLECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

TODAY, OCT. 24, AT 12 M., AT THE Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the magnificent residence of Carroll Park, Brooklyn.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ORLANDO W. JOCELYN and JOHN Y. HOSTWICK, Bankrupts. Notice is hereby given that petitions have been filed in said Court, by Orlando W. Jocelyn and John Y. Hostwick, of the City of New-York, in said district, praying for a discharge from all their debts, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other relief as prayed for in said petitions; and that the 16th day of November, 1871, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Nicoll, Allen Ludlow and Edward Ely, Esq., No. 115 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the said petitions, and when all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and oppose the said petitions, if they have, why the prayer of the said petitions should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of October, 1871. GEO. P. BETTS, Clerk.
Chas. Le Baron, Atty.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN F. HAYDEN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against said Bankrupt, on the petition of Julius Hayden, of the City of New-York, of the County of New-York, and State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of one of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at No. 16 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1871, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.
GEORGE H. SHARPE, Marshal of Messengers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN W. HAYDEN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against said Court against the estate of Julius Hayden, of the City of New-York, of the County of New-York, and State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of one of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at No. 16 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1871, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.
GEORGE H. SHARPE, Marshal of Messengers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ISAAC A. CANFIELD and JOHN H. LIDGERWOOD, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned, Joseph Ketcham, of the Town of Hempstead, in the County of Nassau, and State of New-Jersey, hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Isaac A. Canfield and John H. Lidgerwood, of Morrisiana, in the County of Westchester, in said district, and that he will, to wit, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1871, adjudged bankrupts, upon the petition of themselves, by the District Court of said district, sitting at Morrisiana, the 25th day of October, A. D. 1871.
JOSEPH KETCHAM, Assignee.
No. 1 Jacob-st.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALEXANDER GEORGE and WILLIAM F. GEORGE, bankrupts.—In pursuance of an order made in this proceeding on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1871, the subscriber will, on the 15th day of November, 1871, at 10 o'clock M., at the bankers' rooms of Burdick & Dennis, No. 115 Front-st., in the City of New-York, sell the personal property of the bankrupts, consisting of jewelry, watches, and furniture, and horses.—Oct. 20, 1871. GEORGE H. SHARPE, United States Marshal.

BRUSHES, &C.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION at No. 84 Fourth-st., Eleventh Ward. All articles at the lowest factory prices. JOHN E. HOFFEL.

INSURANCE.

HANOVER FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 120 Broadway.

Cash Capital - - -	$400,000
Surplus, Oct. 1 - - -	350,000
Gross Cash Assets, Oct. 1, 1871 - - -	$750,000

The losses of so many companies have been underestimated, that to reassure our friends and the public, we thereby state that if every Policy in the burned district of Chicago proves a total loss, our hands will not amount to $300,000, leaving our surplus and our capital over $150,000.

B. S. WALCOTT, President.
I. REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 11 Wall-st.

CAPITAL	$150,000
SURPLUS	$125,000

OCT. 10, 1871.

THIS COMPANY, NOT HAVING LOST A DOLLAR BY THE LATE DISASTROUS FIRES, OFFERS RELIABLE INSURANCE AT FAIR RATES.

LIBERAL ADJUSTMENT AND PROMPT PAYMENT IN CASE OF LOSS.

JOHN C. WINANS, President.
JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

QUEEN INS. CO. OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Capital - - - $10,000,000

NO LOSSES IN CHICAGO.

U. S. OFFICE, NO. 117 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

WM. H. ROSS, Manager.

OFFICE OF REPUBLIC Fire Insurance Company, No. 153 Broadway, New-York, NEW-YORK, Oct. 10, 1871.

NOTICE.

The standing of this Company after paying all losses sustained by the recent conflagration in Chicago was as follows:

CAPITAL	$200,000
SURPLUS OVER	100,000
TOTAL ASSETS OVER	400,000

HOBART S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.
EDWARD ROWELL, Assistant Secretary.

TRADESMEN'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 168 Broadway.

BRANCH OFFICE, NO. 153 BOWERY.

ASSETS OCT. 18, - -	$600,000
LOSS IN CHICAGO, - -	95,000

T. Y. BROWN, Secretary. D. B. KEELER, President.

THE HOPE Fire Insurance Company, No. 92 Broadway, New-York.

CASH CAPITAL - - - -	$150,000
NET SURPLUS - - - -	70,000

DIRECTORS.

STEPH'N CAMBRELLING, ROBERT SCHELL, JACOB REESE, JOSEPH FOULKE, FRED. SCHLUCHERDT, WILLIAM H. TERRY, STEPHEN HYATT, WILLIAM REMSEN, THEODORE W. RILEY, HENRY S. LEVERICH, ING. W. MERSEREAU, LEBBEUS B. WARD, D. TYDIG SUYDAM, HENRY M. TABER, BRUSH R. LOURIEL, D. L. EGENSBRODT, JOSEPH GRAFTON, AMOS ROBBINS, ROBERT B. ROBERT, President.
JAMES E. MOORE, Secretary.

This Company loses nothing by the Chicago Fire, its business being confined to New-York City and immediate vicinity.

CLINTON FIRE INSURANCE CO., NO. 156 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL - - - -	$250,000.
SURPLUS, OCT. 1, 1871	160,162
NET CASH SURPLUS	410,162

THIS COMPANY LOSE NOTHING BY THE CHICAGO FIRE, and continues to insure on first-class risks at reasonable rates. This Company has no agents. JAMES R. AMES, President.
JOHN BARRY, Secretary.

RECHANICS' AND TRADERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 6 Wall-st. (Bank of New-York Building.)

Cash capital	$200,000
Surplus, Oct. 1, 1871	61,016
Unpaid losses	10,000
Gross amount at risk in and around Chicago	41,500
Surplus over capital after deducting Chicago losses	22,516

JAMES H. LOTT, President.
JOHN M. TOMPKINS, Secretary.

SHIPPING.

WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.
FIRST-CLASS FULL-POWERED STEAMSHIPS.
THE MAGNIFICENT FLEET IN THE WORLD.
Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor.
OCEANIC.....Oct. 28, 7 P.M.
From the White Star Dock, Private Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.
Saloons, staterooms, smoking-rooms and bath-rooms in midships section, where least motion is felt; gangways and communication amidships, these conveniences, &c., and all steerages, free from steam, &c., and all steerages free from steam, &c., and all steerage passengers can have the same privileges as cabin passengers, including stewardess, attendance, &c., and a surgeon.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Canada, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, Japan, &c.
Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.
Rates from $51 upward.
For passage, freight and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.
ISMAY, IMRIE & CO., No. 10 Water-st., Liverpool, and No. 7 East India-av., Leadenhall-st., London.

ANCHOR LINE.
Inclusive rate every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from
NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW,
Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.
Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all other points in Great Britain, Ireland, France, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, cheaply and quickly as by any other route.
THE NEW DEPARTURES.
FROM GLASGOW. FROM NEW-YORK.
Saturday, Oct. 7. ANGLIA. Tuesday, Oct. 24.
Wednesday, Oct. 4. SWEDEN. Wednesday, Oct. 25.
Saturday, Oct. 14. ALGERIA. Saturday, Nov. 4.
Saturday, Oct. 21. INDIA. Saturday, Nov. 11.
And every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY thereafter from Pier 20 North River, New-York, as follows:
Rates of passage, including meals and berths, as follows: Cabin, $80 and $90, according to location. Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, $140 and $160. Intermediate, $35; steerage, $30.
Certificates at lowest rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts on Ireland and Scotland payable on demand.
Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

CUNARD LINE.
THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
Scotia, Wednesday, Oct. 25 | Algeria, Saturday, Oct. 28
Russia, Wednesday, Nov. 1 | Cephalonia, Saturday, Nov. 4
Batavia, Wednesday, Nov. 8 | Olympus, Saturday, Nov. 11
Java, Wednesday, Nov. 15 | Scotia, Saturday, Nov. 18
Cuba, Wednesday, Nov. 22 | Algeria, Saturday, Dec. 2
RATES OF PASSAGE.
By Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage.
For Boston and Scotia.	By other Wednesday Ships.
Cabin.....$120, gold.	Cabin.....$100, gold.
Steerage.....$35, gold.	Second cabin.....$60, gold.
Return tickets, cabin.....$200 and $210, gold.	Steerage.....$30, currency.
Second cabin.....$120, gold.	Return tickets, second cabin.....$120, gold.
Steerage.....$35, currency.	Steerage.....$60, currency.
First cabin.....$80, gold.	Steerage.....$30, currency.
Return tickets, first cabin.....$150, gold.	
Tickets to Paris, $10, gold, additional.
Tickets to and from Hamburg, Havre, Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.
No. 32 Broadway, New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
PANA'S LINE TO
CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,
VIA PANAMA.
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHTS.
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.
Steamers leave 1st and 16th each month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
Oct. 30, Steamer MONING STAR, Capt. H. P. Cosmer, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon, for Aspinwall. Through tickets to France, with steamer SAINT NAZAIRE, Capt. S. Kerr, touching at Point Lavella, Vera Cruz, Havre and Saint Nazaire, and Liverpool, Eng., at the American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last named ports received until 4 P. M. of Oct. 27.
The fine steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco, Nov. 2, for Japan and China, touching at Honolulu. Freight and all further information apply at Company's office, on the pier, foot of Gansevoort-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS calling on the 20th of every month.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. R. L. THELEATADE, Nov. 20.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM.....Dec. 20.
BRAZILIAN, Capt. WIRE.....Jan. 20.
These steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, both going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to
C. H. HARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

U.S. MAIL, VIA HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock (P. M.), from Pier No. 4 North River.
MISSOURI, Capt. W. CRAM, Oct. 26.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. E. ADAMS, via Nassau, Nov. 2.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, Nov. 9.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 2 Bowling-green.

FOR PANAMA, P. R. R.
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Steamship COLUMBIA, Company's steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. E. ADAMS, will leave on THURSDAY, Oct. 26, at 3 o'clock P. M., punctually, from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 2 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, YUCATAN AND VERA CRUZ.
Regular mail steamer for Havana, Yucatan and Mexican ports, leaving Pier 11 N. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,) Tues., Oct. 24
CITY OF MERIDA, Dickens.....Saturd'y, Nov. 4
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,) Tues., Nov. 14
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman.....Friday, Nov. 24
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALLEMANY PICK, 45 Broadway.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can find time for one visit of a month, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in saving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of baggage, in the Custom-House, hotel accommodation, in a foreign country, travelling from inspection and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers can be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FIVE STEAMSHIPS WEEKLY.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
THE STEAMSHIPS
VIRGO, Capt. BUCKLEY, TUESDAY, Oct. 24, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 6 and 8 Bowling-green.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHESEBROUGH, SATURDAY, Oct. 28, from Pier No. 1 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 187 West-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. Hutchinson, SATURDAY, Oct. 28, from Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FARNSLOW, SATURDAY, Oct. 28, from Pier No. 12 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 40 West-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
C. G. LOWDEN, Agent, 27 Broadway.
GEORGE JONES, Agent C. R. R., No. 204 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States Passports obtainable by travelers issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 21 Dey-st., corner Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

Montclair Railway
OF
NEW-JERSEY,
(NOW NEARLY COMPLETED.)
7 PER CENT
FIRST MORTGAGE
GOLD BONDS,
INDORSED BY THE D. L. & W. MIDLAND CO.,
MAY BE HAD BY APPLICATION TO
LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.,
AND THE
MONTCLAIR RAILWAY CO.,
NO. 35 NASSAU-ST.

TUNNIS BROTHERS,
M. C. Tunnis, J. C. Tunnis, J. Tunnis, Jr., } BANKERS, { A. Tunnis, G. M. Tunnis, J. S. Decker.
No. 14 Nassau-st., N. Y.,
(Corner Pine-st., opposite United States Treasury.)
Interest allowed on daily balances. Certificates of Deposit issued available at all business centres.
Collections made with prompt returns. Stocks, Bonds, Gold, &c., bought and sold on commission. Advances made on approved securities.
Sight Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on San Francisco.
Desirable investment securities for sale.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.
DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

BANKING HOUSE OF
Geo. Opdyke & Co.
56 Nassau-st.,
CORNER OF CEDAR-ST.
FOUR PER CENT interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.
PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.
INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Governments, Gold, Stocks and other Securities.
COLLECTIONS WANTED IN CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other cities in the Western states.

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO.
Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Paris,
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
CORRESPONDENTS IN NEW-YORK,
MESSRS. MORTON, BLISS & CO.

$600,000
OF THE SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Principal due 1st January, 1895, and coupons payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July.
These bonds are the only mortgage lien on the railroad and property of the company, and are for less than $12,000 per mile.
The gross receipts of the company for 1870 amounted to $1,400,000; operating expenses and taxes, $1,000,000, leaving a net income of $400,241 71, or $40,241 71 in excess of the annual interest of Seven Per Cent. on $3,500,000 of the mortgage bonds.
The South Carolina Railroad is one of the earliest built railroads in the United States, and has ever been managed with care and integrity, and the interest payment of the company at least, is a matter of reputation. We recommend its mortgage bonds to investors with the assurance of their being a first class security.
The above are offered for sale by the undersigned at 90 per cent.
JAMES HORN, KING & CO.,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York City.

REDEMPTION OF BONDS.
HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Sealed proposals will be received until Jan. 1, 1872, for the sale to the undersigned Trustees of $146,000 of the sinking fund bonds of the Houston and Texas Central Railway Company, also of $40,000 of the bonds of the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway, which are accepted will be redeemed of the same without delay.
SHEPHERD KNAPP,
WM. WALTER PHELPS, } Trustees.
No. 30 Broad-st., Boston, New-York City.

MONEY TO LOAN
On improved real estate in New-York and Brooklyn, in sums to suit.
ALBERT H. SEAFORD,
No. 12 Pine-st., Room No. 2.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 60 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE LETTERS OF CREDIT TO TRAVELERS AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD, THROUGH THE
MESSRS. DE ROTHSCHILD
and their correspondents.
Also, make telegraphic transfers of money on California, Europe and Havana.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 7 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers, a 6 Per Cent.
MUNROE & CO., No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris, and ALEXANDERS, CUNLIFFE & CO., No. 10 Lombard-st., London.

SHAFER PARK OIL COMPANY.
OFFICE NO. 36 LIBERTY-ST.
The annual meeting for the election of Trustees will be held at this office on SATURDAY, Nov. 4, next, from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M.
D. S. ARNOLD, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID for Gold, Silver, Government Securities, State Securities, by WM. A. GUEST, No. 32 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Nos. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST.
Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000
Pays Four per Cent. Interest for Annum on Deposit, Subject to Check at Sight.
Pays Five Per Cent. Interest For Annum on Special Deposits Remaining Six Months or Longer.
D. R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President.
B. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
TRUSTEES:

DARIUS R. MANGAM,	WILLIARD IVES,
HORACE WINSLOW,	JACOB S. CARTER,
S. H. WITHERBEE,	OLIVER CARPENTER,
THOMAS CHRISTY,	JOHN H. V. ARNOLD,
WM. M. EVARTS,	ROBERT A. FORSYTH,
GEORGE SUCKHAM,	DANIEL S. APPLETON,
LEWIS J. PHILLIPS,	ROBERT H. BERDELL,
WILLIAM E. ALLEN,	HENRY C. CARTER,
SARAH STEVENS,	WM. B. SHATTUCK,
JOSEPH FOOL,	THOS. W. SEARNSON,
NAPOLEON J. HAINES,	THOMAS B. READ,
JOHN H. GEGIL,	ALFRED S. DARLING,
BARNET L. SOLOMON,	GEORGE A. FELLOWS,
BENJ. F. BANCROFT,	WM. S. WHITLOCK,
THOMAS CORNELL,	JAMES MERRELL,

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO 25 NASSAU-ST.,
offer for sale the following desirable securities:
New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds at par and interest.
New-Jersey Midland Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds, (guaranteed by the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad,) at 95 and interest.
Montclair Railway First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds, (guaranteed by the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad,) at 95 and interest.
St. Louis and South-eastern Railway First Mortgage 8 per cent. Gold Bonds, at 95 and interest.
Montgomery and Eufaula Railroad First Mortgage 8 per cent. Gold Bonds, indorsed by the State of Alabama, at 85 and interest.
Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska Railway First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds, at 90 and interest.
Indianapolis and Vincennes Railroad Second Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds, (guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad,) at 80 and interest.
Gallatin County, Illinois, 7 per cent. Bonds, (interest payable semi-annually in New-York by State of Illinois, at 82½ and interest.
White County, Illinois, 8 per cent. Bonds, (interest payable semi-annually in New-York by State of Illinois,) at 92½ and interest.
Clark County, Missouri, 8 per cent. Bonds, at 90 and interest.
Clark County, Missouri, 7 per cent. Bonds, at 82½ and interest.
Jefferson, Texas, 10 per cent. Bonds, (issued for municipal purposes,) at 92½ and interest.

$150,000 NEW-JERSEY
INVESTMENT
VINELAND RAILWAY BONDS.
$16,000 per mile. Seven per Cent., free of tax; interest due April and October. Principal payable 1890.
The undersigned offers the unsold balance of the First and only Mortgage Bonds of the Vineland Railway Company, the entire Loan being $750,000.
The line begins at the terminus of the New-Jersey Southern Railroad, and extends to the Delaware River, is 47½ miles, and traverses the garden of New-Jersey—almost the entire length passing through a rich and cultivated country,—the products of which will be brought to Philadelphia and New-York by this line.
The flourishing towns of Vineland and Bridgeton are on the route.
On the opposite shore of the Delaware River the Smyrna Road is constructing, and will form a part of a through line to Baltimore.
Thirty-seven miles are now operated, and the remaining ten miles will be laid by Sept. 30.
The road-bed is most surpassed in the United States. Traffic constantly increasing.
The investment is secure beyond question. For a short time the price will be 88 and accrued interest.
H. G. MARQUAND,
NO. 120 BROADWAY.

FOR SALE.
CHOICE
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,
PAYING FROM
TEN TO TWELVE PER CENT.,
FREE OF ALL TAXES.
INTEREST COUPONS PROMPTLY PAID SEMI-ANNUALLY IN NEW-YORK.
FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES, OF UNDOUBTED CHARACTER, BELOW PAR.
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES RECEIVED IN EXCHANGE AT THE BEST RATES, AND BONDS PURCHASED BY OUT-OF-TOWN RESIDENTS SENT BY EXPRESS FREE OF CHARGE.
TRUSTEES, EXECUTORS OF ESTATES, CAPITALISTS, AND OTHERS SEEKING RELIABLE INVESTMENTS, ARE PURCHASING THESE LOANS.
ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF OTHER SECURITIES FOR SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS AT LOW RATES. FOR SALE BY
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
BANKER, STOCK AUCTIONEER, DEALER AND BROKER IN MUNICIPAL BONDS,
NO. 42 PINE-ST.
N. B.—FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES, PAYING LARGE RATES OF INTEREST, A SPECIALTY WITH THIS HOUSE FOR MANY YEARS.

Holders of Five-Twenties
WHO WISH TO INCREASE THEIR INCOME
WITHOUT RISK,
Can obtain from us any of the best descriptions of Railroad Bonds for cash, or in exchange for Government Securities. We have the Bonds of the
Rondout and Oswego Railroad
FOR SALE.
These bonds are in good demand, and we recommend them as safe and most remunerative. The popularity of these Bonds is partly due to the fact that the interest is not paid out of capital, as has been done by some other home enterprises. The Rondout and Oswego Railroad Company are doing a prosperous business. The net earnings of the road already amount to 10 per cent. on all the Bonds as to be issued. Fifty miles are now in operation, and the remaining fifty miles will be opened next Summer, fifteen miles being almost finished. The road passes through a rich agricultural district heretofore shut out from railroad facilities; its local traffic is, and will be, good; while its connections will give it a large through traffic, however, the great lakes and deep water navigation on the Hudson. The natural advantages of the road to this City allows its true condition to be examined and thoroughly known by the Capitalist. By procuring these Bonds in exchange for Five-twenties, he will add to his capital more than 25 per cent., while to his income he adds more than 47½ per cent.
EDWARD NAIGHT & CO.,
No. 2 Wall-st.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS,
No. 59 Wall-St., New-York,
RECEIVE DEPOSITS subject to check at sight, on which INTEREST is allowed at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.
Checks drawn on us are received on deposit by all the City banks.
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, payable on demand.
GOVERNMENTS, GOLD, STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on commission.
SCHOOL DISTRICT BONDS.
The surest and most remunerative of bond investments.
ALSO, OTHER SAFE AND DESIRABLE Eight Per Cent. Bonds at 76 and interest. Ten Per Cent. Bonds at 87½ and interest.
FITCH & ELLIS, Bankers, No. 11 Pine-st.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—Certificates issued by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., corner William-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE.
One pair of dapple-gray horses, 16½ hands.
One pair of brown horses, 15½ hands.
One of the above very quiet and stylish.
One pair of "Black Alley" horses, 15½ hands; calculated to sell in the park.
Also, several pairs of very fine and stylish carriage horses.
M. S. QUERY'S,
Stables Nos. 148 and 150 East 26th-st.

A PONY ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—Pony, dark bay, 12½ hands, eight years old, flowing mane and tail; backed phaeton and harness; has been used by a lady and children; is warranted safe and kind in all harnesses. Apply at private stable, No. 108 East 26th-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE PRETTIEST stylish carriages or coupe horses in the City. (coll. dun.) 15½ hands high, six years old; kind; in all harness. Can be seen at J. EINAMS, No. 187 1st-av., butcher's shop.

FOR SALE—A POWERFUL IRON-GRAY mare, seventeen hands high, six years old, sound and kind. Apply at No. 187 1st-av., butcher's shop.

HORSE BLANKETS—HORSE BLANKETS for carriage and stable use; lay robes of all styles; the best goods in the market, at low prices. MAGNUS BROTHERS, No. 104 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE—A BAY HORSE, 15½ HANDS high, good for carriage or family horse. Inquire of J. M. EDGAR, No. 265 West 14th-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

MRS. F. W. PUTNAM,
No. 2 West 27th-st., will have a suite of rooms (handsomely furnished) to rent, with private table, the 1st of November.

ROOMS EN SUITE AND SINGLY, WITH board or without, in all desirable parts of the City, from the plain, low-priced, to the most elegant. Full description, prices, &c., free. Real Estate and Insurance Office, 1,371 Broadway, second door below 38th-st.

BOARD.—TWO VERY PLEASANT ROOMS (second floor) may be had at No. 49 East 21st-st., between Broadway and 4th-av. Location unexceptionable.

NO. 117 EAST 19TH-ST., NEAR 4TH-av.—Very handsomely-furnished parlor floor to let en suite or separately to gentleman or gentleman and wife; breakfast if required; reference.

PLEASANT ROOM, WITH OR WITHOUT board, in private family, for gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen; terms very low. Call at No. 131 West 10th-st.

NO. 28 WEST 19TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or singly, for a party of gentlemen or family, with first-class board.

A SMALL FAMILY DESIRES TO let, without board, two nicely furnished rooms to gentlemen; terms low; neighborhood good. Call at No. 202 West 15th-st., near 8th-av.

NO. 78 ST. MARKS-PLACE.—CHOICE apartments, in a private family, can be obtained at a lower price than elsewhere.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT AND WELL-furnished rooms for gentlemen and their wives, and single gentlemen, with board, at 265 West 30th-st.

AT MRS. A. WYCKOFF'S, NO. 251 4th-av., one suite of rooms to party of adults, with or without private table.

A NICE FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentlemen; first-class house and location, bath, &c.; rent $3 per week. No. 216 East 104th-st.

NO. 49 EAST 26TH-ST.—A LARGE AND a small room to let, with or without board, to gentlemen; near Fifth-avenue Hotel.

YORKVILLE.—TWO OR THREE FINE rooms in first-class house, with board, at No. 151 East 92d-st.

A HANDSOME SUITE OF APARTMENTS, on third story, with first-class board, to let. Apply at No. 107 West 46th-st.

NO. 21 WEST 31ST-ST.—A SECOND floor to rent, with or without table; also, rooms for gentlemen; references exchanged.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, with board, for one or two gentlemen, at No. 107 Bedford-st. Terms reasonable.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 237.—PARLOR AND third floor together if desired, with private table; references required.

NO. 50 WEST 25TH-ST.—TO LET, WITH unexceptionable board, two large, sunny rooms on the third floor. References exchanged.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARD AT ARMENIA SEMINARY, Amenia, N. Y., until Sept. 20. Direct rail by Harlem cars. Send for prospectus.
S. T. FROST, A. M., Principal and Proprietor.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 70 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1871.
THE COUPONS AND REGISTERED Interest of the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, due Nov. 1, 1871, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, at the banking-house of Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.
The transfer-books for bonds, registered coupons detached, will be closed Oct. 28, and reopened Nov. 1.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, President.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1871.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this bank, free of all taxes, has this day been declared, payable to shareholders on and after the first day of November next. The transfer-books will be closed from the 26th inst. until the 1st proximo.
N. AMERMAN, Cashier.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1871.
A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. and an extra one of one per cent. are declared on the capital stock of this bank, payable on and after 1st November. The transfer-books will be closed from this date, and reopen on the 2d November.
E. WILKSON, Cashier.

THE COUPONS OF THE NEW-YORK and Oswego Midland Railroad, Second Mortgage, and Second Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds due Nov. 1, 1871, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, on presentation at the banking-house of George Opdyke & Co., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.
D. C. LITTLEJOHN, President.
OSWEGO, Oct. 21, 1871.

THE COUPONS OF THE ST. LOUIS and South-eastern Railroad First Mortgage, 7 per Cent. Gold Bonds, due Nov. 1, 1871, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, on presentation at the banking-house of George Opdyke & Co., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.
E. F. WINSLOW, President.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 21, 1871.

THE INTEREST DUE NOV. 1, 1871, on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Newark, Somerset and Straitsville Railroad, will be paid on and after that date at the office of the Union Trust Company in New-York.
T. J. DAVIS, President.

SAVINGS BANKS.

A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK,
Chartered by the United States,
No. 185 BLEECKER-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. interest compounded first of every month, payable in January and July. Four per cent. allowed from date of each deposit for full number of days, not less than thirty, on sums of $50 and upward withdrawn before January. Send for circular.
JOHN J. ZULLIG, Cashier. M. J. HARRIS, Manager.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NOS. 33 and 35 Bowery, Corner Canal.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST on $5 to $5,000.
ASSETS, $10,064,887 74.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 5TH-av., corner of 14th-st. Six per Cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 1 will draw interest from Oct. 1.
Assets, $3,078,167 93. Surplus, $301,823 96.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Rue de Rivoli.
General reduction of prices.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Seven hundred drawing-rooms and bedrooms, elegantly furnished, at from 3 francs.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Breakfasts at 3 francs 50 centimes, wine included.
From 10 A. M. till 11 P. M.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Dinners at 5 francs, wine included, Daily, at 6 P. M.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Reduction throughout.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLARER, STAIN MARBLE AND MARBLE MANTELS, 1,281 and 1,283 Broadway. Marble and inlaid tiles, marble counters, monuments, gilded clocks, daily completion. Mortgages taken in trade.

S. KLARER & CO., NO. 963 WEST 34th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.—Marble and marbelized mantels, monuments, headstones; large varieties; cheapest in City.

FINANCIAL.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY COMPANY.
CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sept. 26, 1871.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of this Company, that they will have the privilege of subscribing for new stock in the proportion of one share for every five, and one share for every fraction of five shares greater than four, held and registered in their name Oct. 26, 1871, to be paid for at the rate of seventy-five cents on the dollar.
Subscriptions will be received, and the first installment of fifty cents will be payable between the 1st day of November and 1st day of December, 1871. Second installment of fifty per cent. will be payable on the 1st day of February, 1872, and if not paid on or before that date, the right to the stock subscribed for will cease.
If stockholders prefer, the whole amount can be paid at the time of subscription. Interest at 6 per cent. will be allowed on all paid installments, at which time certificate of stock will be issued. This interest will be paid with the February dividend.
Stockholders registered in New-York will subscribe and pay at the office of the United States Trust Company, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York; all others at the office of the Treasurer in Cleveland, Ohio.
Subscriptions will be received from Dec. 1, 1871.
The transfer books will close Oct. 26, and reopen Nov. 2, 1871.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEO. H. RUSSELL, Treasurer.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MISS WILSON TO-MORROW.
SECOND SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT OF THE STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.
TO-MORROW (Wednesday) EVENING, Oct. 25,
THE TROVATORE.
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON in her unrivaled role of MARGUERITE.
Miss ANNIE LOUISE CARY (first appearance in Europe in opera in New-York).....Sisters
Mons. V. CAPOUL (first appearance in New-York).....Paris
Mons. BARRE (first appearance in New-York).....Valentine
Mons. JOSEF SAMEC (first appearance in New-York).....Bourbon
ON FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, 1871,
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON, as Lady Harriotte.
Miss CARY.....CAPOUL.....TAMET.
ON SATURDAY, Oct. 28, at 8 P. M.
FIRST GRAND NILSSON MATINEE.
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON as LUCIA.
SMONDAY EVENING, Oct. 30, at 8.
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON will appear for the first time as VIOLETTA in LA TRAVIATA.
GRAND CHORUS AND ENCHANTED ORCHESTRA.
MAX MARETZEK, Musical Director and Conductor.
General admission, $1. Reserved seats, $3 and $4, according to location. Family circle, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Seats in private boxes and the front rows of balcony, $5 each.
MATINEE PRICES.—General admission, $1; reserved seats, $3 and $4; dress-circle boxes, $20; upper boxes, $14.
The regular ticket offices for securing seats are the Academy, also Nos. 708 and 714 Broadway, New-York.
THE STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.
at the Brooklyn Academy,
THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 26, at 8 o'clock.
LA FAVORITA.

WACHTEL MATINEE.
WACHTEL FIRST GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY, OCT. 28, AT 2 O'CLOCK,
At the STADT THEATRE, No. 45 Bowery.
THE POSTILLION DE LONJUMEAU.
The GREAT WACHTEL as the POSTILLION.
WACHTEL, the GREATEST POSTILLION living, in his terrible scene in the POSTILLION.
Admission to balcony, $1 50; reserved seats, $2. Admission to parquet, $1; reserved seats, $2. Box seats in balcony, $3; in parquet, $3. Family circle, 75c. Gallery, 50c. Sale of seats commences on Wednesday, at Stadt Theatre, and at the Central Branch Office, Hall's music store, No. 763 Broadway.

WACHTEL, WACHTEL, WACHTEL!
WACHTEL IN WILLIAM TELL.
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25, at the STADT THEATRE.
WACHTEL in his greatest role of TELL.
Miss CANISSA, the distinguished Prima Donna, has been engaged to sing the role of MATILDE.

OPERA BOUFFE, OPERA BOUFFE.
LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE, 728 BROADWAY.
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Oct. 24,
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF
LA PERICHOLE.....WITH AIMEE
TO-MORROW.....for the last time.
THURSDAY, Oct. 26,
FLEUR DE THE.....WITH AIMEE
Costumes and scenories entirely new.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
THIS EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
THE OCTOROON,
with Mr. and Mrs. JOHN E. HALL and full company, and the new drama, in three acts, entitled the
GUN-MAKER OF MOSCOW,
TO-DAY AT 2 P. M.,
THE GYPSY FARMER,
and farce of
LONG BROTHER JOHN,
in which the Bermuda giant MAJOR LANG, and the dwarf, COL. STOCKING, will appear.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES, 1871-72.
The Directors announce the following course of lectures to be given at
STEINWAY HALL.
Oct. 27—Secretary BOUTWELL—Present Questions Affecting Public Prosperity.
Nov. 6—OLIVE LOGAN—Nice Young Men.
Nov. 20—Senator SCHURZ—Civil Service Reform.
Dec. 12—FREDERICK DOUGLASS—San Domingo.
Dec. 26—WENDELL PHILLIPS—A new lecture; subject to be announced hereafter.
Jan. 24—MARK TWAIN—Un-Commonplace Characters I have Chanced to Meet.
Lectures to commence at 8 o'clock.
Course tickets, with reserved seats, $5 each; without reserved seats, $3 50 each; tickets for single lecture, with reserved seats, $1 each; without reserved seats, 50 cents each; for sale at E. P. Dutton & Co.'s, No. 713 Broadway, and at the library.
W. A. SHERMAN,
Chairman of the Lecture Committee.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MR. GEORGE DOLBY'S
BALLAD CONCERT,
FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 27,
SANTLEY!
SANTLEY!! SANTLEY!!!
EUROPE'S GREATEST BARITONE,
and the following eminent artists, all of whom have received the highest encomiums from the Press of all Europe, New-York and Boston:
Miss EDITH WYNNE, Soprano.
Mme. PATEY, Contralto.
Mr. W. H. CUMMINGS, Tenor.
Mr. J. G. PATEY, Basso.
Mr. LINDSAY SLOPER, Pianist and Director.
POSITIVELY ONLY ONE CONCERT.
Admission, $1; reserved seats to orchestra and 1st circle, according to location; gallery, 50 cents.
The sale of reserved seats will commence on TUESDAY, the 24th inst., at the box-office of the Academy.

PAREPA-ROSA IN ORATORIO.
AT STEINWAY HALL,
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, OCT. 24.
The MENDELSSOHN UNION have the honor of announcing that they have succeeded in perfecting an engagement with Mr. CARL ROSA, by which
Mme. PAREPA-ROSA
the Queen of the Oratorio, will appear on this occasion only in Handel's Grand Oratorio, THE MESSIAH, together with Mrs. BELDA SE

THE QUEEN'S CUP.

Another Race Won by the Sappho and the Match Decided.

Notice from Mr. Ashbury—He will Sail Over the Course Twice More—A Match with the Dauntless for a Fifty-Guinea Cup.

The fifth race of the series of matches for the Queen's Cup was sailed yesterday over the regular regatta course of the New-York Yacht Club. The steamer *Seth Low* left the foot of Rector-street at 9 A. M., and with the Committee and members of the Press on board, arrived off Quarantine about 10. The easy way in which the *Sappho* achieved her Saturday victory had a very great favorite, and it was generally expected that she would be selected again for the New-York Yacht Club had already won three races, and only required one more to secure the possession of the cup, the excursion steamers reaped a rich harvest, as each that chartered were drawing to a close, when body was anxious to be where the exciting scenes should occur.

The yachts, viz., the *Sappho*, *Dauntless*, *Vesper*, *Magnolia*, *Madeline* and *Andrew Fletcher*, arrived off Quarantine, each laden with a heavy cargo of human freight. There was a larger attendance yesterday than has been seen during any of the previous races. At 10¼ the *Seth Low* steamed alongside the *Sappho*, and the Committee announced that she was to start. They went to the *Livonia* and told Commodore ASHBURY that the *Sappho* had been selected, and gave him his choice to have either a flying start, or from an anchorage. The Commodore selected the latter. The Committee acted liberally in choosing a big boat like the *Sappho* to sail over the regular course, and also in giving Mr. ASHBURY his choice as to starting. They then tossed for choice of positions, and Mr. ASHBURY won, and selected inshore, as it was windward. The *Sappho* then anchored between the *Livonia* and the stakeboat. The preparatory signal was given from the *Seth Low* at 11:15, and five minutes after she ran up her flags and blew a whistle as a signal. There was a pleasant working breeze from the west, south-west, and the tide was about the last of the ebb. The *Livonia* was the first to get moving, and started off at about eight knots an hour, with main and foresail, jib-headed main topsail, jib and foretopsail set. She had her foretopmast housed. The *Sappho* made a short stretch inshore on the port tack, and as soon as she had got a little way on, tacked, and, going on the starboard tack, followed after the *Livonia*, but not before the Englishman had got a clear half-mile start, and lost three and a half minutes' time. The *Sappho* looked very pretty with this snapper breeze, and under main and foresail, main and fore topsails, flying-jib, jib and foretopsail. As soon as the *Sappho* got well down to her work, it became distinctly apparent how fast she was accelerating the lead ground, and if Port Richmond, she was only two minutes behind, and coming up on the *Livonia* hand over hand. The *Dauntless* here joined in the fun, accompanied by the *Madeline*, *Resolute*, *Tidal Wave* and *Magic*. The steamers were very well behaved, and kept off to leeward. Of Quarantine Island the *Sappho* was only a minute behind, and the *Dauntless* about 300 yards in her wake. The *Livonia* was kept hanged up to the wind very close, and as the *Sappho* found she would have a little bother passing her to the windward, she started her sheets and shot by to the leeward at 11:50, having gained three and a half minutes in a thirty-minute sail. Of the Hospital ship the *Sappho* had a clear lead of three lengths, and was widening the gap every minute. The *Livonia* did not appear to be sailing at all well, and several of the outside yachts were giving him all he wanted. The *Sappho* took in her small jib just before turning Buoy No. 10, at the South-west Spit, and after getting round sent up a big jib, and being hoisted her main and running dead before the wind. The *Livonia*, as she came up, set her main topmast staysail, and shot round Buoy No. 10 about two minutes later. The yachts turned the South-west Spit at the following time:

	H.	M.	S.
Sappho	12	15	11
Livonia	12	24	30

Both yachts now came in the direction of the Rock wing and wing. The *Livonia* had sent up her foretopmast, and after taking in the headed mainsail, sent up a square-headed topsail to the main and fore. The Rocks joined in for a mile and a half, and waiting till the *Livonia* had got fairly by, followed after, running wing and wing. Just before reaching the South-west Spit, the *Dauntless* ran aground off the West Bank, and was nearly an hour getting off. The *Fredonia* was also out, and showed some good qualities, and, having a good start, was the first to go by the lighting, after which she stood away to the southward. The *Sappho* came up shortly afterward, and, bringing her foresail over to the starboard side, rounded the light-ship from the eastward, and went on the same tack, close hauled. The *Resolute* came shortly afterward, having beaten the *Livonia* on the run up. The following table gives the time of the twelve minutes later, and stood to the southward on the starboard tack. The competing yachts rounded the light-ship as follows:

	H.	M.	S.
Sappho	1	22	45
Livonia	1	24	22

The *Sappho* made a stretch of about two miles on the port tack, and was followed by the *Livonia* at 1:31, having only stood about a quarter of a mile on the starboard tack. The wind had now died away considerably, and there was not more than a five-knot breeze. On the port tack the *Livonia* kept steadily away in the direction of Coney Island, and although it was said she was going for the flood tide, it appeared more as if she was trying chances for a more favorable breeze. The *Sappho* was about three miles to windward of her, but finding the wind begin to head her off shore, she tacked at 2:22 and stood in for the point of the Hook. The *Livonia* tacked at 2:27, and stood on the starboard tack, and after a short stretch tacked again at 2:31. The *Sappho* by this time was a good four miles ahead. The *Resolute* was also doing remarkably well, and beating the *Livonia* badly. The *Sappho* tacked at 2:43, and after making a short board went about again at 2:57¼, and weathered the Hook. After the *Sappho* had passed inside the Hook she went on the port tack for a short stretch, and starting for the South-west Spit set her balloon jib topsail and balloon staysail, flying along about 14 knots an hour passed the Buoy No. 10 in glorious style at 3:12¼. The *Livonia* was now hopelessly beaten, and had not the remotest chance of winning. The *Sappho*, however, at 3:20 and stood in for the Hook, and after weathering that point tacked again at 3:35, and after a short stretch went on the port tack at 3:37 and passed the South-west Spit a few minutes later with all canvas set. In the meanwhile the steamers were having a great race hunting up the *Sappho*, and this flyer gave them all they could do. There was not much more interest in the race now, and Mr. ASHBURY must have been thoroughly satisfied with the decided superiority of the *Sappho* over the *Livonia*. After passing through the NARROWS under the shelter of the land the breeze lightened up a little and enabled the *Seth Low* to pass the *Sappho* and get to the stake-boat soon enough to take her time. The *Sappho* passed the stakeboat nearly half an hour ahead of the *Livonia*, who was also beaten badly by the *Resolute*. The following is the official time of the yachts:

	Arrival. H.	M.	S.	Time. H.	M.	S.	Corrected Time. H.	M.	S.
Sappho	3	30	1	4	30	1	4	30	17
Livonia	4	25	42	5	4	42	5	11	44

Shortly after the arrival of the *Livonia*, Commodore ASHBURY sent a letter to Secretary OSAR A. MINTON, of the Committee of Five, which reads as follows:

LIVONIA, Oct. 24.

To the Sailing Committee of the New-York Yacht Club:

GENTLEMEN: I assume that I am right as to the precise value of my protest regarding race No. 2. I now claim the exclusive position of the series for the possibility of winning two races, in which case I should be ready, as already intimated, to sail the *Livonia* off at first, on Wednesday for race No. 3, if the Committee decide to entertain my claim; if not, I hereby give you notice that I shall sail twenty miles to windward and back, or to leward, at the same course, and at nearly the same time, if you to send a member of the Club on board to see the rules of the Club are complied with. If no competing yacht is at the station, the *Livonia* will sail over the course, as also on Wednesday, the 25th, at the same time. Please clearly understand that the continuation of the races will be without prejudice to your decision as to my protest of race No. 2.

Yours truly,
JAMES ASHBURY.

The Committee having already decided against Mr. ASHBURY's protest for race No. 2, they concluded that he might sail over the course as often as he pleased, but as they had won four races out of the seven, they did not deem it necessary to sail any more races. Commodore BENNETT then telling Mr. Commodore ASHBURY was determined to sail over the course, and being anxious to test the speed of the *Dauntless* with the *Livonia*, sent Mr. ASHBURY a challenge for an outside match over the same course for a fifty-guinea cup. Mr. ASHBURY accepted the challenge on the condition that Mr. BENNETT sailed under the time allowance regulations of 1870. Commodore BENNETT being anxious for a race, very pluckily accepted, although if the race is made in five hours, the *Dauntless* will have to allow the *Livonia* about seven minutes. The *Virginia Seymour* will leave the foot of Desbrosses-street at 9 A. M. this morning. The *Livonia* and *Dauntless* will sail a second race for the same amount and under the same rules, on Wednesday. The *Dreadnought* and *Dauntless* are to sail twenty miles to

[illegible] Hook [illegible] Commodore ASHBURY [illegible] invited to participate.

YOUR RUSSIAN VISITORS.

Anxiety in Honored to Their Arrival—The Arrangements for the Reception—Dinner—A Notice From the Reception Committee.

The Grand Duke ALEXIS' non-arrival increases the impatience of the public to welcome the nation's guests. Persons well informed on the subject have made repeated voyages down the Atlantic think that the fleet should arrive by Wednesday. If that should be the case, the parade and reception at the Battery will take place on the following day. The steamer *Mary Powell* will receive his Imperial Highness from the *Sachem*, the war vessel upon which the Grand Duke is serving. The splendid band of 100 pieces of the Ninth Regiment will be aboard of the reception steamer, having been specially engaged for the occasion. As Prince ALEXIS has expressed a desire to witness a parade of our citizen soldiery, it is but a slight hint to say that he will see as fine a body of intelligent men in military uniform as the world can possess, in the First Division National Guard of the State of New-York. The arrangements in regard to the United States Naval reception fleet, under command of Vice-Admiral STRIBLING C. HOWAN, have been very perfected. The naval reception will be a feature in the hospitalities extended young ALEXIS, which will only be equaled by the grand ball and presentation at the Academy of Music. The following United States war vessels are designated to receive the Russian fleet, and are now anchored off Sandy Hook: Corsair, flagship, screw, sixteen guns; Shoshone, screw, fifteen guns; Iroquois, screw, six guns; and Kansas, screw, three guns.

Another of the pleasing incidents of the Grand Duke's visit will be the unveiling of the marble group surmounting the portico of the grand Equitable Building during his progress up Broadway. It was designed by WIRD, the Russian sculptor, Vice-President of the Academy of Design, and the modeler of the famous Shakespeare bronze statue. The group was cast in Florence, and arrived recently in this country. It was raised on Saturday to the top of the portico, and secured there without flaw or chipping. This was a somewhat difficult task, as it weighs nine tons. It is now covered with clothing, and when ALEXIS WILLIAMSON approaches, the sculptor, surrounded by the officers of the Equitable, will pull the ropes and display the group in its full beauty. It represents the genius of Life Assurance interposing a shield between the shrinking forms of a widow and her children and the invisible darts of unseen poverty. The expressions are extremely beautiful, and the modeling of the forms and the arrangement of the draperies have a softness and elegance not inferior to the best designs of BLAKMAN.

The apartments of the Grand Duke have already been described in these columns. The Executive Committee for the reception of the Russian Guest met yesterday afternoon and fully completed all their arrangements. By the following order it will be seen that unless there is fair weather the Bay reception of the Grand Duke will be postponed:

OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE RECEPTION OF H. I. H. THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS OF RUSSIA.
Oct. 23, 1871.

The gentlemen of the Reception Committee, with their ladies, invited guests and members of the Press, are requested to be on board the steamer *Mary Powell* at 9 o'clock A. M., precisely, (Pier No. 35 North River,) by 10 o'clock on the morning after the arrival of the fleet in the Lower Bay, should it be raining on that day, the Bay reception will be postponed until the following day.

JAMES T. MONTGOMERY,
Secretary of the Executive Committee.

It was reported last evening that the Russian fleet were in the offing, but upon investigation it was found that the only craft in sight off Sandy Hook was a solitary bark. The wind at sundown was very light and the weather extremely hazy, with no possibility of a foreign vessel, unaccustomed to our shores, making land.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

Senator MORTON is to deliver the closing address at the American Institute, next month.

A large party of working men of various trades will leave for Chicago on Wednesday evening.

The Cotton Exchange have issued an order prohibiting skylarking or games of chance on the floor of the Exchange.

Rev. JOHN PARKER will lecture this evening at the Alanson M. E. Church, Norfolk-street, on "The Anglo-Saxon at Home."

JOHN MCMANUS, aged three years, was knocked down yesterday in Avenue A and run over by a lager-beer wagon and received severe scalp wounds.

Twenty-eight patrolmen were arraigned yesterday before Commissioner BARR, for infractions of the rules, none of which were of any great importance.

It is a suggestive fact that the horses of the Mounted Police in Seventh-avenue are frequently found hitched in front of whisky-shops and the rider not in sight.

CHRISTIAN OHLS, charged with passing a spurious counterfeit bill, was yesterday honorably discharged by Commissioner SHIELDS, there being no evidence to warrant his detention.

CHRISTIAN WIESENKRACK, while driving a horse and wagon yesterday afternoon, run over JOHN MCMANUS, aged three and a half years, at the corner of Third-avenue and Sixteenth-street.

The body of an unknown man was found yesterday, at Pier No. 43 East River, and taken to the Morgue. It is supposed to be that of JOHN MOORE, who was last seen alive on the 14th inst.

JOHN HINES, of No. 180 Lawrence-street, was yesterday attacked in the saloon No. 546 Greenwich-street, by one RICHARD COX, who stabbed him in the abdomen, inflicting a slight wound.

Messrs. KELLY & LEON, the minstrels, left this City yesterday for San Francisco, where they are under a six weeks' engagement, for which they are to receive $10,000 gold, and expenses.

Music publishers are somewhat astonished to find a very much increased demand for old ballads of every description. They have for the once taken the place of fashionable operatic music.

JOHN DONOHUE, a laborer, who lives in Batavia-street, was committed yesterday, by Justice HOGAN, on a charge of committing a deadly assault upon JOSEPH BAILE, of No. 108 Park-street.

Several persons were severely injured on Saturday evening by stumbling over a huge block of Belgian pavement which was allowed to lie directly on the cross-walk in Printing-house-square.

THOMAS COLE, a plumber, living at No. 26 Amity-street, was committed yesterday, by Justice HOGAN, on a complaint made by JAMES GUNDERSON, of No. 364 Maiden-lane, of attempting to rob him of $210.

The corner-stone of the Franklin Statue in Printing-house-square will be laid with Masonic ceremonies by M. W. JOHN H. ANTHON, Grand Master of Masons of the State of New-York, on Thursday, Oct. 26, at 1 o'clock P. M.

PATRICK KEARNEY, aged thirty years, who was employed in the cider-bottling establishment, No. 60 Macdougal-street, and was permitted to sleep there, was found dead on the floor yesterday morning.

At the Yorkville Police Court, yesterday, MICHAEL DUFFY, of No. 220 East Thirty-first-street, charged a young man named JAMES MCKENNA with highway robbery. Judge COULTER committed him for trial, in default of $2,000 bail.

Mr. JEROME HOPKINS is to deliver a free lecture and give an organ concert to-morrow evening at the Presbyterian church in Spring-street, near Varick. The subject of the lecture will be "The Follies of Modern Church Music; Orpheon Free Schools."

An Eighth-avenue store has made a specialty of collecting and mounting the King cartoons of NAST, and they form the object of much attention from citizens generally. The collection is labeled "The New Rogues' Gallery."

The Bureau of Elections have decided that no boxes for the receipt of ballots for Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen shall be used at the coming election. There is no law calling for an election of Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen this year.

JOHN CORRIGAN, aged eight years, who lived at the corner of Thirty-third-street and First-avenue, yesterday accidentally fell into East River, at the foot of Thirty-seventh-street, and was drowned. The body has not been recovered.

WM. MAXWELL, fifty years of age, who lived at Forty-first-street and Second-avenue, was thrown from his wagon last evening in Eighth-avenue, near Forty-second-street, by a collision with a cart, and was instantly killed.

The corner-stone of the Chapin Home will be laid today at noon, on Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh streets, between Lexington and Third avenues. Rev. Drs. Chapin, Ryder, Hepworth, Richardson, and Pullman will take part in the exercises.

The gang of thieves which makes its headquarters at the corner of Sixth-avenue and Fifteenth-street made another raid on the rear of the Fourteenth-street Theatre, where a large quantity of old lead and copper is stored, a night or two ago. They were discovered in time by Boss, the janitor, and dispersed.

JOHN MOOS, Assistant Inspector in the Box Department of the Post-office, who is charged with opening, embezzling and secreting a letter containing $2, was up for final examination, yesterday, before Commissioner OSBORNE. The Commissioner held him to await the action of the Grand Jury.

At 3 o'clock this evening a series of games of billiards will take place at CHENEY, O'CONNOR'S billiard saloon in Fourteenth-street, the proceeds to be given to ALEXIS SAUNIER and HENRY, the noted experts, who suffered considerably by the Chicago disaster. The performers will be MAURICE DALY, CHARLES and JOSEPH DION, GARRIER and RYAN.

F. FRYER, residing in Eighteenth-street, Hoboken, was found on a Christopher-street ferry-boat, last evening, bleeding from the mouth and ears, and suffering from internal injuries. He stated that he had been attacked in New-York and robbed, but was unable to give any connected account of the difficulty.

WM. H. RIGGS, of No. 5 Beekman-street, was interpleaded in the lies published in yesterday's TIMES as drawing $1,095 per annum as Inspector of Gas Lamps ever since 1856. Mr. RIGGS denies that he ever received a cent from the City Government, and believes the money was drawn by somebody else in his name.

Mr. P. MCCABE did not make the remarks in reference to Mr. JAMES J. GUMBLETON, attributed to him in the report of the Brennan meeting in yesterday's TIMES. He was not present. Our reporter was given that name as of a gentleman who had made such remarks in the meeting. Mr. GUMBLETON acted as one of the marshals in the Brennan procession last night.

In the Church of Divine Paternity, (Rev. Dr. CHAPIN,) after service on Sunday, Rev. Dr. RYDER made a statement in regard to the loss of its church (St. Paul's Universalist) in Chicago. A contribution of over $12,000 in cash was taken up, and an offer of a loan, without interest, of $6,000, making $17,000 in all, which it is proposed to increase next Sunday to $20,000.

The adjourned meeting of the Life Insurance Convention met last night, at the St. Nicholas Hotel. The discussion of the report of the Committee on Net Valuations, Rate of Interest, &c., was continued. Thirteen fully and five first-class, in the Convention, the subject of a uniform law regulating life insurance in the United States was mentioned, and called forth some debate.

Mr. DE CORDOVA will deliver his new lecture, entitled "The Dyspeptic Club of East Flatown," in Association Hall, corner of Twenty-third-street and Fourth-avenue, this evening. The Young Men's Christian Association has generously given the use of the hall without charge. Mr. DE CORDOVA gives the lecture gratuitously, and the entire net proceeds will be devoted to the fund in aid of the sufferers by the recent disastrous fire in Chicago.

BROOKLYN.

The Democratic primaries for the election of delegates to the County, City, Senatorial and Assembly District Conventions will be held tonight.

A young woman named MARY DISHMAN, residing at No. 183 Dikeman-street, was sent to the Penitentiary for six months yesterday by Justice DELMAR for assaulting a neighbor with an ax.

The Board of Aldermen, yesterday, determined to enter into contract with the People's and Citizen's Gas-light Companies to supply the city with gas for the two remaining months of this year at $4 $4 75 per thousand feet.

The annual inspection of the Twenty-eighth Regiment N. G. S. N. Y. took place yesterday on the ground of the Union Base-ball Club. Col. BERDAN was in command. Gen. DAKIN and staff were on the ground.

In the house of Mr. ALFRED S. JAFFE, at No. 559 Washington-street, on Wednesday last, a gas-boiler burst and scalded severely Mrs. JAFFE, an infant, a boy of two years, and a girl of ten. They were all taken to the hospital, and yesterday the doctors expressed it as their opinion that the boy cannot recover.

The body of THEODORE B. PETER, son of Gen. ROGER A. PRYOR, was found in the water yesterday morning, near the Hamilton ferry. The deceased was twenty years of age. His mind was slightly affected. He left his home on the 15th inst., and was not seen again until found dead yesterday morning.

STATEN ISLAND.

The opening of New-York-avenue down to the landing is nearly completed.

Miss ANNA TABE, a school-teacher in Tompkinsville, was attacked, yesterday, by a ferocious bull dog, severely biting her in the shoulder and hand. The dog was captured and shot.

NEW-JERSEY.

Charity patients and paupers dying in Jersey City are buried six or eight deep in one grave. The grave is covered over with boards until it is full of bodies to the top, when a foot or two of earth is thrown over and fills the hole.

A lunatic named HOFFFIELD, living at Union Hill, on Sunday evening, attempted to set fire to his house. His wife interfered, and he, then enraged, secured a carving-knife with which he attacked her. She took refuge in the house of a neighbor, and her husband was taken into custody. He will be taken to the Lunatic Asylum at Trenton.

ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Lieut.-Commanders Kane and Franklin have been ordered to special ordnance duty at Pittsburg, and Lieut.-Commander Rowland has been ordered to ordnance duty at the Portsmouth Navy-yard.

[Advertisement.]

THE GRAND DUKE AND MINISTER CATACAZY.—When the Grand Duke ALEXIS goes to Washington the Russian Minister, Mr. CATACAZY, will attend him. Mr. CATACAZY and Secretary FISH don't speak to each other. Mr. CATACAZY insists on wearing hats made of Russia leather, whereas Mr. FISH buys of KNOX, the Hatter, No. 212 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Over five hundred families per day are insuring their lives and property by adopting DEMILOW & BUNTE'S Premium Safety Oil. All the insurance companies recommend its use. No change of lamps. Office, No. 191 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

LUXURY, Health, Economy insured by using DOOLEY'S Yeast Powder. Elegant light Rolls, Biscuits, &c., prepared in ten minutes.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Anglia	Oct. 24.	New-York	Glasgow.
Westphalia	Oct. 24.	New-York	Hamburg.
Sweden	Oct. 24.	New-York	Glasgow.
Scotia	Oct. 25.	New-York	Liverpool.
Colorado	Oct. 25.	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Antwerp	Oct. 25.	New-York	Liverpool.
Caledonia	Oct. 25.	New-York	Glasgow.
Paraguay	Oct. 25.	New-York	London.
Denmark	Oct. 26.	New-York	Bremen.
Minnesota	Oct. 28.	New-York	Liverpool.
Oceanic	Oct. 28.	New-York	Liverpool.
Algeria	Oct. 28.	New-York	Liverpool.
England	Oct. 28.	New-York	Liverpool.

FOR HAVANA, &c.

Cleopatra	Oct. 24.	New-York	Havana.
Missouri	Oct. 24.	New-York	Havana.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Eastern and Western States	9 A. M., 2 P. M.
North, through the U. S.	2 P. M.
and New-York Central	9 A. M.; 2:30, 3 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R.	9 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.
East, via New-Haven	9 A. M.; 1:30, 4 P. M.
East, via Newport	9 A. M.
East, New-Haven Way	9 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	9 P. M.
South, through	9 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia, Way	9 A. M.; 3:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Pittsburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 3:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. and G. W. R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	9 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

By steam-ship Merrimac, for St. Thomas and Rio de Janeiro—James F. Carleton, L. Abbe, Ch. Dallet, Wm. Thomson, S. Hamilton, F. Vingill, G. Spahn, M. M. Roller, Mrs. J. Holloway, Adolph Nunez, Mrs. W. P. Lawrie, Miss Lawrie, Master J. B. Hutchinson, Henry Fuller, M. Brunnock, W. A. Crocker, A. J. Alcaide, Jose Pastanal, J. Yelden, Mrs. E. J. Brady, Miss M. C. Stanton, Capt. Marcuse, Wm. C. Boton, J. W. Munson, Manuel Sumbrano, Mrs. Gonzales, E. Hosmer, wife, and 3 infants, Mary Lestrange, Dr. Fields, James Seager, G. Gonzales, Thos. Aspinal, Donald McKenzie, Mrs. Deville, nurse, and child, Mrs. Hawkes, Mrs. Cooper, Henry Hilbert and son, Walter Hilbert, Wm. J. Marsh, John T. Richards, W. H. Wiseman, Mrs. Celia Colton, E. Snell, F. Davidson, Alexander Kay, Wm. Crichton, W. Munson, Mrs. R. B. Simmons, servant and child, G. Langdale.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET IN NEW-YORK.

Sun rises	6:31	Sun sets	5:01
Moon sets	3:18	Sandy Hook	4:24
Gov. Island	4:31	Hell Gate	6:39

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook	4:24	Gov. Island	4:51
Hell Gate	6:39		

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, Oct. 23.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Merrimac, Watt, Rio Janeiro, &c., C. E. Garrison; John W. Garrett, McLaughlin, Baltimore, W. Daniell & Co.; Ann Eliza, Richards, Philadelphia, Wm. P. Clyde & Co.; Volunteer, Howe, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Gibraltar, Walden, Boston, H. B. Dimock; Albemarle, Couch, Norfolk, &c., Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.; Franconia, Bragg, Portland.

Ship Rio, (Br.,) Newcomb, Liverpool, Snow & Burgess.

Barks Francis, (Br.,) Parnet, Queenstown or Falmouth, Wendt, Totten & Bockman; Vibilia, (Br.,) Milne, Antwerp, Jacob W. Ochsli & Co.; Ada, (Br.,) Durkee, Antwerp, Boyd & Hincken; Bellevue, (Br.,) Cutler, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Blanche, (Br.,) Vaughan, Marseilles, E. W. Loud & Co.; Archer, Moodie, Portland, Howe, White & Co.

Brigs Alpha, (Br.,) Bourne, Queenstown or Plymouth, George F. Bailey; Ann Rosfield, (Br.,) Edwards, Cork or Falmouth, G. F. Bailey.

Schrs. Kossuth, Elliott, Cadiz, Yates & Porterfield; C. B. Warren, Smith, Jacmel, R. J. Wenberg; Anna Maria, Cole, Shulee, Snow & Richardson; Wreath, Bunker, Norfolk; Olivia, Clark, Boston; Dart, Johnson, Stamford; S. Hamilton, Smith, Stamford; R. R. Harris, Crowley, Charleston; A. Wood, Wood, Baltimore; G. G. Adee, Mead, Stamford, Stamford Manufacturing Co.

Sloop J. R. Morgan, Lathom, Rahway.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Hatteras, Lawrence, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Lone Star, Whitehead, New-Orleans Oct. 18, with mdse. and passengers to H. R. Cromwell & Co. Had head winds up to Cape Hatteras, and heavy head sea from Jupiter to Cape Hatteras; saw steamships George Cromwell, General Meade, Escuville and Cahoot, all bound S.

Steam-ship Emily B. Souder, Burdick, New-Orleans 14th inst., with mdse. and passengers to Fred. Baker. Had strong S. E. winds up to Hatteras, from thence light N. W. winds and clear weather.

Steam-ship William P. Clyde, Drew, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Washington & Co.

Steam-ship Zodiac, Clagin, Newbern 44 hours, via Hatteras, with naval stores and passengers to Murray, Forbes & Co.

Steam-ship Wisconsin, (Br.,) Williams, Liverpool Oct. 11 and Queenstown 12th, with mdse. and passengers to Williams and Guion.

Ship Samuel G. Glover, (of Boston,) Miller, Manila May 26, with hemp and sugar to C. L. Wright & Co. Oct. 16, signalized German brig Odinar, dismasted on the 11th inst. in lat. 31 45 N., lon. 70 01 W., on his passage from San Domingo toward Chacko, and going for repairs to Bermuda; required no assistance, and reported his crew in good health; Oct. 19, a seaman, Erick O. Rolz, fell from aloft, and died the next day.

Ship L. P. Chapman, Stone, Antwerp 28 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co. Took the southern passage and had fine weather up to Hatteras; has been 6 ds. N. of that point with strong northerly winds; Sept. 21, lat. 29, lon. 37, saw a Spanish steamer bound W.

Bark Hooker, (Norw.,) Gilmore, Glasgow 35 ds., with mdse. to master. Took the northern passage, and had strong, variable gales. Sept. 18, lat. 36, lon. 47, picked up a boat containing five men; after getting them on board, found it belonged to the second mate of seamen belonging to the English bark Lord Stanley, from Liverpool for Casper Bay, Gulf of St. Lawrence; they having left her in a sinking condition; 30 hours previous the Captain, first mate and nine men returned to leave the boat, but men aloft and sailed around in hope of finding the bark, and taking the remainder of the crew off, but could see nothing of her, as there was a heavy sea on at the time and ten feet of water in her hold when the second mate left her; probably she has foundered with all on board.

Bark Jessie, (Br.,) Christofers, Bremerhaven Sept. 4, with mdse. and 146 passengers to Herman Koop. Sept. 27, spoke bark Virginia, (Br.,) Jewell, from Galles, 126 ds. out, short of provisions, and supplied.

Bark Juno, (Aust.,) Grande, Limerick 48 ds., in ballast to Funch, Edye & Co.; took the north passage and had variable weather; Oct. 12 had a hurricane from the E. lasting 11 hours; lost fore-topmast.

Bark Thomas Pallett, (Br.,) Wick, Laguayra Oct. 2, and Puerto Cabello 8th, with coffee to Dalloch, Bliss & Co. Left in port at Puerto Cabello brig Roanoke, for Philadelphia in 2 ds.

Brig Odyssey, (of Bermuda,) Bonhoim, Port-au-Prince 14 ds., with logwood and cotton to R. Murray, Jr.; had fine weather to Hatteras; thence 6 ds. with stormy N. W. winds.

Brig Hilinda, (Br.,) Gowling, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar and molasses to G. F. Bailey; had variable weather; was 3 ds. N. of Hatteras. Oct. 20, spoke brig George Latimer, from Baltimore.

Brig Lizzie Lane, (of St. Johns,) McLeod, Barbados 14 ds., with molasses to E. Trowbridge & Sons—vessel to J. M. Baynal & Co.; had fine weather S. of Hatteras; then 6 ds. with strong N. W. winds.

Brig Mary Stewart Hodges, Barbados 13 ds., with molasses to J. T. & J. A. Dwight & Co.; vessel to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. John Williams, Wilmington, N. C., 7 ds., with naval stores to R. G. Powell. Oct. 21, off Fenwick Island, G. W. Tucker, seaman, fell from the main-boom and drowned.

Schr. Evaline, (of New-Haven,) Pierce, Barbados 15 ds., with molasses to D. Trowbridge & Son. Sept. 22 lat. 30, lon. 73 30, spoke brig Annie Gardner, from Demerara.

Schr. H. T. Hedges, Franklin, Charleston 12 ds., with yellow pine to order—vessel to Bentley, Miller & Co.

Schr. Welcome E. Beebe, Lodor, Savannah, Ga., 7 ds., with yellow pine to Sutton & Co.—vessel to Evans, Ball & Co. Had fine weather.

Schr. Mary E. Hudson, Hall, Wilmington, N. C., 7 ds., with shingles to T. G. Benton & Son.

Schr. Meteora, Disaway, Georgetown, D. C., for New-Haven.

Schr. J. Raymond, Raymond, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Kate Sornston, Palmer, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Mary Lindsley, Shaw, Elizabethport, for Salem.

Schr. Old Zack, Beebe, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. James Nelson, Green, Elizabethport, for Taunton.

Schr. M. O. Wells, Allen, Elizabethport, for Newport.

Schr. Chancellor, Ferguson, Elizabethport, for Newport.

Schr. E. H. Breese, Smith, Elizabethport, for Hartford.

Schr. Fountain, Bennet, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. John Randolph, Anderson, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Fred. Hall, Pelton, Elizabethport, for Portland.

Schr. M. E. Rankin, Gibbs, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. L. D. Jarrard, Rogers, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Fakir, Knowles, Port Johnson, for Providence.

Schr. Wallace Blackford, Allen, Nantucket, with fish to Boyd, West.

Schr. Alaska, Clark, St. John, N. B., 14 ds., with lumber to Watson & Wilson.

Schr. Malaska, (Br.,) Sandford, Wentworth, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Burnham & Co.

Schr. C. J. Dolan, Howell, Virginia.

Schr. Wreath, Fitts, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Pelican Hill, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. J. P. Ross, Powell, Port Johnson, for Taunton.

Schr. Prudence, Grimes, Port Johnson, for Taunton.

Schr. Ellen Potter, Potter, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Reliance, Baker, Philadelphia, for Salem.

Schr. Ida Birdsall, Johnston, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Stephen Morgan, Dewey, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Enoch Moore, Chambers, Baltimore.

Schr. Henry Cole, Berry, Virginia.

Schr. E. F. Miller, Wilkes, Virginia.

Sloop Mary A. Hayward, Virginia.

SAILED—Steam-ship Merrimac, for Rio Janeiro; Niagara, for New-York.

WIND—Sunset, light, W. S. W.; hazy.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 23.—Arr. steamer Manhattan, from Labrador; Roman, from Philadelphia; Neptune, from New-York; bark Signal, from Philadelphia; brigs Gilmer Meredith, from Alexandria; Navasota, from Philadelphia; Ocean Belle, from do.; schr. Lucy Holmes, from Port-au-Prince.

PORTRESS MONROE, Va., Oct. 23.—The pilot-boat Silent reports passed in for Baltimore—bark Blagnar, from London; brig George Latimer and schrs. Falco and Athlone, from West Indies.

Passed out—ship Energy, for Rotterdam; barks Peter Crease, for Dublin; George Perry, for Cork; Stella, for Bordeaux; Enigma, for Liverpool; barks Mary C. Fox, Craig and G. W. Hall.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—Cld. steam-ship Geo. Washington, Sager, for New-York. Arr. steam-ship United States, Crowell, for New-York.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 22.—The British brig Wexford, from Little Glace Bay for New-York, was towed into Newport this afternoon, dismasted, and with the Captain badly injured, by pilot-boat Isaac Webb.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Arr. ship Benton, from Liverpool; Corsica, from do.; Templar, from New-York; Free Trade, from do.

Disasters.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 23.—The ship Queen of the East, Stoddard, at Rio Janeiro Sept. 24, put in in consequence of injury to her pump-gear. She would repair and sail again in a few days. The ship was not leaking.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The bark Woodland of St. John, N. B., for New-York, has just put into Falmouth leaky.

European Marine News.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The Inman steam-ship City of New-York, Capt. Leitch, from New-York Oct. 12, for Liverpool, touched at Queenstown yesterday at 11 A. M., and proceeded.

The Guion steam-ship Minnesota, Capt. Freeman, from New-York Oct. 11, for Liverpool, touched at Queenstown yesterday, and proceeded.

The Anchor Line steam-ship Britannia, from New-York Oct. 7, for Glasgow, called at Moville today, and proceeded.

The Allan Line steam-ship Corinthian, from Quebec, for Glasgow, touched at Moville yesterday, and proceeded.

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